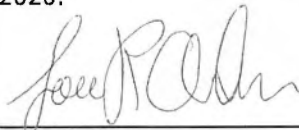


Centurion DK A/S

Annual Report for the period 5 August – 31
December 2019

The Annual Report was submitted and approved by the General Meeting on 26 May 2020.



Louise Rubæk Andersen
chair of the meeting

Centurion DK A/S
Klausdalsbrovej 601
DK-2750 Ballerup
www.nets.eu
Company reg. no. 40 69 58 69

Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Company data	7
Management's review	8
Accounting policies	9
Income Statement	11
Balance Sheet	12
Statement of changes in equity	14
Notes	15

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Centurion DK A/S for the financial period 5 August 2019 – 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the period 5 August 2019 – 31 December 2019.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ballerup, 26 May 2020

Executive Board



Frode Åsheim

CEO

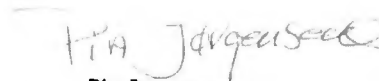
Board of Directors



Bo Nilsson
Chairman



Klaus Pedersen



Pia Jørgensen

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Centurion DK A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial period 5 August 2019 - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Centurion DK A/S for the financial period 5 August 2019 - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 26 May 2020

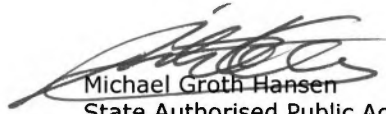
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31



Rasmus Friis Jørgensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne28705



Michael Groth Hansen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne33228

Company data

The Company

Centurion DK A/S

c/o Nets A/S
Klausdalsbrovej 601
2750 Ballerup

Company reg. no.: 40 69 58 69
Established: 5 August 2019
Domicile: Ballerup
Financial period: 5 August – 31 December

Board of Directors

Bo Nilsson
Klaus Pedersen
Pia Jørgensen

Executive Board

Frode Åsheim

Auditors

PwC
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business foundation

Centurion DK A/S' objective is to conduct business with payment services and other business related thereto.

2019 highlights

Net result for the year was negative by DKK 20 thousand. Net result level was in line with expectations.

Equity amounted to DKK 1,180 thousand ultimo 2019.

There are no employees in Centurion DK A/S.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events materially affecting the assessments of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date. For further information refer to note 6.

Accounting policies

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B enterprises under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The functional currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when an outflow of economic benefits is probable and when the liability can be reliably measured.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual item.

In recognising and measuring assets and liabilities, any gains, losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report that evidence conditions existing at the balance sheet date are taken into account.

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Equally, costs incurred to generate the year's earnings are recognised, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment and provisions as well as reversals as a result of changes in accounting estimates of amounts which were previously recognised in the income statement.

Functional and presentational currency

Items included in the financial information of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The financial information is presented in Danish kroner (DKK), which is also the functional and presentational currency of the Company.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as Financial income or Financial expense.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as Financial income or Financial expense.

External costs

External costs incurred in generating the revenue for the year comprise administration costs.

Financial income and Financial expenses

Financial income and Financial expenses comprise interest income and expense and realised and unrealised gains and dividends and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies and securities.

Tax

Centurion DK A/S and other Danish companies in the Nets Group are jointly taxed. The current Danish corporation tax allocated between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income is recognised in the income statement. The tax saving as a result of losses is also refunded proportionately.

Tax assets are recognised if they can be set off against deferred tax in other consolidated enterprises or if it is probable that it can be utilised in future earnings.

Current and deferred tax is computed at the tax rates applicable.

The companies in the Group are taxed under the on-account tax scheme. Interest/refund relating to the tax payment is included in interest income and expense and similar items.

Cash at banks

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank deposits.

Equity

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability at the date when they are adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Income Statement

DKK'000	Notes	2019 5 August - 31 December
External costs		-20
Operating result (EBIT)		-20
Result before tax		-20
Net result for the year		-20
Distribution of net result		
Retained earnings		-20
		-20

Balance Sheet

DKK'000	Notes	<u>2019</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Receivables from Group enterprises		<u>1,195</u>
Total current assets		<u>1,195</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>1,195</u>

Balance Sheet

DKK'000	Notes	<u>2019</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity		
Share capital	1	1,200
Reserves		<u>-20</u>
Total equity		<u>1,180</u>
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables		<u>15</u>
Total liabilities		<u>15</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>1,195</u>
Contingent liabilities	2	
Related party transactions	3	
Events after the balance sheet date	4	

Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity as at 5 August 2019	1,200	-	1,200
Net result for the period	-	-20	-20
Equity as at 31 December 2019	1,200	-20	1,180

Notes

1 Equity

The Company was formed on 5 August 2019, with a share capital of DKK 1,200 thousand. All shares issued by the Company was fully paid, and no shares carry any special rights.

2 Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish companies in the Nets Group. Together with the other companies included in the joint taxation, the Company has joint and several unlimited liabilities for Danish corporation taxes and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties.

The Company is comprised by a joint registration with other Danish companies owned by Nets Holdco 1 ApS. Together with the other companies included in the joint registration, the Company has joint and several unlimited liabilities for Danish VAT, payroll tax and interest within the joint registration.

3 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis.

The Company is fully owned by Nets Denmark A/S, Klausdalsbrovej 601, 2750 Ballerup, Denmark.

4 Events after the balance sheet date

The consequences of COVID-19, where Governments around the world have decided to enforce drastic measures, including "closing down" the countries, will have a significant impact on the global economy. The Nets Group is carefully monitoring any potential impact on the financial performance for 2020 and actions needed. The consequences of COVID-19 are considered a non-adjusting subsequent event regarding the financial statements as per 31 December 2019.