

Zenros Group Holding ApS Fiskernesvej 6, 2670 Greve

CVR-nr. 40 90 12 48

Annual report 2021/2022

1st July 2021 - 30th June 2022 (3rd financial year)

Approved at the ordinary annual general meeting 9/12-2022

Chairman Lars Melvin Scharf

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Company information

Company:

Zenros Group Holding ApS Fiskernesvej 6 2670 Greve

CVR-nr.: 40 90 12 48

Registered company address: Greve

Board of directors:

Lars Melvin Scharf Fiskernesvej 6 2670 Greve

Prem Kumar

ARGE Helios Flat A406

Gubbi

Gross

Hennur bagalur Main Road

Indien

Alistair Robert Ballantyne Forbes

Mariners Place

3 Roseville Street

Dartmouth

Devon TQ6 9 QH

Storbritannien

Sameer Chandrakant Shah

703-B62 Yogi Residency

Yogi Nagar

400 091 Mumbai

Indien

Company information

Executive board:

Prem Kumar

ARGE Helios Flat A406

Gubbi

Gross

Hennur bagalur Main Road

Indien

Auditor:

Revisionsfirmaet Jan Kristensen, Registreret Revisionsanpartsselskab

Management endorsement

The board of directors and the executive board have today presented the Annual Report 2021/2022 for Zenros Group Holding ApS.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We consider the accounting policies to be appropriate so that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit.

The Annual Report is recommended for approval for the Annual General Meeting.

Greve, 29th November 2022

Executive board:

Prem Kumar

Board of directors:

Alistair Robert Ballentyne Forbes

Lars Melvin Scharf

Sameer Chandrakant Shah

Prem Kumar

To the shareholders of Zenros Group Holding ApS:

Opinion:

We have audited the financial statements of Zenros Group Holding ApS for the financial year 1st July 2021 - 30th June 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the company. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30th of June 2022 and of the result of the comany's operations for the financial year 1st July 2021 to the 30th June 2022, in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements:

Our objectives are to obtain assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level og assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accourdance with ISA's and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatements when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are concidered material if, individually or in the aggregate, the could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users of accounting information taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requremetrs applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material mistatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and abtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding og internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness og management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, bases on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statemetrs, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review:

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Søborg, 29th November 2022 REVISIONSFIRMAET JAN KRISTENSEN REGISTRERET REVISIONSANPARTSSELSKAB CVR-nr. 35 38 36 46

Steen Storm Winther registered public accountant MNE-nr.: mne33715

Management report

Essential business activities:

The company's essential business activity is being a holding company.

Development of operations and financial position:

In the financial year 2021/2022 the company has realised a profit(loss) before tax amounted to TDKK -49. Profit(loss) after tax amounted to TDKK -46. The company's equity equals TDKK 2.502.

Special factors relating to the financial year:

None.

Events after the reporting period:

No events have accourred efter the reporting period that could significantly effect the Company's financial position.

Applied Accounting Policy

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions for Class B companies.

Pursuant to the exemptions provided for in the Danish Financial Statements Act section 32, the company has prepared the income statement in condensed form, so that the composition of gross profit is not shown.

General about recognition and measurement:

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company as a result of a past event has a legal or actual obligation and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the Company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at cost price. Measurement has subsequently taken place as described for each item below.

By recognition and measurement predictable losses and risks, that arise before preparation of the annual report, are taken into account and which confirm or invalidate conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

In the income statement, income is recognised as it is earned, whereas costs are recognised with the amounts relating to the financial year. Value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income Statement:

Gross profit:

"Gross profit" includes "Other external costs".

Other external costs:

Other external costs include costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, office rent, loss on debtors etc.

Accounting Policies - continued

Other operating expenses:

Other operating expenses include expenses of secondary character related to the company's essential business activities.

Financial entries:

Financial entries include interest income and expenses, realized and unrealized capital gain and loss concerning debt and transactions in foreign currency, and surcharges and refunds in connection with taxes.

Tax:

Tax on the taxable income is allocated by 22,0%. Additions, deductions and allowances relating to tax are included under financial entries.

Deferred tax is allocated with 22,0% of all temporary differences between book values and tax values. Adjustment of deferred tax is included in the income statement under "Tax on net profit for the year".

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carried forward, are recognised at the value at which the asset is expected realised, either against deferred tax liabilities or as net assets.

Balance sheet:

Investments:

Investments in group enterprises are recognised according to the equity method.

In the income statement the net profit after tax of the group enterprises is included.

In the balance sheet the equity of the group enterprises is included.

The net revaluation of investments i group enterprises is allocated to "Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method"

Impairment of assets:

The book value of assets is recognised yearly for indication of impairment in addition to depreciations.

Accounting Policies - continued

In case of indications of impairment, there will be an impairment test on each asset or each group of assets. There will be a write down to a lower recoverable amount if this is lower than the recognised value.

Receivables:

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value less provision for bad debts.

Liabilities:

Liabilities are recognised at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Calculation of foreign currencies:

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date, are measured at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising between the transaction date and the date of payment/the balance sheet date respectively are recognised in the income statement as financial entries.

