Fortinet Denmark ApS

Lyngbyvej 20, 2100 København Ø CVR no. 40 87 53 44

Annual report 2023

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 7 June 2024

Chair of the meeting:

Dulan Fitzpatrick

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Penneo dokumentnøgle: LXBIT-GD6NX-UFQSD-N33JH-MHK4I-4038E

Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Fortinet Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 May 2024 Executive Board:

DocuSigned by

Lindsey Marie Cayanan

Director

DocuSigned by:

Declan Michael Fitzpatrick

Director

-DocuSigned by:

Brian Alan Pollard Director

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Fortinet Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Fortinet Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that gives a true and fair view

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 May 2024 Ecovis Danmark statsautoriseret revisionsinteressentskab CVR no. 28 93 95 23

Jerrik Olsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne46584

Penneo dokumentnøgle: LXBIT-GD6NX-UFQSD-N33JH-MHK4I-4038E

Management's review

Company details

Name Fortinet Denmark ApS

Address, Postal code, City Lyngbyvej 20, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 40 87 53 44
Established 17 October 2019
Registered office København

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Executive Board Lindsey Marie Cayanan, Director

Declan Michael Fitzpatrick, Director

Brian Alan Pollard, Director

Auditors Ecovis Danmark

statsautoriseret revisionsinteressentskab Vendersgade 28, st. th., 1363 København K

Management's review

Business review

The Company does not perform any sales directly to the end users but provides sales and marketing support services to Fortinet Inc. Its entire revenue is derived from these services and is calculated based on cost plus margin method. The Company is an indirect subsidiary to Fortinet Inc. (Listed Company based in USA).

Financial review

The income statement for 2023 shows a profit of DKK 3,833,469 against a profit of DKK 3,227,444 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 10,617,470.

Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Income statement

Note	DKK	2023	2022
2	Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	78,379,107 -73,033,008 -104,358	67,256,418 -62,864,442 -64,877
	Profit before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	5,241,741 3,881 -211,871	4,327,099 15,555 -126,821
3	Profit before tax Tax for the year	5,033,751 -1,200,282	4,215,833 -988,389
	Profit for the year	3,833,469	3,227,444
	Recommended appropriation of profit Retained earnings	3,833,469	3,227,444
	· ·	3,833,469	3,227,444

Balance sheet

2023	DKK	Note
	ASSETS Fixed assets	
166,855	Property, plant and equipment Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	4
0	Property, plant and equipment under construction	
166,855		
	Investments	5
457,883	Deposits, investments	
457,883		
624,738	Total fixed assets	
	Non-fixed assets Receivables	
20,323,469		
37,193	Deferred tax assets	6
0	Corporation tax receivable	
77,724	Prepayments	
20,438,386		
6,009,342	Cash	
26,447,728	Total non-fixed assets	
27,072,466	TOTAL ASSETS	
	166,855 0 166,855 457,883 457,883 624,738 20,323,469 37,193 0 77,724 20,438,386 6,009,342 26,447,728	ASSETS Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment 166,855 Property, plant and equipment under construction 0 Interestments Deposits, investments 457,883 Total fixed assets 624,738 Non-fixed assets Receivables Receivables Receivables from group enterprises 20,323,469 Deferred tax assets 37,193 Corporation tax receivable 0 Prepayments 77,724 20,438,386 Cash 6,009,342 Total non-fixed assets 26,447,728

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2023	2022
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	40,000	40,000
	Retained earnings	10,577,470	6,744,001
	Total equity	10,617,470	6,784,001
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	559,242	258,513
	Corporation tax payable	4,047	32,099
	Other payables	15,891,707	17,490,704
		16,454,996	17,781,316
	Total liabilities other than provisions	16,454,996	17,781,316
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	27,072,466	24,565,317

- Accounting policies
 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 8 Security and collateral
- 9 Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022 Transfer through appropriation of profit	40,000	3,516,557 3,227,444	3,556,557 3,227,444
Equity at 1 January 2023 Transfer through appropriation of profit	40,000	6,744,001 3,833,469	6,784,001 3,833,469
Equity at 31 December 2023	40,000	10,577,470	10,617,470

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Fortinet Denmark ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

The Company does not perform any sales directly to the end users but provides sales and marketing support services to Fortinet Inc. Its entire revenue is derived from these services and is calculated based on cost plus margin method. The Company is an indirect subsidiary to Fortinet Inc. (Listed Company based in USA).

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment

3-5 years

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Property, plant and equipment under construction are measured at cost. Depreciations will not be made until the construction is finished.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Leases

The Company has chosen IAS 17 as interpretation for classification and recognition of leases.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to the ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and any other rent agreements are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The Company's aggregate liabilities relating to operating leases and other rent agreements are disclosed under "Contingent liabilities".

Investments

Rent deposits are recognized at amortized cost and their carrying value is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Income taxes and deferred taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Notes to the financial statements

	DKK	2023	2022
2	Staff costs		
	Wages/salaries	68,072,315	59,392,389
	Pensions	3,855,535	3,009,721
	Other social security costs	385,247	142,141
	Other staff costs	719,911	320,191
		73,033,008	62,864,442
	Average number of full-time employees	44	32
3	Tax for the year		
	Estimated tax charge for the year	1,232,047	986,715
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year	-31,765	1,674
		1,200,282	988,389

4 Property, plant and equipment

DKK	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment under construction	Total
Cost at 1 January 2023 Additions Disposals	276,181 59,909 0	87,500 0 -87,500	363,681 59,909 -87,500
Cost at 31 December 2023	336,090	0	336,090
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2023 Depreciation	64,877 104,358	0	64,877 104,358
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2023	169,235	0	169,235
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	166,855	0	166,855

5 Investments

DKK	Deposits, investments
Cost at 1 January 2023 Additions	295,065 162,818
Cost at 31 December 2023	457,883
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	457,883

Notes to the financial statements

6 Deferred tax assets

The deferred tax asset of DKK 37,193 (DKK 5,428 in 2022) consists of temporary differences relating to fixed assets and is expected to be reversed in the coming financial years.

7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other financial obligations

Other rent liabilities:

DKK	2023	2022
Rent liabilities	1,602,555	1,391,036

Rent and lease liabilities include a rent obligation totalling DKK 1.602.555 in interminable rent agreements with remaining contract terms of 1-11 months.

8 Security and collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2023.

9 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
Fortinet Inc	898 Kifer Road Sunnyvale CA 94086, USA	www.fortinet.com

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"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

Jerrik Olsen

Ecovis Danmark statsautoriseret revisionsinteressentskab CVR: 28939523

State Authorized Public Accountant

Serial number: 47783ed2-7918-4453-bbc4-96d849620726

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