c/o DEAS A/S Dirch Passers Allé 76 2000 Frederiksberg

CVR No. 40803130

Annual Report 2021

3. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 21 June 2022

> David Kevin Green Chairman

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Company details

Company CVR No. Date of formation Registered office	Byggefelt E, Njalsgade ApS c/o DEAS A/S Dirch Passers Allé 76 2000 Frederiksberg 40803130 23 September 2019 Frederiksberg
Executive Board	Killan Eoin Morris David Kevin Green Martin Purtoft Olsen
Auditors	KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 2100 København Ø CVR-no.: 25578198

Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Byggefelt E, Njalsgade ApS for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 21 June 2022

Executive Board

Killan Eoin Morris

David Kevin Green

Martin Purtoft Olsen

Independent Auditors' Report

To the shareholders of Byggefelt E, Njalsgade ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Byggefelt E, Njalsgade ApS for the financial year 1 January 31 December 2021, comprising income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- * identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- * obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- * evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- * conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in

Independent Auditors' Report

preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

* evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 21 June 2022

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab 25578198

Henrik Y. Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne35442

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist is to own and lease real estate as well as other business linked to it.

Development in activities and financial matters

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 shows a result of DKK -1.095.897 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2021 a balance sheet total of DKK 371.552.071 and an equity of DKK 65.585.613.

Post financial year events

After the balance sheet date, the company has refinanced the short term shareholder loans to long-term mortgage loans. No other events have occurred, after balance sheet date, which may change the financial position of the company.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Byggefelt E, Njalsgade ApS for 2021 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with options from higher accounting classes.

Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost princip.

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income Statement

Gross profit/loss

Pursuant to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit.

Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs relating to the operation and administration of the company.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, finance charges in respect offinance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Accounting Policies

Balance Sheet

Investment property under development

Investment property under development comprises investment in land and buildings for the purpose of achieving a return on the invested capital in the form of regular operating income and a capital gain on resale.

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, which comprises the cost of the property and any directly related expenses. Interest expenses and other loan costs during the development period are included in the cost price.

Deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the expected realisable value of the asset, either by set-off against tax on future earnings or by set off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in the deferred tax resulting from changes in tax rates, are recognised in the income statement, except from items recognised directly in equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the Income Statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Other liabilities, comprising other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Income Statement

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Other external expenses		-1.220.614	-378.673
Finance expences	-	-184.382	0
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		-1.404.996	-378.673
Tax expense	2	309.099	83.308
Profit		-1.095.897	- 295.365
Retained earnings	-	-1.095.897	-295.365
Distribution of profit		-1.095.897	-295.365

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Assets			
Investment property under development Property, plant and equipment		359.094.010 359.094.010	236.161.633 236.161.633
Fixed assets		359.094.010	236.161.633
Current deferred tax Receivables		413.032 413.032	103.933 103.933
Cash and cash equivalents		12.045.029	36.994.700
Current assets		12.458.061	37.098.633
Assets		371.552.071	273.260.266

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital Retained earnings		61.000 65.524.613	60.000 59.621.510
Equity		65.585.613	59.681.510
Payables to group enterprises Long-term liabilities other than provisions		51.715.770 51.715.770	209.615.770 209.615.770
Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Other payables Deposits, liabilities other than provisions Short-term liabilities other than provisions	3	10.004.323 242.401.274 305.878 1.539.213 254.250.688	0 3.698.791 264.195 0 3.962.986
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		305.966.458	213.578.756
Liabilities and equity		371.552.071	273.260.266
Number of employees Collaterals and securities Ownership Subsequent events	1 4 5 6		

Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2021	60.000	59.621.510	59.681.510
Increase of capital	1.000	6.999.000	7.000.000
Profit (loss)		-1.095.897	-1.095.897
Equity 31 December 2021	61.000	65.524.613	65.585.613

Notes

1. Number of employees

The average number of employees during the financial year is 0.

2. Tax expense

	2021	2020
Change in deferred tax	-309.099	-83.308
	-309.099	-83.308

3. Payables to group enterprises

	Total debt at 31.12.2021	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year
Payables to group enterprises	294.117.044	242.401.274	51.715.770
	294.117.044	242.401.274	51.715.770

4. Collaterals and securities

Contractual obligations

The Company has entered into a turnkey contract obligating the turnkey contractor to perform the construction of 124 residential units with a gross floor area of approximately 11,467 square meters to be delivered to the Company as a turnkey project at a fixed sum. The Company's risks related to the construction of the project are secured by holdbacks. The completion of the construction is expected to be March 2022.

5. Ownership

The company is 100% owned by NAEV HoldCo S.à.r.l., Avenue J.F. Kennedy 37A, 1855 Luxembourg.

6. Subsequent event

After the balance sheet date, the company has refinanced the short term shareholder loans to long-term mortgage loans. No other events have occurred, after balance sheet date, which may change the financial position of the company.