

Hexatronic Danmark ApS

Sundkrogsgade 21 c/o Harbour House, DK-2100 Copenhagen CVR no. 40 63 91 01

Annual report for 2022

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 30 June 2023

حقومة

Monica Hashemi chairman



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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Hexatronic Danmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends to the company in general meeting that the financial statements for 2023 are not to be audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2023

Christian Priess

Executive board

Christian Tage Priess

The company in general meeting has resolved that the financial statements for the coming financial year are not be audited.



Company details

The company Hexatronic Danmark ApS

c/o Harbour House Sundkrogsgade 21 DK-2100 Copenhagen

CVR no.: 40 63 91 01

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2022

Domicile: Copehagen

Executive board Christian Tage Priess

Consolidated financial statements

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of

the parent company Hexatronic Group AB

The group annual report of Hexatronic Group AB may be obtained at

the following address: Hexatronic Group AB Sofierogata 3A 412 51 Göteborg

Sweden



Management's review

Business review

The company's purpose is to conduct business within the electronics industry with the development and sale of tele- and data communication products as well as electronic material and at, the discretion of the central management body, related business.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 shows a profit of DKK 251.235, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 890.959.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



Income statement 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		4.473.939	2.616.814
Staff expenses	1	-4.147.421	-2.320.535
Profit/loss before net financials		326.518	296.279
Financial income		2.186	6
Financial expenses		-2.433	-3.136
Profit/loss before tax		326.271	293.149
Tax on profit/loss for the period	2	-75.036	-64.790
Profit/loss for the year		251.235	228.359
Distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		251.235	228.359
		251.235	228.359



Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Receivables from associates		835.140	588.661
Other receivables		72.351	45.125
Corporation tax		0	210
Prepayments		0	43.467
Receivables		907.491	677.463
Cash at bank and in hand		1.012.164	427.109
Total current assets		1.919.655	1.104.572
Total assets		1.919.655	1.104.572



Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		40.000	40.000
Retained earnings		850.959	544.434
Equity		890.959	584.434
Trade payables		13.165	1.497
Corporation tax		23.018	0
Other payables		992.513	518.641
Total current liabilities		1.028.696	520.138
Total liabilities		1.028.696	520.138
Total equity and liabilities		1.919.655	1.104.572



Statement of changes in equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	40.000	544.434	584.434
Net profit/loss for the year	0	251.235	251.235
Contribution from group	0	55.290	55.290
Equity at 31 December 2022	40.000	850.959	890.959



Notes

		2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
1	Staff expenses		
	Wages and salaries	3.826.500	2.127.052
	Pensions	307.920	187.200
	Other social security costs	4.544	2.272
	Other staff costs	8.457	4.011
		4.147.421	2.320.535
	Average number of employees	2	1
2	Tax on profit/loss for the period		
	Current tax for the year	75.036	64.790
		75.036	64.790



Accounting policies

The annual report of Hexatronic Danmark ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2022 is presented in DKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.



Accounting policies

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Income from services, comprising service contracts and extended warranties relating to products and contracts sold is recognised on a straight-line basis as the services are provided.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the period

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.



Accounting policies

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.