Income Statement for the period 1st July 2021 - 30th June 2022

Note TD 1 Gross profit -10.793 2 Staff costs 0 Depreciation, amortisation and write-downs 0 Profit before financial entries -10.793 3 Income from investments in group enterprises -37.552 -3 Other finance income from group enterprises -481 -481 Financial income 280 -180 Other financial expenses -180 -48.726 -2 4 Tax expense on ordinary activities 2.464 -46.262 -3 4 Proposed distribution of net profit (loss): -46.262 -3 Proposed dividend 0 0 0 Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method 0 0				2020/
1 Gross profit -10.793 2 Staff costs 0 Depreciation, amortisation and write-downs 0 Profit before financial entries -10.793 3 Income from investments in group enterprises -37.552 -3 Other finance income from group enterprises -481 Financial income 280 -48.726 -2 Other financial expenses -180 -180 -48.726 -2 4 Tax expense on ordinary activities 2.464 -2 -3 4 Profit (loss) -46.262 -3 Proposed distribution of net profit (loss): -3 -46.262 -3 Proposed dividend 0 0 -3 Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method 0 0				2021
2 Staff costs	Note			<u>TDKK</u>
Depreciation, amortisation and write-downs	1	Gross profit	-10.793	90
Profit before financial entries	2	Staff costs	0	0
3 Income from investments in group enterprises		Depreciation, amortisation and write-downs	0	0
Other finance income from group enterprises		Profit before financial entries	-10.793	90
Financial income	3	Income from investments in group enterprises	-37.552	-370
Other financial expenses		Other finance income from group enterprises	-481	0
Profit before tax		Financial income	280	0
4 Tax expense on ordinary activities		Other financial expenses	-180	-1
Profit (loss)		Profit before tax	-48.726	-281
Proposed distribution of net profit (loss): Proposed dividend	4	Tax expense on ordinary activities	2.464	-20
Proposed dividend		Profit (loss)	-46.262	-301
Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method. 0		Proposed distribution of net profit (loss):		
		Proposed dividend	0	0
Retained loss46.262 -3		Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method.	0	0
		Retained loss	-46.262	-301
Total distribution46.262 -3		Total distribution	-46.262	-301

Balance Sheet as at 30th June 2022

Assets

		30/6
		2021
Note		<u>TDKK</u>
Fixed assets:		
Investments:		
5 Long-term investments in group enterprises	2.547.201	2.585
Total investments	2.547.201	2.585
Total fixed assets	2.547.201	2.585
Current assets:		
Receivables:		
Other receivables	45.729	23
Total receivables	45.729	23
Current assets total	45.729	23
Assets total	2.592.930	2.608

Balance Sheet as at 30th June 2022

Liabilities and equity

		30/6
		2021
Note		<u>TDKK</u>
Equity:		
Share capital	149.535	150
Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method	0	0
Retained earnings	2.352.206	2.398
Proposed dividend for the year	0	0
Total equity	2.501.741	2.548
Provision for liabilities:		
Provisions for deferred tax	0	0
Total provisions	0	0
Liabilities:		
Long term liabilities:		
6 Other long-term payables	17.492	0
	17.492	0
Short term liabilities:		
Trade payables	13.155	23
Payables to group enterprises	35.668	0
Other payables	24.874	37
Total short-term liabilities	73.697	60
Total liabilities	91.189	60
Total liabilities and equity	2.592.930	2.608

⁷ Pledges, securities and contingent liabilities

Equity as at 30th June 2022

		Net		
	1	revaluation		
		reserve ac-		
		cording to		
	Share-	the equity	Retained	Suggested
	capital	method	earnings	dividend
Equity, beginning balance	149.535	0	2.398.468	0
Profit (loss)	0	0	-46.262	0
Dividend paid	0	0	0	0
Dividend	0	0	0	0
Equity, ending balance	149.535	0	2.352.206	0

Notes to Annual Report

1 **Gross Profit:**

The item includes an amount of TDKK 0 (TDKK 103 last year) regarding grants received from others.

			2020/ 2021 <u>TDKK</u>
2	Staff costs:		
	Salaries	0	0
	Pensions	0	0
	Other social security costs	0	0
		0	0
	Average number of employed persons	1	1
3	Income from investments i group enterprises:		
	Profit (loss) of the year	-37.552	-380
	prises compared to equity of group enterprises (goodwill)	0	10
		-37.552	-370
4	Tax expense on ordinary activities:		
	Specification of company tax:		
	Tax of taxable income for the year	-2.464	20
	Regulation of provision for deferred tax	0	0
	- -	-2.464	20

Notes to Annual Report

5 Assets overview:

	Investment
	in group enter-
_	prises
Cost as at 1st July 2021	3.208.818
Acquisitions of the year	0
Disposals of the year at cost price	0
Cost as at 30th June 2022.	3.208.818
Adjustment of value 1st July 2021	-624.065
Income from group enterprises	-37.552
Dividend from group enterprises	0
Adjustment to year-end value	0
Adjustment of value, disposals	0
Adjustment of value 30th June 2022	-661.617
Book value 30th June 2022	2.547.201

Investment in group enterprise is nominal DKK 1.300.000 (ownership 100%) in Zenros ApS, Copenhagen, CVR.nr. 34 20 96 42. The net Profit for 2021/2022 is DKK -37.552 and the equity 30th June 2022 is DKK 2.547.201.

6 Long term liabilities:

DKK 0 will be due later than 5 years from the balance sheet date.

7 Pledges, securities and contingent liabilities:

The company is not subject to any pledges, securities and centigent liabilities.

The company administers the forced joint taxation of the group enterprises. In the company's balance sheed, the total balance with tax authorities is included. Receivables and payable joint taxation contributions from the group enterprises to the company are recognized in the company's balance sheet under receivables from or liabilities to the group companies.