ICG ANLO Holding ApS

Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 2021

CVR No. 40 83 74 77

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 11/5 2022

Lars Korterman Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of ICG ANLO Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 11 May 2022

Executive Board

Andreas Gustav Lodhammar Manager

Board of Directors

Andreas Gustav Lodhammar Chairman Lars Korterman



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG ANLO Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG ANLO Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 on the basis of the Company's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 11 May 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopersStatsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Henrik Ødegaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne31489



Company information

The Company ICG ANLO Holding ApS

> Strandvejen 54 DK-2900 Hellerup CVR No: 40 83 74 77

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 2 October 2019 Financial year: 3rd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors Andreas Gustav Lodhammar, Chairman

Lars Korterman

Executive board Andreas Gustav Lodhammar

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

DKK DKK Cross loss -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000 -1,000 -2,980 -1,000		Note	2021	2020
Impairment of current assets 0 -1,980 Profit/loss before financial income and expenses -1,000 -2,980 Financial income 92,261 84,150 Financial expenses -9,191 -13,390 Profit/loss before tax 82,070 67,780 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -16,367 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 65,703 52,505 Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 65,703 52,505			DKK	DKK
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses -1,000 -2,980 Financial income 92,261 84,150 Financial expenses -9,191 -13,390 Profit/loss before tax 82,070 67,780 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -16,367 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 65,703 52,505 Distribution of profit Proposed distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit 65,703 52,505	Gross loss		-1,000	-1,000
Financial income 92,261 84,150 Financial expenses -9,191 -13,390 Profit/loss before tax 82,070 67,780 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -16,367 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 65,703 52,505 Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 65,703 52,505	Impairment of current assets		0	-1,980
Financial expenses -9,191 -13,390 Profit/loss before tax 82,070 67,780 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -16,367 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 65,703 52,505 Distribution of profit Proposed distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 65,703 52,505	Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	_	-1,000	-2,980
Financial expenses -9,191 -13,390 Profit/loss before tax 82,070 67,780 Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 -16,367 -15,275 Net profit/loss for the year 65,703 52,505 Distribution of profit Proposed distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 65,703 52,505	Financial income		92,261	84,150
Tax on profit/loss for the year 2 $-16,367$ $-15,275$ Net profit/loss for the year 65,703 $52,505$ Distribution of profit	Financial expenses			
Net profit/loss for the year $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Profit/loss before tax	_	82,070	67,780
Distribution of profit 2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 65,703 52,505	Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-16,367	-15,275
2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 65,703 52,505	Net profit/loss for the year	_	65,703	52,505
2021 2020 DKK DKK Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings 65,703 52,505				
Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings DKK DKK DKK 52,505	Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit Retained earnings			2021	2020
Retained earnings		_	DKK	DKK
Retained earnings	Proposed distribution of profit			
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			65,703	52,505
		_	65,703	52,505



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Other investments		362,758	362,758
Fixed asset investments	_	362,758	362,758
Fixed assets	_	362,758	362,758
Receivables from group enterprises		171,086	0
Other receivables		30,360	27,976
Corporation tax		0	6,972
Receivables	_	201,446	34,948
Cash at bank and in hand	_	23,888	193,855
Current assets	_	225,334	228,803
Assets		588,092	591,561



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		40,000	40,000
Retained earnings		118,208	52,505
Equity	_	158,208	92,505
Provision for deferred tax		20,736	14,907
Provisions	_	20,736	14,907
Credit institutions		281,088	354,232
Long-term debt	3	281,088	354,232
		00.000	00.000
Credit institutions	3	80,000	80,000
Payables to owners and Management		44,156	48,914
Corporation tax		1,901	0
Other payables	_	2,003	1,003
Short-term debt	_	128,060	129,917
Debt	-	409,148	484,149
Liabilities and equity	_	588,092	591,561
Key activities	1		
Accounting Policies	4		



Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	40,000	52,505	92,505
Net profit/loss for the year	0	65,703	65,703
Equity at 31 December	40,000	118,208	158,208



Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The company's main activities is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
2. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	10,538	7,370
Deferred tax for the year	5,829	7,905
	16,367	15,275

3. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt. The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2021	2020	
	DKK	DKK	
Credit institutions			
After 5 years	0	0	
Between 1 and 5 years	281,088	354,232	
Long-term part	281,088	354,232	
Within 1 year	80,000	80,000	
Short-term part	80,000	80,000	
	361,088	434,232	



Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of ICG ANLO Holding ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to administration, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises and other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

