# Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen Holding ApS

Stationsvej 5 4295 Stenlille CVR No. 40730885

# Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 02.05.2022

Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# Entity

Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen Holding ApS Stationsvej 5 4295 Stenlille

Business Registration No.: 40730885 Registered office: Sorø Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

# **Executive Board**

Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen, direktør

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Stenlille, 02.05.2022

**Executive Board** 

Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen direktør

# Independent auditor's report

# To the shareholders of Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen Holding ApS

# Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Hans Hellstrøm Henningsen Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent, and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is

not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent
  financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
  those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
  preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit
  evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast
  significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a
  material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related
  disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
  obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
  Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 02.05.2022

# Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### René Carøe Andersen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34499

# **Management commentary**

# **Financial highlights**

	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Key figures			
Revenue	165,003	149,154	173,194
Gross profit/loss	97,004	92,169	98,716
Operating profit/loss	15,193	3,064	11,401
Net financials	1,205	(4,826)	2,114
Profit/loss for the year	13,604	(1,632)	11,415
Profit for the year excl. minority interests	4,157	617	3,080
Balance sheet total	167,397	174,780	175,721
Investments in property, plant and equipment	9,310	8,786	259,524
Equity	134,854	123,794	127,031
Equity excl. minority interests	57,153	55,507	55,374
Cash flows from operating activities	15,242	27,170	(31,790)
Cash flows from investing activities	(14,448)	(1,924)	4,953
Cash flows from financing activities	(14,975)	(111)	30,788
Average number of	199	209	207
employees			
Ratios			
Gross margin (%)	58.79	61.79	57.00
Net margin (%)	8.24	(1.09)	6.59
Equity ratio (%)	80.56	70.83	72.29
Revenue per employee	829	713	836

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with the current version of "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the CFA Society Denmark.

**Gross margin (%):** <u>Gross profit/loss \* 100</u> Revenue

**Net margin (%):** <u>Profit/loss for the year \* 100</u> Revenue

# **Equity ration (%):** <u>Equity \* 100</u> Total assets

Revenue per employee: Revenue Average number of employees

#### **Primary activities**

The primary activities of the Group comprise the development, manufacturing and sale of protective solutions, which are sold mainly on the European market. The production is carried out primarily in Denmark, and sales are carried out through enterprises in Denmark, six other European countries, North America and Asia.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The Company completed its reorganization of production from two factories in Denmark to one factory in Denmark and one in Poland. The business activity in the industry segment has been strong throughout the year, whereas the automotive sector, while rebounding in the first half, has been negatively impacted by the global shortage of micro-chips. The surge in raw material prices has negatively impacted the results, while shortage in general has been avoided. Sustainability initiatives on a broad scale has been implemented in both products and services.

#### Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The Group's revenue for the year increased to DKK 165,003 thousand, up from 149,154 in 2020. The net result rebounded to DKK 13,604 thousand, up from a loss on DKK 1,632 thousand in 2020. The result is considered as satisfactory by the management.

## Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

The valuation of assets and liabilities is made in accordance with current accounting policies and Management of DBI Holding A/S is of the opinion that no uncertainty is related to recognition and measurement.

# Unusual circumstances affecting recognition and measurement

There have been no unusual circumstances affecting recognition and measurement in the financial year 2021.

## Outlook

The shortage of chip supply is expected to gradually ease, and with the consequential catch-up activity analysts predicts the European automotive market to grow by more than 10% in 2022. It is uncertain for how long the energy and raw material prices will remain at the current high level and to what extend general inflation will affect the cost structure. All activities in Denmark will be consolidated in one facility during the year.

The Group's activities do not involve any particular risks; neither operating nor financial risks. As the main part of transactions is carried out in euro, the Group's activities are not considered to involve any special foreign exchange risks.

### **Knowledge resources**

The Group employs the needed number of employees with relevant qualifications who possess considerable know-how of the Group's products and production. Further and supplementary training is provided to the extent necessary.

