

## **VV** ApS

Østerfælled Torv 3, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 40 90 92 65

Annual report for the period 1. juli 2022 to 30. juni 2023

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 4 January 2024

Vindhesh Kumar chairman

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## Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of VV ApS for the financial year 1. juli 2022 - 30. juni 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 30. juni 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. juli 2022 - 30. juni 2023.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 4 January 2024

#### **Executive board**

Vindhesh Kumar

### Supervisory board

Susann Johanna Kristina Selenius-Larsson chairman Michael Moesgaard Andersen deputy chairman

Flemming Poulfelt

Finn Peder Ramsgaard Hove



### Independent auditor's report

# To the Shareholder of VV ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of VV ApS for the financial year 1. juli 2022 - 30. juni 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 30. juni 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. juli 2022 - 30. juni 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



### Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



## Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 4 January 2024

**Baker Tilly Denmark** Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 35 25 76 91

Morten Friis Munksgaard statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne34482



## **Company details**

The company VV ApS

Østerfælled Torv 3 2100 København Ø

CVR no.: 40 90 92 65

Reporting period: 1. juli 2022 - 30. juni 2023

Incorporated: 28 October 2019

Domicile: Copenhagen

Supervisory board Susann Johanna Kristina Selenius-Larsson, chairman

Michael Moesgaard Andersen, deputy chairman

Flemming Poulfelt

Finn Peder Ramsgaard Hove

Executive board Vindhesh Kumar

Auditors Baker Tilly Denmark

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Poul Bundgaards Vej 1, 1.

2500 Valby



## **Management's review**

### **Business review**

The company's purpose is to invest in start-upsand companies with growth potential as well asthrough ownership to provide active influence and sparring to contribute to growth creation.

### Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 30 June 2023 shows a loss of DKK 38.866, and the balance sheet at 30. juni 2023 shows equity of DKK 94.961.

### Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



## Income statement 1 July - 30 June

	Note	2022/23 DKK	2021/22 DKK
Gross profit		-37.588	-36.639
Financial costs	1 _	-1.278	-8.006
Profit/loss before tax		-38.866	-44.645
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	0	1.930
Profit/loss for the year	=	-38.866	-42.715
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings	_	-38.866	-42.715
	=	-38.866	-42.715



## **Balance 30 June**

	Note	2022/23 DKK	2021/22 DKK
Assets			
Receivables from group		1.930	1.930
Other receivables	_	8.773	6.648
Receivables	_	10.703	8.578
Cash at bank and in hand	_	92.133	142.875
Total current assets	_	102.836	151.453
Total assets	_	102.836	151.453



## **Balance 30 June**

	Note	2022/23 DKK	2021/22 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital Retained earnings		40.000 54.961	40.000 93.827
Equity	_ _	94.961	133.827
Trade payables Other payables Total current liabilities	_	1.875 6.000 <b>7.875</b>	2.000 15.626 <b>17.626</b>
Total liabilities	_	7.875	17.626
Total equity and liabilities	=	102.836	151.453
Contingent liabilities	3		



## Statement of changes in equity

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity	40.000	93.827	133.827
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-38.866	-38.866
Equity	40.000	54.961	94.961



### **Notes**

		2022/23 	2021/22 DKK
1	Financial costs		
	Other financial costs	1.278	8.006
		1.278	8.006
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year Current tax for the year	0	-1.930
		0	-1.930

### 3 Contingent liabilities

As a management company, the company is jointly taxed with other Danish affiliated companies, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed companies for payment of corporation tax and for withholding tax on dividends, interest and royalties due for payment.



### **Accounting Policies**

The annual report of VV ApS for 2022/23 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

### Income statement

### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of other external expenses.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration etc.



### **Accounting Policies**

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits at banks.

### **Equity**

### **Dividends**

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

#### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

### Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

