

# **Eagle Bulk Europe A/S**

**Nyhavn 43B 1., 1051 København K**

**Company reg. no. 40 71 70 56**

## **Annual report**

**1 January - 31 December 2023**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 4 July 2024.

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**Emmanoiul Metaxas**  
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

## **Management's statement**

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Today, the board of directors and the managing director have presented the annual report of Eagle Bulk Europe A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in our opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023.

We are of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København K, 4 July 2024

### **Managing Director**

Emmanoiul Metaxas

### **Board of directors**

Symeon Spyrou  
Chairman

Christos Begleris

Emmanouil Metaxas

## **Independent practitioner's report on extended review**

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### **To the Shareholders of Eagle Bulk Europe A/S**

#### **Conclusion**

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Eagle Bulk Europe A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

#### **Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements**

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

## **Independent practitioner's report on extended review**

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An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

### **Statement on the Management's Review**

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 4 July 2024

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR-nr. 33 96 35 56

**Brian Schmit Jensen**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Identification No. mne40050

## Company information

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<b>The company</b>	Eagle Bulk Europe A/S Nyhavn 43B 1. 1051 København K
	Company reg. no. 40 71 70 56
	Financial year: 1 January - 31 December 4th financial year
<b>Board of directors</b>	Symeon Spyrou, Chairman Christos Begleris Emmanouil Metaxas
<b>Managing Director</b>	Emmanouil Metaxas
<b>Auditors</b>	Deloitte, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 København S
<b>Parent company</b>	Eagle Shipping International (USA) LLC

## **Management's review**

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### **Description of key activities of the company**

The company's principal activity is to undertake shipping business and other business related here to.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 8.419.186 against DKK 12.567.463 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 348.103 against DKK 498.663 last year. Management considers the net profit for the year satisfactory.

### **Events occurring after the end of the financial year**

Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc., has in 2024 merged with Star Bulk Carriers Corp. 40, Agiou Konstantinou Str., Maroussi 15124, Athens, Greece.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of the annual report.

## **Accounting policies**

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The annual report for Eagle Bulk Europe A/S has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and measurement in general**

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

### **Foreign currency translation**

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

Fixed assets acquired and paid for in foreign currency are measured at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.



## Accounting policies

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### Income statement

#### **Gross profit**

Gross profit comprises the revenue and external costs.

Revenue comprise management fee. Income from management and administration services is recognized concurrently with delivery of services.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for sales, administration and premises.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

#### **Depreciation and writedown for impairment**

Depreciation and writedown for impairment comprise depreciation on and writedown for impairment of tangible assets.

#### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

#### **Tax on net profit or loss for the year**

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

### Statement of financial position

#### **Leasehold Improvements**

Leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accrued depreciations. Depreciation is done on a straightline basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, which is set at 3 years.

#### **Impairment loss relating to non-current assets**

The carrying amount of tangible fixed assets are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by depreciation.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

## **Accounting policies**

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The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist.

### **Investments**

#### **Deposits**

Deposits are measured at amortised cost and represent lease deposits, etc.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost less provisions for expected credit losses.

#### **Prepayments and accrued income**

Prepayments and accrued income recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

#### **Cash on hand and demand deposits**

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank.

#### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

#### **Liabilities other than provisions**

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

## **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>8.419.186</b>	<b>12.567.463</b>
1 Staff costs	-7.950.096	-11.875.525
Depreciation and impairment of property and equipment	-30.534	-30.534
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>438.556</b>	<b>661.404</b>
Other financial income	17.579	1.512
Other financial costs	-5.019	-9.783
<b>Pre-tax net profit or loss</b>	<b>451.116</b>	<b>653.133</b>
2 Tax on profit for the year	-103.013	-154.470
<b>Net profit or loss for the year</b>	<b>348.103</b>	<b>498.663</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of net profit:</b>		
Transferred to retained earnings	348.103	498.663
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>	<b>348.103</b>	<b>498.663</b>

## Balance sheet at 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

<b>Assets</b>			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
3	Leasehold improvements	20.967	51.501
	Total property, plant, and equipment	20.967	51.501
4	Other receivables	140.840	140.744
	Total financial assets	140.840	140.744
	<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>161.807</b>	<b>192.245</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
	Receivables from group enterprises	3.787.924	4.386.025
	Deferred tax assets	3.471	796
	Income tax receivables	0	28.854
	Other receivables	97.445	125.606
	Prepayments	104.518	99.666
	Total receivables	3.993.358	4.640.947
	Cash on hand and demand deposits	701.182	885.825
	<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>4.694.540</b>	<b>5.526.772</b>
	<b>Total assets</b>	<b>4.856.347</b>	<b>5.719.017</b>

## Balance sheet at 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		
<b>Equity</b>		
Contributed capital	400.000	400.000
Retained earnings	1.285.521	937.418
<b>Total equity</b>	<b><u>1.685.521</u></b>	<b><u>1.337.418</u></b>
 <b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		
Trade payables	179.127	220.441
Income tax payable	31.299	0
Other payables	2.960.400	4.161.158
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>3.170.826</u>	<u>4.381.599</u>
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b><u>3.170.826</u></b>	<b><u>4.381.599</u></b>
 <b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	 <b><u>4.856.347</u></b>	 <b><u>5.719.017</u></b>

**5 Contingencies**

**6 Related parties**

## Statement of changes in equity

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All amounts in DKK.

	<u>Contributed capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity 1 January 2022	400.000	438.755	838.755
Retained earnings for the year	0	498.663	498.663
Equity 1 January 2023	400.000	937.418	1.337.418
Retained earnings for the year	0	348.103	348.103
	<b>400.000</b>	<b>1.285.521</b>	<b>1.685.521</b>

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>1. Staff costs</b>		
Salaries and wages	7.021.477	10.981.492
Pension costs	893.798	859.932
Other costs for social security	34.821	34.101
	<u><b>7.950.096</b></u>	<u><b>11.875.525</b></u>
Average number of employees	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
<b>2. Tax on profit for the year</b>		
Tax for the year	105.688	157.146
Adjustment of deferred tax for the year	-2.675	-2.676
	<u><b>103.013</b></u>	<u><b>154.470</b></u>
<b>3. Leasehold improvements</b>		
Cost 1 January 2023	91.864	91.864
<b>Cost 31 December 2023</b>	<u><b>91.864</b></u>	<u><b>91.864</b></u>
Depreciation and write-down 1 January 2023	-40.363	-9.829
Depreciation for the year	-30.534	-30.534
<b>Depreciation and write-down 31 December 2023</b>	<u><b>-70.897</b></u>	<u><b>-40.363</b></u>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2023</b>	<u><b>20.967</b></u>	<u><b>51.501</b></u>
<b>4. Other receivables</b>		
Cost 1 January 2023	140.744	150.050
Additions during the year	96	8.694
Disposals during the year	0	-18.000
<b>Cost 31 December 2023</b>	<u><b>140.840</b></u>	<u><b>140.744</b></u>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2023</b>	<u><b>140.840</b></u>	<u><b>140.744</b></u>
Deposits	140.840	140.744
	<u><b>140.840</b></u>	<u><b>140.744</b></u>

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

### 5. Contingencies

#### Contingent liabilities

Rent liabilities

The company has a rent obligation. On 31 December 2023 the total obligation were DKK 150.393.

### 6. Related parties

#### Consolidated financial statements

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Eagle Bulk Shipping Inc., 300 First Stamford Place, 5th Floor Stamford, Connecticut, USA.