

Crowe Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.

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Sharx DK ApS

c/o Isoware A/S Åbogade 15 8200 Aarhus N

CVR no. 41 32 94 32

Annual report for the period 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021

(2nd Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 14 December 2021

Robert E. Wolfe chairman

Table of contents

	Page
Statements	
Statement by management on the annual report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management's review	
Company details	5
Management's review	6
Financial statements	
Accounting policies	7
Income Statement	10
Balance Sheet	11
Statement of changes in equity	12
Notes	13

Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Sharx DK ApS for the financial year 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 30 June 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Randoph, 9 December 2021

Executive board

Robert E. Wolfe Director Gert Hesselholt Vinge Koustrup director

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Sharx DK ApS

Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sharx DK ApS for the financial year 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 30 June 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements Violation of the VAT-regulation

The Company has not properly filed for VAT registration before starting business and the management is responsible of this violation.

Hellerup, 9 December 2021 CVR no. 33 25 68 76

Søren Jonassen Statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne18488

Company details

The company	Sharx DK ApS c/o Isoware A/S Åbogade 15 8200 Aarhus N		
	CVR no.:	41 32 94 32	
	Reporting period: Incorporated:	1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021 30 April 2020	
	Domicile:	AArhus	
Executive board	Robert E. Wolfe, director Gert Hesselholt Vinge Koustrup, director		
Auditors	Crowe Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a. Rygårds Allé 104 2900 Hellerup		

Management's review

Business review

The purpose of the company is to conduct business with development, sales and service, investment and business operation and other related business.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 30 June 2021 shows a loss of USD 1.723, and the balance sheet at 30 June 2021 shows equity of USD 8.617.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Sharx DK ApS for 2020/21 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020/21 is presented in USD

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, other operating income and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Accounting policies

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Other external costs

Other external expenses include expenses related to sale, advertising, administration etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank deposit.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Accounting policies

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Income statement 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021

	Note	2020/21 USD	2019/20 USD
ross profit		-1.502	4.756
nancial costs	1	-221	0
rofit/loss before tax		-1.723	4.756
ax on profit/loss for the year	2	0	-1.045
rofit/loss for the year		-1.723	3.711
ecommended appropriation of profit/loss			
etained earnings		-1.723	3.711
		-1.723	3.711
rofit/loss for the year ecommended appropriation of profit/loss	2	-1.723 -1.723	

Balance sheet at 30 June 2021

	Note	2020/21 USD	2019/20 USD
Assets			
Receivables from subsidiaries		6.393	6.010
Receivables		6.393	6.010
Cash at bank and in hand		5.878	7.447
Total current assets		12.271	13.457
Total assets		12.271	13.457

Equity and liabilities

Share capital	6.393	6.010
Retained earnings	2.224	3.711
Equity	8.617	9.721
Corporation tax	1.111	1.045
Other payables	2.543	2.691
Total current liabilities	3.654	3.736
Total liabilities	3.654	3.736
Total equity and liabilities	12.271	13.457

Statement of changes in equity

	Retained			
	Share capital e		ngs Total	
Equity at 1 July 2020	6.393	3.947	10.340	
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-1.723	-1.723	
Equity at 30 June 2021	6.393	2.224	8.617	

Notes

		2020/21	2019/20
1	Financial costs	USD	USD
	Other financial costs	221	0
		221	0
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	0	1.045
		0	1.045

3 Contingent liabilities

The company has no contingent liabilities.

4 Mortgages and collateral

The company has no mortgages and collateral.