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# SSCP Projekt BH ApS

Rødovre Centrum 1 P, 1. 153 2610 Rødovre CVR No. 40693033

# **Annual report 2023**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 26.06.2024

# Stig German Mathiasen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

SSCP Projekt BH ApS Rødovre Centrum 1 P, 1. 153 2610 Rødovre

Business Registration No.: 40693033

Registered office: Rødovre

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

# **Board of Directors**

Lars Johansson, Chairman Søren Brogaard Pedersen Jesper Andreasen Stefan Valentin Wigren

# **Executive Board**

Stig German Mathiasen Claus Tüchsen

## **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of SSCP Projekt BH ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

**Claus Tüchsen** 

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 26.06.2024

Stig German Mathiasen

**Executive Board** 

<b>G</b>	
Board of Directors	
<b>Lars Johansson</b> Chairman	Søren Brogaard Pedersen
Jesper Andreasen	Stefan Valentin Wigren

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of SSCP Projekt BH ApS

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of SSCP Projekt BH ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
  preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
  uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to
  continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
  draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
  obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
  Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and

regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 26.06.2024

# **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

# **Thomas Frommelt Hertz**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne31543

# **Rasmus Christiansen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne50632

# Management commentary

# **Primary activities**

The company's main activity is to own the subsidiary SSCP Project BH ApS.

# **Development in activities and finances**

The company's income statement for 2023 shows a net loss of TDKK 62,361, and the company's balance sheet per December 31th shows the equity is TDKK 65,801.

The income statement is significantly affected by a fair value adjustment of the investment property in the company's subsidiary Bytorv Horsens. The loss for the year is thus affected by the uncertainties in the valuation of the investment property. The uncertainty is further described in the annual report for Bytorv Horsens ApS.

## **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2023**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Revenue		1,744,598	1,826,501
Other external expenses		(1,667,967)	(1,715,397)
Gross profit/loss		76,631	111,104
Income from investments in group enterprises		(62,439,399)	17,200,106
Other financial income	1	1,475	0
Other financial expenses		0	(3,347)
Profit/loss before tax		(62,361,293)	17,307,863
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	957,832	0
Profit/loss for the year		(61,403,461)	17,307,863
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Retained earnings		(61,403,461)	17,307,863
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(61,403,461)	17,307,863

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2023**

# **Assets**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		58,336,485	120,775,884
Contributed capital in arrears		5,580,000	5,580,000
Financial assets	3	63,916,485	126,355,884
Fixed assets		63,916,485	126,355,884
Receivables from group enterprises		25,000	190,261
Other receivables		423,580	323,580
Joint taxation contribution receivable		957,832	0
Receivables		1,406,412	513,841
Cash		535,471	557,333
Current assets		1,941,883	1,071,174
Assets		65,858,368	127,427,058

# **Equity and liabilities**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		2,400,000	2,400,000
Unpaid contributed capital		5,580,000	5,580,000
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		32,958,750	52,698,744
Retained earnings		24,862,335	66,525,802
Equity		65,801,085	127,204,546
Trade payables		51,000	197,233
Other payables		6,283	25,279
Current liabilities other than provisions		57,283	222,512
Liabilities other than provisions		57,283	222,512
Facility and liabilities		CE 050 2C0	427 427 050
Equity and liabilities		65,858,368	127,427,058
Employees	4		
Financial instruments	5		
Contingent liabilities	6		
Assets charged and collateral	7		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital DKK	Unpaid contributed capital DKK	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	2,400,000	5,580,000	52,698,744	21,308,662	81,987,406
Changes in accounting policies	0	0	0	45,217,140	45,217,140
Adjusted equity beginning of year	2,400,000	5,580,000	52,698,744	66,525,802	127,204,546
Transfer to reserves	0	0	(19,739,994)	19,739,994	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	(61,403,461)	(61,403,461)
Equity end of year	2,400,000	5,580,000	32,958,750	24,862,335	65,801,085

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# **Notes**

## 1 Other financial income

	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Other interest income	1,475	0
	1,475	0
2 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(957,832)	0
	(957,832)	0

# **3 Financial assets**

	Investments	Contributed
	in group	capital in
	enterprises	arrears
	DKK	DKK
Cost beginning of year	22,860,000	5,580,000
Cost end of year	22,860,000	5,580,000
Revaluations beginning of year	52,698,744	0
Changes in accounting policies	45,217,140	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	(62,439,399)	0
Revaluations end of year	35,476,485	0
Carrying amount end of year	58,336,485	5,580,000

	Equity				
		Corporate	interest	Equity	Profit/loss
Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	form	%	DKK	DKK
SSCP BH Holding ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	100.00	58,336,485	(62,439,399)

# **4 Employees**

The Entity has no employees. The members of the Executive Board have not received any remuneration.

