# GreenGo Energy M23 K/S

c/o Momentum Gruppen A/S Københavnsvej 81, 4000 Roskilde CVR no. 40 72 04 99

## Annual report 2019/20

(As of the establishment of the Company 12 August 2019 - 31 December 2020)

Approved at the Company's meeting of the Board of Directors on 4 May 2021

Chair of the meeting:

Niklas Will

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## Statement by the Board of Directors

Today, the Board of Directors has discussed and approved the annual report of GreenGo Energy M23 K/S for the financial year as of the establishment of the Company 12 August 2019 - 31 December 2020.

The annual report, which has not been audited, has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Board of Directors has considered the criteria for omission of audit to be met.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year as of the establishment of the Company 12 August 2019 - 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

Benjamin Raußmüller

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Roskilde, 4 May 2021 Board of Directors:

Dillas View

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## Independent auditor's report on the compilation of financial statements

To the general management of GreenGo Energy M23 K/S

We have compiled the financial statements of GreenGo Energy M23 K/S for the financial year as of the establishment of the Company 12 August 2019 - 31 December 2020 based on the Company's bookkeeping and other information provided.

The financial statements comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410 Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant ethical requirements in the Danish act on approved auditors and audit firms and FSR - Danish Auditors' code of ethics, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Aarhus, 4 May 2021

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Peter U. Faurschou

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne34502



### Management's review

Company details

Name GreenGo Energy M23 K/S

c/o Momentum Gruppen A/S Københavnsvej 81, 4000

Address, Postal code, City Roskilde

CVR no. 40 72 04 99 Established 12 August 2019

Registered office Roskilde

Financial year 12 August 2019 - 31 December 2020

Board of Directors Niklas Will

Benjamin Raußmüller

Accountant EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Værkmestergade 25, P.O. Box 330, 8100 Aarhus C,

Denmark

### Management commentary

**Business review** 

The entities purpose is to develop, operate, purchase and sell solar installations.

Financial review

The income statement for 2019/20 shows a loss of DKK 57 thousand, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows a negative equity of DKK 57 thousand.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.



## Income statement

Note	DKK	2019/20 17 months
3	Gross loss Staff costs	-16,877 0
4	Profit/loss before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	-16,877 7,058 -46,754
	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	-56,573 0
	Profit/loss for the year	-56,573
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss	
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-56,573
		-56,573



### Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2019/20
	ASSETS	
_	Fixed assets	
5	Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment under construction	5,882,835
		5,882,835
	Total fixed assets	5,882,835
	Non-fixed assets	
	Other receivables	1,470,890
		1,470,890
	Cash	461,346
	Total non-fixed assets	1,932,236
	TOTAL ASSETS	7,815,071
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	
	Equity	
	Retained earnings	-56,573
	Total equity	-56,573
6	Liabilities other than provisions  Non-current liabilities other than provisions	
O	Payables to group entities	7,855,482
		7,855,482
	Current liabilities other than provisions	
	Trade payables	5,001
	Payables to group enterprises	11,161
		16,162
		7,871,644
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	7,815,071

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## Statement of changes in equity

DKK	earnings
Cash payments concerning formation of enterprise Transfer through appropriation of loss	-56,573
Equity at 31 December 2020	-56,573

The Company's ordinary share capital is DKK 1,00 of one share. The amount is not paid.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of GreenGo Energy M23 K/S for 2019/20 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Income statement

#### Gross loss

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

#### Tax

The Company is not an independent taxable entity, and therefore, no tax and deferred tax have been recognised in the Company's operations in the financial statements. The profit for the year is recognised in the statement of taxable income of the shareholders in accordance with the general rules of Danish tax legislation.

#### Balance sheet

#### Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries and associates is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).



Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### 2 Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The Company's solar project is currently under development. Meaning, the project does not yet have all permits etc. in place to be build and operated.

There is some degree of uncertainty involved regarding the question of how the project will end out.

If the solar project reaches RTB Status (all permits etc. are in place, project development was fully successful), the project will be build and the Company will be generating profits.

If the solar project does not reach RTB Status (for example because permits etc. are not granted, project development was not successful), the Company needs to write off the previously spent amount.



Notes to the financial statements

#### 3 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

	DKK	2019/20 17 months
4	Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities Other financial expenses	42,538 4,216
		46,754
5	Property, plant and equipment	
		Property, plant and equipment under
	DKK	construction
	Additions	5,882,835
	Cost at 31 December 2020	5,882,835
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	5,882,835

Note 7 provides more details on security for loans, etc. as regards property, plant and equipment.

### 6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Of the long-term liabilities, DKK 7,855 thousand falls due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

### 7 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2020.