### **Environmental performance**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# Consolidated income statement for 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Revenue		165,003,074	149,154,038
Other operating income	2	2,853,981	4,569,527
Costs of raw materials and consumables		(38,167,854)	(33,502,021)
Other external expenses		(32,685,574)	(28,052,605)
Gross profit/loss		97,003,627	92,168,939
Staff costs	3	(71,707,901)	(76,547,705)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	4	(10,102,519)	(12,557,564)
Operating profit/loss		15,193,207	3,063,670
Other financial income	5	4,918,670	1,252,586
Impairment losses on financial assets		(300,000)	(1,500,000)
Other financial expenses		(3,414,142)	(4,578,763)
Profit/loss before tax		16,397,735	(1,762,507)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	(2,794,212)	130,197
Profit/loss for the year	7	13,603,523	(1,632,310)

# Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2021

# Assets

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Land and buildings		34,753,535	36,301,535
Plant and machinery		19,583,087	19,840,966
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		6,004,086	6,903,465
Leasehold improvements		1,522,910	585,975
Property, plant and equipment in progress		3,150,565	2,872,504
Property, plant and equipment	8	65,014,183	66,504,445
Deposits		445,512	385,671
Other receivables		450,000	750,000
Deferred tax	10	1,993,596	2,627,536
Financial assets	9	2,889,108	3,763,207
Fixed assets		67,903,291	70,267,652
Raw materials and consumables		6,801,480	6,065,460
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		32,299,515	27,125,706
Inventories		39,100,995	33,191,166
Trade receivables		34,299,481	37,357,596
Contract work in progress	11	718,970	178,300
Other receivables		1,449,423	1,984,341
Tax receivable		0	10,741
Prepayments	12	671,264	967,707
Receivables		37,139,138	40,498,685

167,397,083	174,780,289
99,493,792	104,512,637
15,404,984	29,137,406
7,848,675	1,685,380
7,848,675	1,685,380
	7,848,675 15,404,984 99,493,792

# **Equity and liabilities**

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Contributed capital	Notes	40,000	40,000
Retained earnings		54,612,914	55,466,638
Proposed dividend for the financial year		2,500,000	0
Equity belonging to Parent's shareholders		57,152,914	55,506,638
Equity belonging to minority interests		77,700,675	68,286,979
Equity		134,853,589	123,793,617
Mortgage debt		4,037,696	16,512,291
Other payables	13	4,037,090	0,512,291
	13		
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	14	8,550,051	16,512,291
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	14	548,000	0
Bank loans		498,292	50,128
Trade payables		6,749,811	6,895,488
Payables to owners and management		60,000	67,160
Tax payable		1,226,693	475,037
Other payables		14,910,647	26,986,568
Current liabilities other than provisions		23,993,443	34,474,381
Liabilities other than provisions		32,543,494	50,986,672
Equity and liabilities		167,397,083	174,780,289
Events after the balance sheet date	1		
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	16		
Assets charged and collateral	10		
-			
Transactions with related parties	18		
Subsidiaries	19		

# Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed	Retained	Proposed dividend for the financial	Equity belonging to Parent's	Equity belonging to minority
	capital	earnings	year	shareholders	interests
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	40,000	55,466,638	0	55,506,638	68,286,979
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	(2,500,000)	0	(2,500,000)	0
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(10,888)	0	(10,888)	(32,663)
Profit/loss for the year	0	1,657,164	2,500,000	4,157,164	9,446,359
Equity end of year	40,000	54,612,914	2,500,000	57,152,914	77,700,675
					Total DKK
Equity beginning of year					123,793,617
Extraordinary dividend paid					(2,500,000)
Exchange rate adjustments					(43,551)

Profit/loss for the year Equity end of year

13,603,523

134,853,589

# Consolidated cash flow statement for 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Operating profit/loss		15,193,207	3,063,670
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses		10,102,519	12,708,084
Working capital changes	15	(9,493,617)	15,457,098
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		15,802,109	31,228,852
Financial income received		4,551,012	1,252,586
Financial expenses paid		(3,414,142)	(4,578,763)
Taxes refunded/(paid)		(1,696,766)	(732,237)
Cash flows from operating activities		15,242,213	27,170,438
Acquisition etc. of intangible assets		(9,310,099)	(8,786,092)
Sale of property, plant and equipment		717,373	274,104
Acquisition of fixed asset investments		(5,855,478)	(1,685,380)
Sale of fixed asset investments		0	8,273,632
Cash flows from investing activities		(14,448,204)	(1,923,736)
Free cash flows generated from operations and investments before financing		794,009	25,246,702
Repayments of loans etc.		(12,474,595)	0
Dividend paid		(2,500,000)	(110,600)
Cash flows from financing activities		(14,974,595)	(110,600)
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(14,180,586)	25,136,102
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		29,087,278	3,951,176
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		14,906,692	29,087,278

Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:

Cash and cash equivalents end of year 14	4,906,692	29,087,278
Short-term bank loans	(498,292)	(50,128)
Cash 1	5,404,984	29,137,406

# Notes to consolidated financial statements

# 1 Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# 2 Other operating income

The entity has due to Covid-19 received in total 2,854 thousands regarding financial help packages from the Polish Government in 2021.

# **3 Staff costs**

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	62,890,009	67,690,727
Pension costs	2,949,842	3,220,115
Other social security costs	3,623,710	3,213,028
Other staff costs	2,244,340	2,423,835
	71,707,901	76,547,705
Average number of full-time employees	199	209

	Remuneration of manage-	Remuneration of manage-
	ment	ment
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Total amount for management categories	2,971,780	2,897,971
	2,971,780	2,897,971

# 4 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	10,139,664	12,708,084
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	(37,145)	(150,520)
	10,102,519	12,557,564

# **5** Other financial income

Fair value adjustments for other investment is DKK 368 thousands.

# 6 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	2,493,366	942,201
Change in deferred tax	348,118	(1,345,888)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(47,272)	273,490
	2,794,212	(130,197)

# 7 Proposed distribution of profit/loss

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	2,500,000	0
Retained earnings	1,657,164	616,538
Minority interests' share of profit/loss	9,446,359	(2,248,848)
	13,603,523	(1,632,310)

# 8 Property, plant and equipment

			Other fixtures and fittings,		Property, plant and
	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery		Leasehold improvements	equipment in progress
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost beginning of year	60,310,703	169,012,319	16,033,928	11,784,524	2,872,504
Exchange rate adjustments	0	0	35,434	0	0
Transfers	0	(2,783,683)	0	0	(2,687,868)
Additions	0	4,960,836	0	1,383,334	2,965,929
Disposals	0	(6,289,372)	(40,000)	0	0
Cost end of year	60,310,703	164,900,100	16,029,362	13,167,858	3,150,565
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(24,009,168)	(149,171,353)	(9,130,463)	(11,198,549)	0
Exchange rate adjustments	0	0	(15,903)	0	0
Transfers	0	5,471,551	0	0	0
Depreciation for the year	(1,548,000)	(7,236,355)	(908,910)	(446,399)	0
Reversal regarding disposals	0	5,619,144	30,000	0	0
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(25,557,168)	(145,317,013)	(10,025,276)	(11,644,948)	0
Carrying amount end of year	34,753,535	19,583,087	6,004,086	1,522,910	3,150,565

# 9 Financial assets

		Other		
	Deposits	receivables	Deferred tax	
	DKK	DKK	DKK	
Cost beginning of year	385,671	2,250,000	2,627,536	
Additions	59,841	0	0	
Disposals	0	0	(633,940)	
Cost end of year	445,512	2,250,000	1,993,596	
Impairment losses beginning of year	0	(1,500,000)	0	
Impairment losses for the year	0	(300,000)	0	
Impairment losses end of year	0	(1,800,000)	0	
Carrying amount end of year	445,512	450,000	1,993,596	

# **10 Deferred tax**

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Property, plant and equipment	(1,155,000)	(818,000)
Fixed asset investments	396,000	330,000
Inventories	393,200	(217,000)
Receivables	4,000	4,000
Provisions	0	220,000
Tax losses carried forward	2,355,396	3,108,536
Deferred tax	1,993,596	2,627,536
	2021	2020
Changes during the year	DKK	DKK
Beginning of year	2,627,536	1,281,648
Recognised in the income statement	(633,940)	1,345,888
End of year	1,993,596	2,627,536

# Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized on the basis of expected realized income from sales. The revenue base justify recognition of the tax assets.

