ICG ELJU Holding ApS

Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 2021

CVR No. 40 87 15 78

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 22/4 2022

Lars Korterman Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of ICG ELJU Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 22 April 2022

Executive Board

Elmar Jung-Sommer Manager

Board of Directors

Elmar Jung-Sommer Chairman Lars Korterman



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG ELJU Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG ELJU Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 on the basis of the Company's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 22 April 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Henrik Ødegaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne31489



Company information

The Company ICG ELJU Holding ApS

Strandvejen 54 DK-2900 Hellerup CVR No: 40 87 15 78

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 18 October 2019 Financial year: 3rd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors Elmar Jung-Sommer, Chairman

Lars Korterman

Executive board Elmar Jung-Sommer

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

Gross loss DKK DKK Impairment of current assets 0 -1,000 Profit/loss before financial income and expenses -1,000 -2,980 Financial income 92,254 84,150 Financial expenses -12,159 -13,002 Profit/loss before tax 79,095 68,168 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -23,744 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 55,351 52,893 Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit 55,351 52,893 Retained earnings 55,351 52,893 55,351 52,893		Note	2021	2020
Impairment of current assets 0 -1,980 Profit/loss before financial income and expenses -1,000 -2,980 Financial income 92,254 84,150 Financial expenses -12,159 -13,002 Profit/loss before tax 79,095 68,168 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -23,744 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 55,351 52,893 Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 55,351 52,893			DKK	DKK
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses -1,000 -2,980 Financial income 92,254 84,150 Financial expenses -12,159 -13,002 Profit/loss before tax 79,095 68,168 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -23,744 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 55,351 52,893 Distribution of profit Proposed distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit 55,351 52,893	Gross loss		-1,000	-1,000
Financial income 92,254 84,150 Financial expenses -12,159 -13,002 Profit/loss before tax 79,095 68,168 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -23,744 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 55,351 52,893 Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 55,351 52,893	Impairment of current assets		0	-1,980
Financial expenses -12,159 -13,002 Profit/loss before tax 79,095 68,168 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -23,744 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 55,351 52,893 Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 55,351 52,893	Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	_	-1,000	-2,980
Profit/loss before tax 79,095 68,168 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -23,744 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 55,351 52,893 Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 55,351 52,893	Financial income		92,254	84,150
Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 $-23,744$ $-15,275$ Net profit/loss for the year 55,351 $52,893$ Distribution of profit	Financial expenses		-12,159	-13,002
Net profit/loss for the year $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Profit/loss before tax	_	79,095	68,168
Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 55,351 52,893	Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-23,744	-15,275
$\begin{array}{c cccc} & & 2021 & 2020 \\ \hline DKK & DKK \\ \hline \textbf{Proposed distribution of profit} \\ \textbf{Retained earnings} & & 55,351 & 52,893 \\ \hline \end{array}$	Net profit/loss for the year	_	55,351	52,893
$\begin{array}{c cccc} & & 2021 & 2020 \\ \hline DKK & DKK \\ \hline \textbf{Proposed distribution of profit} \\ \textbf{Retained earnings} & & 55,351 & 52,893 \\ \hline \end{array}$				
Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 55,351 52,893	Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 55,351 52,893			2021	2020
Retained earnings 55,351 52,893		_	DKK	DKK
	Proposed distribution of profit			
55,351 52,893	Retained earnings		55,351	52,893
		_	55,351	52,893



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Other investments		671,208	362,758
Fixed asset investments	_	671,208	362,758
Fixed assets	-	671,208	362,758
Other receivables		30,360	27,976
Corporation tax		0	7,350
Receivables	-	30,360	35,326
Cash at bank and in hand	-	181,201	175,339
Current assets	-	211,561	210,665
Assets	_	882,769	573,423



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		40,000	40,000
Retained earnings		134,526	79,175
Equity		174,526	119,175
Provision for deferred tax		28,509	14,907
Provisions	_ _	28,509	14,907
Credit institutions		283,488	354,440
Long-term debt	3	283,488	354,440
Credit institutions	3	80,000	80,000
Payables to owners and Management		312,351	3,901
Corporation tax		1,895	0
Other payables	_	2,000	1,000
Short-term debt	-	396,246	84,901
Debt	-	679,734	439,341
Liabilities and equity	-	882,769	573,423
Key activities	1		
Accounting Policies	4		



Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	40,000	79,175	119,175
Net profit/loss for the year	0	55,351	55,351
Equity at 31 December	40,000	134,526	174,526



Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The company's main activities is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
2. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	10,142	7,370
Deferred tax for the year	13,602	7,905
	23,744	15,275

3. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt. The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

2021	2020
DKK	DKK
0	0
283,488	354,440
283,488	354,440
80,000	80,000
80,000	80,000
363,488	434,440
	DKK 0 283,488 283,488 80,000 80,000



Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of ICG ELJU Holding ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises and other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

