
ICG NITH Holding ApS

Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 2022

CVR No. 40 93 72 34

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 25/5 2023

Lars Korterman
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of ICG NITH Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2022.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 25 May 2023

Executive Board

Lennart Niklas Thulin
CEO

Board of Directors

Lennart Niklas Thulin
Chairman

Lars Korterman

Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG NITH Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG NITH Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 on the basis of the Company's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 25 May 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Henrik Ødegaard

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne31489

Company information

The Company	ICG NITH Holding ApS Strandvejen 54 DK-2900 Hellerup CVR No: 40 93 72 34 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 15 November 2019 Financial year: 4th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte
Board of Directors	Lennart Niklas Thulin, chairman Lars Korterman
Executive Board	Lennart Niklas Thulin
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-1,250	-1,000
Financial income		171,662	152,742
Financial expenses		-14,502	-16,143
Profit/loss before tax		155,910	135,599
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-32,922	-24,165
Net profit/loss for the year		122,988	111,434

Distribution of profit

	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Proposed dividend for the year	14,900	60,000
Retained earnings	108,088	51,434
	122,988	111,434

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Other investments		607,798	607,798
Fixed asset investments		607,798	607,798
Fixed assets		607,798	607,798
Receivables from group enterprises		14,900	0
Other receivables		36,912	30,360
Corporation tax		13,257	14,986
Receivables		65,069	45,346
Cash at bank and in hand		53,220	109,504
Current assets		118,289	154,850
Assets		726,087	762,648

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		40,000	40,000
Retained earnings		208,640	100,552
Proposed dividend for the year		14,900	60,000
Equity		263,540	200,552
Provision for deferred tax		27,611	20,561
Provisions		27,611	20,561
Credit institutions		311,686	419,435
Long-term debt	3	311,686	419,435
Credit institutions	3	120,000	120,000
Payables to owners and Management		0	100
Other payables		3,250	2,000
Short-term debt		123,250	122,100
Debt		434,936	541,535
Liabilities and equity		726,087	762,648
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	40,000	100,552	60,000	200,552
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-60,000	-60,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	108,088	14,900	122,988
Equity at 31 December	40,000	208,640	14,900	263,540

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The company's main activities is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

2. Income tax expense

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	DKK	DKK
Current tax for the year	25,872	18,304
Deferred tax for the year	7,050	5,861
	<u>32,922</u>	<u>24,165</u>

3. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	DKK	DKK
Credit institutions		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	311,686	419,435
Long-term part	<u>311,686</u>	<u>419,435</u>
Within 1 year	120,000	120,000
Short-term part	<u>120,000</u>	<u>120,000</u>
	<u>431,686</u>	<u>539,435</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of ICG NITH Holding ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to administration, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate Dividend item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.