# **11 Contract work in progress**

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Contract work in progress	2,262,736	2,865,513
Progress billings	(1,543,766)	(2,687,213)
	718,970	178,300

# **12 Prepayments**

Prepayments relate to prepaid expenses.

# **13 Other payables**

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Holiday pay obligation	4,512,355	0
	4,512,355	0

# 14 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due within 12 months 2021 DKK	Due after more than 12 months 2021 DKK	Outstanding after 5 years 2021 DKK
Mortgage debt	548,000	4,037,696	1,734,180
Other payables	0	4,512,355	0
	548,000	8,550,051	1,734,180

# **15 Changes in working capital**

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Increase/decrease in inventories	(5,909,829)	4,363,699
Increase/decrease in receivables	3,288,965	1,910,584
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc.	(7,716,403)	10,272,807
Other changes	843,650	(1,089,992)
	(9,493,617)	15,457,098

# 16 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Total liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity	4,517,907	6,201,060

# 17 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties. The mortgage also comprises the plant and machinery deemed part of the property.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 34,754 thousands.

# 18 Non-arm's length related party transactions

Only non-arm's length related party transactions are disclosed in the annual report. No such transactions were conducted during the financial year.

# **19 Subsidiaries**

		Corporate	Ownership
	Registered in	form	%
Henningsen Invest ApS	Charlottenlund	ApS	1
DBI Holding A/S	Stenlille	A/S	25
DBI Plastics Group A/S	Stenlille	A/S	100
DBI Properties ApS	Stenlille	ApS	100
DBI Plastics A/S	Stenlille	A/S	100
DBI Plastics GmbH	Germany	GmbH	100
DBI Plastics SARL	France	SARL	100
DBI Plastics Ltd.	United Kingdom	Ltd.	100
DBI Plastics Sp.	Poland	Sp.	100
DBI Plastics SL	Spain	SL	100
DBI Plastics N.A. Inc.	United States of	Inc.	100
	America		
DBI Plastics (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	China	Co. Ltd.	100
DBI Plastics Srl.	Italy	Srl.	100

# Parent income statement for 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other external expenses		(7,500)	(82,651)
Gross profit/loss		(7,500)	(82,651)
Income from investments in group enterprises		0	224,432
Other financial expenses		(48,058)	(45,018)
Profit/loss before tax		(55,558)	96,763
Tax on profit/loss for the year		56,880	(86,785)
Profit/loss for the year	2	1,322	9,978

# Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2021

# Assets

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		58,820,861	58,820,861
Deferred tax	4	40,000	28,000
Financial assets	3	58,860,861	58,848,861
Fixed assets		58,860,861	58,848,861
Receivables from group enterprises		0	1,456,004
Receivables		0	1,456,004
Cash		488,938	1,157,917
Current assets		488,938	2,613,921
Assets		59,349,799	61,462,782

# **Equity and liabilities**

	2021	2020
Notes	DKK	DKK
	40,000	40,000
	53,418,843	58,417,521
	2,500,000	0
	55,958,843	58,457,521
	497,351	45,606
	2,893,605	2,959,655
	3,390,956	3,005,261
	3,390,956	3,005,261
	59,349,799	61,462,782
1		
5		
6		
7		
	1 5 6	40,000 53,418,843 2,500,000 <b>55,958,843</b> 497,351 2,893,605 <b>3,390,956</b> <b>3,390,956</b> <b>59,349,799</b> 1 5 6

# Parent statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend for the year DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	40,000	58,417,521	0	58,457,521
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	(2,500,000)	0	(2,500,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(2,498,678)	2,500,000	1,322
Equity end of year	40,000	53,418,843	2,500,000	55,958,843

# Notes to parent financial statements

# 1 Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# 2 Proposed distribution of profit and loss

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	2,500,000	0
Retained earnings	(2,498,678)	9,978
	1,322	9,978

# **3 Financial assets**

	Investments in group	
	enterprises	Deferred tax DKK
	DKK	
Cost beginning of year	58,820,861	28,000
Additions	0	12,000
Cost end of year	58,820,861	40,000
Carrying amount end of year	58,820,861	40,000

A specification of investments in subsidiaries is evident from the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# 4 Deferred tax

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Tax losses carried forward	(40,000)	(28,000)
Deferred tax	(40,000)	(28,000)
	2021	2020
Changes during the year	DKK	DKK
Beginning of year	(28,000)	0
Recognised in the income statement	(12,000)	(28,000)
End of year	(40,000)	(28,000)

# **Deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax assets are recognized on the basis of expected realized income from group enterprises sales. The revenue base justify recognition of the tax assets.

