# Saltholmsgade Holding Residential ApS

c/o DEAS A/S Dirch Passers Allé 76, 2000 Frederiksberg

CVR no. 40 72 46 48

# Annual report 2023

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 17 May 2024

Chair of the meeting:

— Docusigned by: BJ&M Allentoft HEASEECHISAABA.

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# Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Saltholmsgade Holding Residential ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 17 May 2024 Executive Board:

DocuSigned by: Anders Elingfuil 40284BB0320A49D...

Anders Klingbeil

Board of Directors:

-DocuSigned by: Nathaliebiukelu -C1066460DB794AF...

Nathalie Marion-Denise Winkelmann Chair

DocuSigned by: Willer Hicks A54787D746654A4

Ingo Hitsch-Klöckner

— DocuSigned by: Albert Cornelis Tol

Albert Cornelius Tol

Docusigned by: Anders Elingbeil

Anders Klingbeil

### Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Saltholmsgade Holding Residential ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Saltholmsgade Holding Residential ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

#### Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 17 May 2024 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

ocuSigned by Kum W. Landort

Kaare K. Lendorf State Authorised Public Accountant mne33819

## Management's review

Company details	
Name Address, Postal code, City	Saltholmsgade Holding Residential ApS c/o DEAS A/S Dirch Passers Allé 76, 2000 Frederiksberg
CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year	40 72 46 48 19 August 2019 Frederiksberg 1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Nathalie Marion-Denise Winkelmann, Chair Albert Cornelius Tol Anders Klingbeil Ingo Hitsch-Klöckner
Executive Board	Anders Klingbeil
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

#### Management commentary

#### Business review

The Company's purpose is to operate as holding company by owning investments in enterprises that buy and posess real estate both directly and through a company.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2023 shows a loss of DKK 31,810 thousand against a profit of DKK 51,932 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 157,885 thousand. Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

As the company's purpose is to invest in companies which owns properties, the Company's business processes and the valuation of investment properties in the Company's subsidiaries is affected by changes in the property market, including the general level of interest rates and economic conditions.

The market situation in the real estate sector is affected by uncertainty, as a result of high inflation and increasing interest rates. However, the company's activities have not been significantly affected by this.

The uncertainty related to interest rates and yields has created a gap between buyers' and sellers' expectation to prices of properties which is reflected in the lower transaction volume for investment properties in late 2023.

This has been reflected in the valuation of the company's investments in group enterprises.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

### Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
3	Gross profit/loss	-104	-72
	Income from investments in group enterprises	-31,729	51,990
	Financial expenses	0	-2
4	Profit/loss before tax	-31,833	51,916
	Tax for the year	23	16
	Profit/loss for the year	-31,810	51,932

Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
Proposed dividend recognised under equity	0	27,200
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the year	11,000	0
Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method	-58,929	51,990
Retained earnings/accumulated loss	16,119	-27,258
	-31,810	51,932

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
F	ASSETS Fixed assets		
5	Investments Investments in group enterprises	157,828	227,757
		157,828	227,757
	Total fixed assets	157,828	227,757
	Non-fixed assets Receivables Deferred tax assets	6	2
	Joint taxation contribution receivable	18	44
		24	46
	Cash	126	232
	Total non-fixed assets	150	278
	TOTAL ASSETS	157,978	228,035
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	40	40
	Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method	32,711	102,640
	Retained earnings Dividend proposed	125,134 0	98,015 27,200
	Total equity	157,885	227,895
	Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables Payables to group enterprises	42 51	46 94
	·	93	140
	Total liabilities other than provisions	93	140
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	157,978	228,035

Accounting policies
Staff costs
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
Security and collateral

# Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	40	55,950	119,972	5,200	181,162
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	51,990	-27,257	27,200	51,933
Distributed dividend from group enterprises	0	-5,300	5,300	0	0
Dividend distributed	0	0	0	-5,200	-5,200
Equity at 1 January 2023	40	102,640	98,015	27,200	227,895
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-69,929	16,119	0	-53,810
Dividend distributed	0	0	11,000	-27,200	-16,200
Equity at 31 December 2023	40	32,711	125,134	0	157,885

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Saltholmsgade Holding Residential ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

#### Income statement

#### Gross profit/loss

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit/loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Profit/loss from investments in group entities

The income statement includes the proportional share of the underlying companies' profit or loss after elimination of internal profit/loss and after tax. In group entities, the full elimination of internal profit and loss is carried out without regard to ownership shares.

#### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

#### Тах

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

### Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Investments in group entities

Equity investments in group entities are measured according to the equity method.

On initial recognition, equity investments in group entities are measured at cost, i.e. plus transaction costs. The cost is allocated in accordance with the acquisition method; see the accounting policies regarding business combinations.

The cost is adjusted by shares of profit/loss after tax calculated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies less or plus unrealised intra-group gains/losses.

Identified increases in value and goodwill, if any, compared to the underlying entity's net asset value are amortised in accordance with the accounting policies for the assets and liabilities to which they can be attributed. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement.

Dividend received is deduced from the carrying amount.

Equity investments in group entities measured at net asset value are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

#### Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

#### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

#### Equity

#### Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The net revaluation reserve according to the equity method includes net revaluations of investments in group entities and associates relative to cost. The reserve can be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of investments or a change in accounting estimates. The reserve cannot be recognised at a negative amount.

### Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

#### Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Notes to the financial statements

2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

	DKK'000	2023	2022
3	Financial expenses Other financial expenses	0	2
		0	2
4	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year	-18	-22
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year	-5	6
		-23	-16

#### 5 Investments

DKK'000	Investments in group enterprises
Cost at 1 January 2023	125,117
Cost at 31 December 2023	125,117
Value adjustments at 1 January 2023 Value adjustments for the year	102,640 -69,929
Value adjustments at 31 December 2023	32,711
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	157,828

Group entities

Name	Domicile	Interest	Equity DKK'000	Profit/loss DKK'000
Saltholmsgade ApS	Copenhagen	100.00%	157,828	-31,729

6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

### Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, Ejendomsselskabet PADK-3 ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities.

#### 7 Security and collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2023.