ICG JORO Holding ApS

Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 2021

CVR No. 40 87 25 58

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 13/4 2022

Lars Korterman Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of ICG JORO Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 13 April 2022

Executive Board

Leif Jörgen Gunnar Öhman Manager

Board of Directors

Leif Jörgen Gunnar Öhman Chairman

Lars Korterman



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG JORO Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG JORO Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 on the basis of the Company's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 13 April 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Henrik Ødegaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne31489



Company information

The Company	ICG JORO Holding ApS
	Strandvejen 54 DK-2900 Hellerup
	CVR No: 40 87 25 58 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 21 October 2019 Financial year: 3rd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte
Board of Directors	Leif Jörgen Gunnar Öhman, Chairman Lars Korterman
Executive board	Leif Jörgen Gunnar Öhman
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2021	2020 DKK
Gross loss		-1,000	-1,000
Impairment of current assets		0	-10,985
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	-	-1,000	-11,985
Financial income		92,258	87,674
Financial expenses		-45,179	-16,645
Profit/loss before tax	-	46,079	59,044
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-42,384	-13,705
Net profit/loss for the year	-	3,695	45,339

Distribution of profit

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	40,000
Proposed dividend for the year	220,000	40,000
Retained earnings	-216,305	-34,661
	3,695	45,339



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Other investments		0	362,758
Fixed asset investments	-	0	362,758
Fixed assets		0	362,758
Receivables from group enterprises		220,000	0
Other receivables		0	56,581
Corporation tax		0	4,407
Receivables	-	220,000	60,988
Cash at bank and in hand		72,654	423,848
Current assets	-	292,654	484,836
Assets		292,654	847,594



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		40,000	40,000
Retained earnings		19,194	235,499
Proposed dividend for the year	_	220,000	40,000
Equity	-	279,194	315,499
Provision for deferred tax		0	0 022
Provisions	_	<u> </u>	9,932 9,932
FTOVISIOIIS	-	<u> </u>	9,932
Credit institutions		0	426,163
Long-term debt	3	0	426,163
Credit institutions	3	0	95,000
Corporation tax		11,460	0
Other payables		2,000	1,000
Short-term debt	-	13,460	96,000
Debt	_	13,460	522,163
Liabilities and equity	_	292,654	847,594
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	40,000	235,499	40,000	315,499
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-40,000	-40,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-216,305	220,000	3,695
Equity at 31 December	40,000	19,194	220,000	279,194



Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The company's purpose is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
2. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	52,316	34,826
Deferred tax for the year	-9,932	-21,121
	42,384	13,705

3. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt. The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Credit institutions		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	0	426,163
Long-term part	0	426,163
Within 1 year	0	95,000
Short-term part	0	95,000
	0	521,163



Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of ICG JORO Holding ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to administration, etc

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises and other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate Dividend item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