# **5 Employees**

The entitys Executive Board receive salary payments from group enterprises.

# **6** Contingent liabilities

The Entity serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for these entities.

# 7 Non-arm's length related party transactions

Only non-arm's length related party transactions are disclosed in the annual report. No such transactions were conducted during the financial year.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (medium).

The accounting policies applied to these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent and the group enterprises (subsidiaries) that are controlled by the Parent. Control is achieved by the Parent, either directly or indirectly, holding more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way possibly or actually exercising controlling influence.

# **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements.

# **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the

rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

When recognising foreign subsidiaries and associates that are independent entities, the income statements are translated at average exchange rates for the months that do not significantly deviate from the rates at the transaction date. Balance sheet items are translated using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Goodwill is considered belonging to the independent foreign entity and is translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising out of the translation of foreign subsidiaries' equity at the beginning of the year at the balance sheet date exchange rates and out of the translation of income statements from average rates to the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised directly in translation reserve in equity.

Exchange adjustments of outstanding accounts with independent foreign subsidiaries, which are considered part of the total investment in the subsidiary in question, are recognised directly in translation reserve in equity.

When recognising foreign subsidiaries that are integral entities, monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate at the time of acquisition or the time of any subsequent revaluation or writedown. The items of the income statement are translated at the average rates of the months; however, items deriving from non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the historical rates applicable to the relevant non-monetary items.

# **Income statement**

# Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Contract work in progress is included in revenue based on the stage of completion so that revenue corresponds to the selling price of the work performed in the financial year (the percentage-of-completion method).

# Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

# Costs of raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables comprise the consumption of raw materials and consumables for the financial year after adjustment for changes in inventories of these goods from the beginning to the end of the year. This item includes shrinkage, if any, and ordinary writedowns of the relevant inventories.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

# Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for entity

staff.

## Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

# Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises dividends etc. received from the individual group enterprises in the financial year.

# Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc. received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Impairment losses on financial assets

Impairment losses on financial assets comprises impairment losses on financial assets which are not measured at fair value on a current basis.

# **Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

# Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Parent is jointly taxed with all of its Danish group enterprises and other Danish consolidated companies. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

# **Balance sheet**

### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation. For self-constructed assets, cost comprises direct and #indirect costs of materials, components, subsuppliers and labour costs.

Indirect production costs in the form of indirectly attributable staff costs and amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation on property, plant and equipment used in the manufacturing process are recognised in cost based on time spent on each asset.

Interest expenses on loans for the financing of the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included

in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other finance costs are recognised in the income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings	30 years
Plant and machinery	3-7 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years
Leasehold improvements	3-5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

## **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

# Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and labour costs, costs of maintenance of, depreciation on and impairment losses relating to machinery, factory buildings and equipment used in the manufacturing process, and costs of factory administration and management. Finance costs are not included in cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

# **Contract work in progress**

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work carried out at the balance sheet date.

The selling price is measured based on the stage of completion and the total estimated income from the individual contracts in progress. Usually, the stage of completion is determined as the ratio of actual to total

budgeted consumption of resources.

If the selling price of a contract in progress cannot be made up reliably, it is measured at the lower of costs incurred and net realisable value.

Each contract in progress is recognised in the balance sheet under receivables or liabilities other than provisions, depending on whether the net value, calculated as the selling price less prepayments received, is positive or negative.

Costs of sales work and of securing contracts, and finance costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

# Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

# Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

# Other investments (current assets)

Other current asset investments comprise listed securities measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date, and unlisted investments measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

# Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

## Dividend

Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

# **Minority interests**

On initial recognition, minority interests are measured at the minority interests' share of the acquiree's net assets measured at fair value. No goodwill related to the minority interests' equity interests in the acquiree is recognised.

### Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

# **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

## **Cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, and cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments, and purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc. of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs, and the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, repayments of interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank loans.