

# **AnRes Clinical ApS**

Banegårdspladsen 1A 2 22, 7100 Vejle CVR no. 41 14 75 04

## Annual report for 2022

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 27.06.23

Anna Katarzyna Polak Dirigent





Vi er et uafhængigt medlem af det globale rådgivnings- og revisionsnetværk

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## The company

AnRes Clinical ApS Banegårdspladsen 1A 2 22 7100 Vejle Registered office: Vejle CVR no.: 41 14 75 04 Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

#### **Executive Board**

Anna Katarzyna Polak

## Auditors

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab



I have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 01.01.22 - 31.12.22 for AnRes Clinical ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven).

The financial statements have not been audited, and I declare that the relevant conditions have been met.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.22 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 01.01.22 - 31.12.22.

I believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Vejle, May 9, 2023

## **Executive Board**

Anna Katarzyna Polak



#### To the management of AnRes Clinical ApS

Based on the company's book-keeping and other information provided by the management, we have compiled the financial statements of AnRes Clinical ApS for the financial year 01.01.22 - 31.12.22.

The financial statements comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We have performed our compilation engagement in accordance with the ISRS 4410 standard on Engagements to Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the management with the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms (Revisorloven) and the code of ethics of International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including principles of integrity, professional competence and due care.

Management retains responsibility for the financial statements and for the accuracy and completeness of the financial information on the basis of which the financial statements are prepared and presented.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management for the compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we will not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Vejle, May 9, 2023

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Boye Graversen State Authorized Public Accountant MNE-no. mne44109



## **Primary activities**

The company's activities comprise clinical project management.

## Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 01.01.22 - 31.12.22 shows a profit/loss of DKK 102,006 against DKK 393,954 for the period 01.01.21 - 31.12.21. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 973,487.

## Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.



	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Gross profit	1,395,131	1,184,019
Staff costs	-1,185,882	-676,092
Profit before depreciation, amortisation, write- downs and impairment losses	209,249	507,927
Financial income Financial expenses	21,701 -98,056	8,673 -9,852
Profit before tax	132,894	506,748
Tax on profit for the year	-30,888	-112,794
Profit for the year	102,006	393,954

## **Proposed appropriation account**

Retained earnings	102,006	393,954
Total	102,006	393,954



## ASSETS

Total assets	1,120,373	1,072,518
Total current assets	1,091,323	1,072,518
Cash	749,065	858,722
Total receivables	342,258	213,796
Other receivables	1,200	1,200
Trade receivables Income tax receivable	309,946 31,112	212,596 0
Total non-current assets	29,050	0
Total investments	29,050	0
Other investments	29,050	0
	31.12.22 DKK	31.12.21 DKK

## EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

Share capital Retained earnings	40,000 933,487	40,000 831,481
Total equity	973,487	871,481
Trade payables Income taxes Other payables	13,375 0 133,511	61,222 112,794 27,021
Total short-term payables	146,886	201,037
Total payables	146,886	201,037
Total equity and liabilities	1,120,373	1,072,518

<sup>2</sup> Fair value information



Figures in DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.21 - 31.12.21			
Balance as at 01.01.21 Net profit/loss for the year	40,000 0	437,527 393,954	477,527 393,954
Balance as at 31.12.21	40,000	831,481	871,481
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.22 - 31.12.22			
Balance as at 01.01.22 Net profit/loss for the year	40,000 0	831,481 102,006	871,481 102,006
Balance as at 31.12.22	40,000	933,487	973,487

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries Pensions Other social security costs Other staff costs	1,045,570 115,154 19,058 6,100	620,520 20,188 10,227 25,157
Total	1,185,882	676,092
Average number of employees during the year	3	2

## 2. Fair value information

	Unlisted
	securities and
	equity
Figures in DKK	investments
Fair value as at 31.12.22	29,050
Unrealised changes of fair value recognised in the income statement for the	
year	77,348



#### 3. Accounting policies

#### GENERAL

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (*Årsregnskabsloven*) for enterprises in reporting class B with application of provisions for a higher reporting class.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently with previous years.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.

#### **INCOME STATEMENT**

#### Gross profit

Gross profit comprises revenue and raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Revenue

Income from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement as delivery takes place (delivery method). Revenue is measured at the selling value of the agreed consideration exclusive of VAT and other taxes collected on behalf of third parties and less discounts.



#### 3. Accounting policies - continued -

#### Costs of raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables comprise raw materials and consumables used for the year as well as any changes in inventories, including any inventory wastage.

Write-downs of inventories of raw materials and consumables are also recognised under raw materials and consumables to the extent that these do not exceed normal write-downs.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to distribution, sales and advertising and administration, premises and bad debts to the extent that these do not exceed normal write-downs.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries as well as other staff-related costs.

#### Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses etc. are recognised in other net financials.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### Impairment losses on fixed assets

The carrying amount of fixed assets which are not measured at fair value is assessed annually for indications of impairment over and above what is reflected in depreciation and amortisation.

If the company's realised return on an asset or a group of assets is lower than expected, this is considered an indication of impairment.

If there are indications of impairment, an impairment test is conducted of individual assets

#### 3. Accounting policies - continued -

or groups of assets.

The assets or groups of assets are impaired to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

The higher of net selling price and value in use is used as the recoverable amount. The value in use is determined as the present value of expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets as well as expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or group of assets after the expiry of their useful lives.

Impairment losses are reversed when the reasons for the impairment no longer exist.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value, less write-downs for bad debts.

Write-downs for bad debts are determined based on an individual assessment of each receivable if there is no objective evidence of individual impairment of a receivable.

#### Other investments

Other securities are measured at fair value, equivalent to the market value at the balance sheet date.

#### Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank account.

#### Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation

## 3. Accounting policies - continued -

rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

## Payables

Short-term payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables.

