

# Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S

Gammel Kongevej 60, 14,

1850 Frederiksberg C

Business Registration No. 41054867

## Annual Report 2021

The annual report was presented and  
adopted at the Annual General Meeting  
on 9 May 2022



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Hø Kei Au

Chair of the Annual General Meeting

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## Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S

### Company information

<b>Company</b>	Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S Gammel Kongevej 60, 14, 1850 Frederiksberg C Business Registration No.: 41054867 Date of formation: 31 December 2019
<b>Board of Directors</b>	Mark Augustenborg Ødum Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær Ho Kei Au
<b>Executive Board</b>	Anders Knokgaard Nielsen, Director
<b>General Partner</b>	Better Energy Komplementar DK ApS

**Management's statement**

Today, the Executive Board and the Board of Directors have considered and adopted the annual report of Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, the management's review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the financial statements have been met.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 9 May 2022

**Executive Board**



Anders Knokgaard Nielsen  
Director

**Board of Directors**



Mark Augustenborg Ødum  
Chairman



Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær  
Board member



Ho Kei Au  
Board member

## **Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S**

### **Management's review**

#### **The company's principal activities**

The purpose of Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S is directly or indirectly to acquire, own and operate solar parks as well as related activities.

#### **Development in activities and financial matters**

Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S's income statement of the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 shows a result of DKK 1.658 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 a balance sheet total of DKK 405.513 and an equity of DKK 402.479.

The company was transformed into a public limited company by resolution adopted 4 November 2021. The registration was completed 8 November 2021. In connection with this, the contributed capital was increased to DKK 400.000 and the name was changed from Better Energy Vissenbjerg ApS to Better Energy Vissenbjerg A/S.

Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S was changed from a public limited company to a partner company by resolution adopted 8 November 2021. The registration was completed 9 November 2021. As a result the name was changed from Better Energy Vissenbjerg A/S to Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S.

## Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S

### Income statement

	Note	2021 DKK	2019/20 DKK
Gross profit		-3.296	0
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>-3.296</b>	<b>0</b>
Financial income	1	5.262	1.052
Financial expenses	2	-34	0
<b>Profit from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>1.932</b>	<b>1.052</b>
Tax on profit for the year	3	-274	-231
<b>Profit</b>		<b>1.658</b>	<b>821</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of results</b>			
Retained earnings		1.658	821
<b>Distribution of profit</b>		<b>1.658</b>	<b>821</b>

Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S

Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
<b>Assets</b>			
Receivables from group enterprises		405.513	41.052
<b>Receivables</b>		<u>405.513</u>	<u>41.052</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		<u>405.513</u>	<u>41.052</u>
<b>Assets</b>		<u>405.513</u>	<u>41.052</u>

## Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S

### Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
Contributed capital		400.000	40.000
Retained earnings		2.479	821
<b>Equity</b>		<b>402.479</b>	<b>40.821</b>
Bank debt		34	0
Payables to group enterprises		3.000	0
Joint taxation payables		0	231
<b>Short-term liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>3.034</b>	<b>231</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>3.034</b>	<b>231</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>405.513</b>	<b>41.052</b>
Significant events occurring after end of reporting period	4		
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## Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S

### Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2021	40.000	821	40.821
Increase of capital	360.000	0	360.000
Profit (loss)	0	1.658	1.658
<b>Equity 31 December 2021</b>	<b>400.000</b>	<b>2.479</b>	<b>402.479</b>

The company was established 31 December 2019 with a contributed capital of DKK 40.000.

4 November 2021 the contributed capital was increased by DKK 360.000 to a total of DKK 400.000.

## Notes

	2021	2019/20
<b>1. Financial income</b>		
Financial income from group enterprises	5.262	1.052
	<u>5.262</u>	<u>1.052</u>
<b>2. Financial expenses</b>		
Other financial expenses	34	0
	<u>34</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>3. Tax on profit for the year</b>		
Current tax for the year	274	231
	<u>274</u>	<u>231</u>

The company has in 2021 been changed from an A/S to a partnership ("Partnerselskab") which is transparent for tax purposes.

Expensed tax is related to the period before transformation.

## 4. Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## 5. Group relations

Name and registered office of the parent company preparing consolidated statements for the smallest group: Better Energy Holding A/S, Business Registration No. 31865883, Frederiksberg.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

The annual report of Better Energy Vissenbjerg P/S for 2021 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

### **Reporting currency**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item. Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

## **Income statement**

### **Gross profit/loss**

The company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses for operation and administration.

### **Financial income**

Financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, amortisation of financial assets, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, fair value adjustments of financial interests as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, amortisation of financial liabilities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, fair value adjustments of financial interests as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### **Tax on profit for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

## **Balance sheet**

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### **Current tax liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

### **Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.