# **5** Financial instruments

Financial instruments such as receivables, accounts payable and payables to group enterprises are measured recognised at amortised cost less any impairments. The fair value of these are deemed to agree with carrying amount.

The company has no financial liabilities measured at fair value as per the balance sheet date. However the company ownes 100% of the shares in Bytorv Horsens ApS, which measures Long-term interestbearing liabilities

are reported at fair value. This investment is recognized at equity value. Due to this, the company has chosen fair value as for long-term interest bearing liabilities related to financing of investment properties. As per the balance sheet date, this is only recognized through the investment in Bytorv Horsens ApS.

Financial assets and liabilities are based on the below measurement:

	2023	2022	
	DKK	DKK	
Contributed capital in arrears	5.580.000	5.580.000	
Receivables from group enterprises	25.000	190.261	
Other receivables	423.580	323.580	
Joint taxation contribution receivable	957.832	0	
Cash	535.471	557.333	
Financial assets recognised at amortised cost	7.521.883	6.651.174	
Trade payables	51.000	197.233	
Other payables	6.283	25.279	
Financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost	57.283	222.512	

# The company's financial policy and management of financial risks

The company has no external financing on a stand alone basis. All financial liabilities are related to the operations of the company. The company's financing is managed in the subsidiary Bytorv Horsens ApS, where the financing of the investment property consists of mortgage debt. This financing mainly consists of fixed interest loans. Approximately 17% of the loan portfolio is financed by a variable interest in Bytorv Horsens ApS.

## Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk consists of the changes in the company's cash flow which are due to changes in the refinancing rate on interest-bearing debt. The company is not directly exposed of any interest rate risk, as no interest-bearing debt is present. The value of the investments in group enterprises is exposed of a interest risk through the fair value of interest bearing debt of the financing of the investment property.

# Liquidity risk

The company has no interest bearing debt, and only limited financial liabilities. The company is not exposed of any further liquidity risks.

# **Currency risk**

The company is not exposed to currency risk.

#### **6 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for these entities.

## 7 Assets charged and collateral

SSCP Projekt BH ApS has pledged all shares in SSCP BH Holding ApS with associated voting rights to Jyske Realkredit A/S as collateral for any claim Jyske Realkredit A/S may have to SSCP Projekt BH ApS and/or Bytorv Horsens ApS in connection with loans in the property recognized in Bytorv Horsens ApS.

The pledge also includes any payment related to the pledged shares, including distribution in connection with capital reduction, ordinary or extraordinary dividends, liquidation and exit proceeds and with payment to SSCP Project BH ApS. The carrying amount of pledged assets amount to TDKK 58,336.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

## **Changes in accounting policies**

The Entity has changed its accounting policies with regard to recognition of financial assets and liabilities. Previously, the danish financial statements Act. has been used, which referes to IAS 39 for financial assets and liabilities. Management has, for 2023, chosen to implement IFRS 9 for financial assets and liabilities, according to the danish financial Statements Act. section 37 par. 5. Due to this change, the companies mortgage debt (Related to financing of the companies investment property) is now measured at fair value, with value adjustment in the profit and loss statement. Previously this was measured at amortized cost.

The effect in regards to recognition and measurement is only present on the company's investment in group enterprises, as the subsidiary, Bytorv Horsens ApS, now measures mortgage debt at fair value. The effect on SSCP projekt BH ApS is present as this is recognized thorugh the equity value.

The change in accounting policies has led to an increase in companies equity at the begining of the year of 45,217,140 DKK. The effect on the profit and loss statement amounts to (8.503.908) DKK for 2023, and 33,213,238 DKK for 2022.

The balance sheet total has been changed with an amount of 45,217,140 DKK.

The comparative figures have been restated following the change in accounting policies.

Apart from the areas mentioned above, the annual report has been presented applying the accounting policies consistently with last year.

## **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

# **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm

or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue consists of asset management income.

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

## Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc. received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on cash accounts.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

# **Balance sheet**

## Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to the reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# **Contributed capital in arrears**

Contributed capital in arrears consists of capital subscribed, but not paid up, which is recognised as a separate amount receivable in assets and a separate reserve in equity (gross method). The amount receivable is measured at amortised cost.

## Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

# Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

## Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

## Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.