

GDC Logistik 8 ApS

Rued Langgaards Vej 8
2300 København S
CVR No. 41066202

Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 28.06.2023

Åke Anders Henrik Skoog
Chairman of the General Meeting

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2022	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2022	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2022	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

Entity details

Entity

GDC Logistik 8 ApS
Rued Langgaards Vej 8
2300 København S

Business Registration No.: 41066202
Date of foundation: 09.01.2020
Registered office: København
Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

Executive Board

Carl Olof Andreas Jönsson
Jenny Karin Elisabet Tuleby
Åke Anders Henrik Skoog

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup

CVR No.: 33771231

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of GDC Logistik 8 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 28.06.2023

Executive Board

Carl Olof Andreas Jönsson

Jenny Karin Elisabet Tuleby

Åke Anders Henrik Skoog



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of GDC Logistik 8 ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of GDC Logistik 8 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Hellerup, den 28. juni 2023
PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Maj-Britt Nørskov Nannestad
statsautoriseret revisor
mne32198

Christopher Kowalczyk
statsautoriseret revisor
mne47863

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Entity's primary activity is construction of property and related business.

Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The result for the year was a loss of T.DKK 1,108. and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows a negative equity of T.DKK 1.434.

The performance for the year is considered satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2022

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Cost of sales		(106,930)	0
Other external expenses		(431,399)	(219,658)
Gross profit/loss		(538,329)	(219,658)
Other financial income	1	13,136	0
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(880,089)	(704,574)
Other financial expenses		(15,117)	(2,421)
Profit/loss before tax		(1,420,399)	(926,653)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	312,377	203,863
Profit/loss for the year		(1,108,022)	(722,790)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Retained earnings		(1,108,022)	(722,790)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(1,108,022)	(722,790)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2022

Assets

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Property, plant and equipment in progress		22,834,291	22,834,291
Property, plant and equipment	3	22,834,291	22,834,291
Fixed assets		22,834,291	22,834,291
Deferred tax		312,410	226,029
Other receivables		391,097	16,391
Joint taxation contribution receivable		0	3,464
Prepayments		0	106,930
Receivables		703,507	352,814
Cash		5,255,237	5,568,082
Current assets		5,958,744	5,920,896
Assets		28,793,035	28,755,187

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Contributed capital		40,000	40,000
Share premium		447,500	447,500
Retained earnings		(1,921,682)	(813,660)
Equity		(1,434,182)	(326,160)
Payables to group enterprises		29,819,326	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	4	29,819,326	0
Trade payables		266,368	12,500
Other payables		141,523	29,068,847
Current liabilities other than provisions		407,891	29,081,347
Liabilities other than provisions		30,227,217	29,081,347
Equity and liabilities		28,793,035	28,755,187
Employees	5		
Contingent liabilities	6		

Statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK	Share premium DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	40,000	447,500	(813,660)	(326,160)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(1,108,022)	(1,108,022)
Equity end of year	40,000	447,500	(1,921,682)	(1,434,182)

Notes

1 Other financial income

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Exchange rate adjustments	13,136	0
	13,136	0

2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Change in deferred tax	(312,410)	0
Adjustment concerning previous years	33	0
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	0	(203,863)
	(312,377)	(203,863)

3 Property, plant and equipment

	Property, plant and equipment in progress DKK
Cost beginning of year	22,834,291
Cost end of year	22,834,291
Carrying amount end of year	22,834,291

4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after more than 12 months 2022 DKK
Payables to group enterprises	29,819,326
	29,819,326

5 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board. The Executive Officer has not received any remuneration.

6 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where LVF Denmark Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity

is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include office supplies etc.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc. received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc. from payables to group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and transactions in foreign currencies.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet**Property, plant and equipment**

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

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Carl Olof Andreas Jönsson

Direktionsmedlem

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2023-06-28 14:17:05 UTC



HENRIK SKOOG

Direktionsmedlem

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Christopher Thor Kowalczyk

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Maj-Britt Nørskov Nannestad

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