c/o 30470 Newsec PAM Denmark A/S Lyngby Hovedgade 4, 2800 Kongens Lyngby

CVR No. 41056886

# **Annual Report 2020**

1. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 1 June 2021

Solveig Diana Hoffmann Chairman

### Contents

Management's Statement	3
ndependent Auditors' Report	4
Company Information	6
Management's Review	7
Accounting Policies	8
ncome Statement	13
Balance Sheet	12
Statement of changes in Equity	14
Notes	15

### **Management's Statement**

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Bjorn Denmark Bidco ApS for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Kgs. Lyngby, 1 June 2021

#### **Executive Board**

Elmar Marguérite Theodorus Schoonbrood CEO

Solveig Diana Hoffmann CEO Jean-Francois Pascal E. Bossy CEO

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the shareholders of Bjorn Denmark Bidco ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Bjorn Denmark Bidco ApS for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in Accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

- \* Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- \* Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Statement on Management's Review**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 1 June 2021

**Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab** 

CVR-no. 33963556

Lars Andersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34506 Chris Middelhede State Authorised Public Accountant mne45823

### **Company details**

**Company** Bjorn Denmark Bidco ApS

c/o 30470 Newsec PAM Denmark A/S

Lyngby Hovedgade 4, 2800 Kongens Lyngby CVR No.: 41056886

Date of formation: 1 January 2020 Registered office: Lyngby-Tårbæk

**Executive Board** Elmar Marguérite Theodorus Schoonbrood, CEO

Solveig Diana Hoffmann, CEO Jean-Francois Pascal E. Bossy, CEO

**Auditors** Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6 2300 København S CVR-no.: 33963556

### **Management's Review**

#### The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in ownership, construction, development, operating and sale of real estate, and operating of other related business through ownership of shares in other companies.

#### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020 shows a loss of DKK -750.789 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2020 a balance sheet total of DKK 137.194.093 and an equity of DKK 26.381.276.

The company was founden in 2020 and have acquired 100% ownership interest of the subsidiary Bjorn Denmark Propco 1 ApS, CVR-no.: 33257309

The subsidiary is recognized at cost. It is estimated that the value of the subsidiaries can still be maintained, which is why they are not written down.

#### Post financial year events

No events have occured after the balance sheet date which would influence the evaluation of the annual report.

#### **Accounting Policies**

#### **Reporting Class**

The Annual Report of Bjorn Denmark Bidco ApS for 2020 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

As the financial year 2020 is the Company's first financial year, the Financial Statements with associated notes have been prepared without comparative figures from the previous year.

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

With reference to § 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no Consolidated Financial Statement have been prepared because the Group enterprises do not exceed the amount limits.

#### Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

#### **General Information**

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

#### **Accounting Policies**

#### **Income Statement**

#### **Gross profit/loss**

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the Income Statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit/loss is a combination of the items of other external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs for kapacity costs, etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on net profit for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the tax of the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the Income Statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Equity investments in group enterprises**

Equity investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Dividends that exceed accumulated earnings of the group enterprise or the associate during the ownership period are treated as a reduction of the cost. If cost exceeds the net realisable value, a write-down to this lower value will be performed.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

#### **Provisions**

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liaility, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deffered tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in the equity if the deffered tax relates to items recognised in equity.

### **Accounting Policies**

#### **Current tax liabilities and receivables**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

#### Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value

#### **Contingent assets and liabilities**

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

### **Income Statement**

	Note	2020 kr.
Gross profit		-309.420
Profit from ordinary operating activities	_	-309.420
Other financial income from group enterprises		845.911
Other finance income		140.527
Financial expences	1	-1.474.897
Profit from ordinary activities before tax	_	-797.879
Tax expense on ordinary activities	2	47.090
Profit	_	-750.789
Dronged distribution of results		
Proposed distribution of results		750 780
Retained earnings	_	-750.789
Distribution of profit		-750.789

### **Balance Sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2020 kr.
Assets		
Long-term investments in group enterprises	3, 4	63.737.350
Long-term receivables from group enterprises	<u>.</u>	71.235.651
Investments	_	134.973.001
Fixed assets	_	134.973.001
	_	_
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		914.743
Short-term tax receivables		47.090
Prepayments	_	1.208.293
Receivables		2.170.126
	·-	_
Cash and cash equivalents	-	50.966
Current assets	-	2.221.092
Assets	<u>-</u>	137.194.093

### **Balance Sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2020 kr.
Liabilities and equity	Note	Ki.
Contributed capital		40.000
Retained earnings		26.341.276
Equity		26.381.276
Payables to group enterprises		104.972.983
Long-term liabilities other than provisions	5	104.972.983
Trade payables		433.397
Payables to group enterprises		5.406.437
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		5.839.834
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		110.812.817
Liabilities and equity		137.194.093
Contingent liabilities	6	
Related parties	7	

## Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2020	40.000	0	40.000
Profit (loss)	0	-750.789	-750.789
Contribution from group	0	27.092.065	27.092.065
Equity 31 December 2020	40.000	26.341.276	26.381.276

#### **Notes**

				2020
1. Financial expenses				kr.
Financial expenses from group en	ternrises			1.363.827
Other financial expenses	terprises			27.501
Exchange loss				83.569
Excitatige 1033			_	1.474.897
2. Tax expense				
Current tax				47.090
			_	47.090
3. Long-term investments in	n group enterprise	es .		
Cost at the beginning of the year				0
Addition during the year, incl. imp	provements			63.737.350
Cost at the end of the year			_	63.737.350
Carrying amount at the end of the	e year		_	63.737.350
4. Disclosure in long-term in	nvestments in gro	up enterprises		
Group enterprises				
Name	Desistened office	Share held in %	F:	Profit
Name Bjorn Denmark Propco 1 ApS	Registered office Lyngby-Tårbæk	76 100,00	<b>Equity</b> 54.813.208	16.256.907
bjorn bennark Fropco 1 Aps	Lyligby-Tarbæk	100,00	54.813.208	16.256.907
5. Long-term liabilities				
		Due	Due	Due
		after 1 year	within 1 year	after 5 years
		kr.	kr.	kr.
Payables to group enterprises		104.972.983	5.406.437	104.972.983
		104.972.983	5.406.437	104.972.983

### 6. Contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the Group's jointly taxed income as well as for Danish withholding taxes through dividend tax and tax on unearned Polaris Bidco Denmark ApS is administration company in relation to the joint taxation.

### 7. Related parties

Related parties with controlling interest: Bjorn Holdco S.à r.l., Luxembourg.