c/o Accountor Denmark A/S Herlev Hovedgade 195C 2730 Herlev

CVR No. 41020067

Annual Report 2019/20

1. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 15 June 2021

> Lillan Betty Baruch Chairman

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Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Expandi Agency ApS for the financial year 16 December 2019 - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 16 December 2019 - 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Herlev, 15 June 2021

Executive Board

Lillan Betty Baruch Manager

Company details

Com	pany
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Company	Expandi Agency ApS
	c/o Accountor Denmark A/S
	Herlev Hovedgade 195C
	2730 Herlev
CVR No.	41020067
Date of formation	16 December 2019
Registered office	Herlev

Executive Board

Lillan Betty Baruch, Manager

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in consultancy services.

Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 16 December 2019 - 31 December 2020 shows a result of DKK -747.768 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2020 a balance sheet total of DKK 429.380 and an equity of DKK -707.768.

Covid-19

Due to Corona the parent company has seen the need to reorganise as well as restructure. The majority of the work the company did in Denmark has been centralised in Expandi's central hubs in Italy. This has resulted in the lay-off of the employees in Denmark. The company will close the Danish operation in full in 2021

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Expandi Agency ApS for 2019/20 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

As the financial year 2019/20 is the Company's first financial year, the Financial Statements with associated notes have been prepared without comparative figures from the previous year.

Subsequent events

Due to Corona the parent company has seen the need to reorganise as well as restructure. The majority of the work the company did in Denmark has been centralised in Expandi's central hubs in Italy. This has resulted in the lay-off of the employees in Denmark. The company will close the Danish operation in full in 2021.

Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

General Information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the byer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised excluding VAT and net of sales discounts.

Accounting Policies

Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises. loss of debitors, operating leasing costs etc.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages, salaries and other pay-related costs, such as sickness benefits for enterprise employees less wage/salary reimbursement, pensions and social security costs.

Other staff expenses are recognised in other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme.

Dividends equity investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the Income Statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortised cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the

Accounting Policies

underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value

Accruals and deferred income entered as liabilities

Accruals and deferred income entered as liabilities consist of payments received regarding income in the subsequent financial years.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2019/20 kr.
Gross profit		711.693
Employee benefits expense Profit from ordinary operating activities	-	-1.451.001 - 739.308
Other finance income Finance expenses Profit from ordinary activities before tax	-	1.535 -9.995 -747.768
Tax expense on ordinary activities Profit	-	0 - 747.768
Proposed distribution of results Retained earnings Distribution of profit	-	-747.768 - 747.768

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2020 kr.
Assets	Note	Kr.
Short-term trade receivables		135.949
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		119.146
Short-term receivables from associates		87.622
Other short-term receivables		36.858
Deferred income		49.805
Receivables		429.380
Current assets		429.380
Assets		429.380

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2020 kr.
Liabilities and equity	Note	KI.
Contributed capital		40.000
Retained earnings		-747.768
Equity	_	-707.768
Debt to banks		24.341
Prepayments received from customers		46.972
Trade payables		217.733
Payables to group enterprises		359.298
Payables to associates		52.796
Other payables		428.709
Deferred income, liabilities		7.299
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	1.137.148
Liabilities other than provisions within the business	_	1.137.148
Liabilities and equity	_	429.380
	2	
Contingent liabilities	2	
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	3	

Notes

2019/20

1. Employee benefits expense

Wages and salaries	1.265.557
Post-employement benefit expense	195.648
Social security contributions	8.615
Other employee expense	-18.819
	1.451.001
Average number of employees	3

2. Contingent liabilities

No contingent liabilities exist at the balance sheet date.

3. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.