

# ENI PT 02 ApS

Vinkelvej 12, 6600 Vejen CVR no. 40 89 11 37

## **Annual report for 2023**

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 04.06.24

Poul Søndermark Svendsen Dirigent



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# Company information etc.

## The company

ENI PT 02 ApS Vinkelvej 12 6600 Vejen

Registered office: Vejen kommune

CVR no.: 40 89 11 37

Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

#### **Executive Board**

Poul Søndermark Svendsen Niels Frederiksen

### **Auditors**

Beierholm

 ${\tt Statsautoriseret\ Revisionspartnerselskab}$ 



ENI PT 02 ApS

## Statement by the Executive Board on the annual report

We have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 01.01.23 - 31.12.23 for ENI PT 02 ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The financial statements have not been audited, and we declare that the relevant conditions have been met.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.23 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 01.01.23 - 31.12.23.

We believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Vejen, June 4, 2024

#### **Executive Board**

Poul Søndermark Svendsen

Niels Frederiksen



To the management of ENI PT 02 ApS

Based on the company's accounting material and other information provided by management, we have compiled the financial statements of ENI PT 02 ApS for the financial year

01.01.23 - 31.12.23.

The financial statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant against a graviting policies.

in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to

Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist management with the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the code of ethics of International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code),

including principles of integrity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to

compile them are management's responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management for the compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the

Danish Financial Statements Act.

Haderslev, June 4, 2024

Beierholm

 ${\bf Stats autoriser et\ Revisions partnersels kab}$ 

CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Rasmus Ørskov

State Authorized Public Accountant

MNE-no. mne42777



## **Primary activities**

The company has no activity.

## Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 01.01.23 - 31.12.23 shows a profit/loss of DKK -5,026 against DKK -7,911 for the period 01.01.22 - 31.12.22. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 58,491.

## Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.



## **Income statement**

ote		DKK	DKK
	Gross loss	-3,000	-6,251
1 2	Financial income Financial expenses	167 -3,611	557 -4,436
	Loss before tax	-6,444	-10,130
	Tax on loss for the year	1,418	2,219
	Loss for the year	-5,026	-7,911
	Proposed appropriation account		
	Retained earnings	-5,026	-7,911



31.12.23 DKK	31.12.22 DKK
-	10.70
•	12,764 6,199
1,410	0,198
1,419	18,963
60,072	820
61,491	19,783
61,491	19,783
	DKK  0 1,418 1  1,419  60,072  61,491

## **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**

Share capital Retained earnings	40,000 18,491	40,000 -26,483
Total equity	58,491	13,517
Trade payables Other payables	3,000 0	6,250 16
Total short-term payables	3,000	6,266
Total payables	3,000	6,266
Total equity and liabilities	61,491	19,783

<sup>3</sup> Contingent liabilities



<sup>4</sup> Related parties

# Statement of changes in equity

Figures in DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.23 - 31.12.23			
Balance as at 01.01.23	40,000	-26,483	13,517
Group contribution  Net profit/loss for the year	0	50,000 -5,026	50,000 -5,026
Thet promitions for the year	0	5,020	-5,020
Balance as at 31.12.23	40,000	18,491	58,491



	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
1. Financial income		
Interest, group enterprises Other interest income	117 50	557 0
Total	167	557

## 2. Financial expenses

Interest, group enterprises	0	21
Other interest expenses	0	67
Other financial expenses	3,611	4,348
Total	3,611	4,436

## 3. Contingent liabilities

Other contingent liabilities

The company is taxed jointly with the other Danish companies in the group and has joint, several and unlimited liability for income taxes and any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies. The liability also includes any subsequent corrections to the calculated tax liability as a consequence of changes made to the jointly taxable income etc.

## 4. Related parties

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent Energi Innovation Holding A/S, Vejen kommune.



## 5. Accounting policies

#### **GENERAL**

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (*Årsregnskabsloven*) for enterprises in reporting class B with application of provisions for a higher reporting class.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently with previous years.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.

#### **INCOME STATEMENT**

#### **Gross loss**

Gross loss comprises other external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to administration etc.



#### 5. Accounting policies - continued -

#### Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses, bank fees etc. are recognised in other net financials.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

The company is jointly taxed with Danish consolidated enterprises.

In connection with the settlement of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes. This means that enterprises with a tax loss receive joint taxation contributions from enterprises which have been able to use this loss to reduce their own taxable profit.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value, less write-downs for bad debts.

Write-downs for bad debts are determined based on an individual assessment of each receivable if there is no objective evidence of individual impairment of a receivable.

#### Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank account.

#### Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised as income tax under receivables or payables in the balance sheet.



### 5. Accounting policies - continued -

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

## **Payables**

Short-term financial payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables. Other short-term payables are measured at net realisable value.

