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Best Value Denmark ApS

c/o Azets Insight A/S Lyskær 3C, 1., 2730 Herlev

CVR no. 40 62 47 32

Annual report 2023

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 17 June 2024
Chair of the meeting:
Miroslay Lubomirov Stoev

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Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Best Value Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Herlev, 17 June 2024		
Executive Board:		
Miroslav Lubomirov Stoev	Miglena Simeonova	

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Best Value Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Best Value Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 17 June 2024 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Kaare K. Lendorf State Authorised Public Accountant mne33819

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Management's review

Company details

Name Best Value Denmark ApS Address, Postal code, City c/o Azets Insight A/S

Lyskær 3C, 1., 2730 Herlev

CVR no. 40 62 47 32 Established 1 July 2019

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Executive Board Miroslav Lubomirov Stoev

Miglena Simeonova

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

Management's review

Business review

The company's purpose is to operate as holding company by owning investments in enterprises that buy and posess real estate.

Unusual matters having affected the financial statements

Going concern

At 31 December 2023 the Company's equity is negative t.DKK 24,774 and total liabilities amounts to t.DKK 99,002. To ensure the company's ongoing activities, the ultimate parent company have issued a letter of support.

Reference is made to note 2 for more details.

Financial review

The income statement for 2023 shows a loss of DKK 12,815 thousand against a loss of DKK 7,356 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows a negative equity of DKK 24,674 thousand. The Company´s financial performance in the year is in line with Management´s expectation.

As the company's purpose is to invest in companies which owns properties, the Company's business processes and the valuation of investment properties in the Company's subsidiaries is affected by changes in the property market, including the general level of interest rates and economic conditions.

The market situation in the real estate sector is affected by uncertainty, as a result of high inflation and increasing interest rates. However, the company's activities have not been significantly affected by this.

The uncertainty related to interest rates and yields has created a gap between buyers' and sellers' expectation to prices of properties which is reflected in the lower transaction volume for investment properties in 2023.

This has been reflected in the valuation of the company's properties, which have led to a lower fair value at 31 December 2023.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
4 5	Gross profit/loss Income from investments in group enterprises Financial income Financial expenses	-191 -10,444 2,001 -4,181	-130 -5,042 1,997 -4,181
	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	-12,815 0	-7,356 0
	Profit/loss for the year	-12,815	-7,356
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-12,815 -12,815	-7,356 -7,356

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
6	ASSETS Fixed assets Investments		
Ü	Investments in group enterprises	27,861	40,806
	Receivables from group enterprises	44,277	44,277
		72,138	85,083
	Total fixed assets	72,138	85,083
	Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Receivables from group enterprises	1,801	3,310
	Other receivables	24	24
		1,825	3,334
	Cash	365	26
	Total non-fixed assets	2,190	3,360
	TOTAL ASSETS	74,328	88,443
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	40	40
	Share premium account Retained earnings	960 -25,674	960 -12,859
	Total equity	-24,674	-11,859
7	Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
,	Payables to shareholders	92,920	92,920
		92,920	92,920
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables Payables to shareholders	69 6,013	50 7,332
		6,082	7,382
	Total liabilities other than provisions	99,002	100,302
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	74,328	88,443

- 1 Accounting policies2 Going concern uncertainties
- 3 Staff costs
- 8 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.9 Security and collateral
- 10 Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022 Transfer through appropriation	40	960	-5,503	-4,503
of loss	0	0	-7,356	-7,356
Equity at 1 January 2023 Transfer through appropriation	40	960	-12,859	-11,859
of loss	0	0	-12,815	-12,815
Equity at 31 December 2023	40	960	-25,674	-24,674

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Best Value Denmark ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Pursuant to section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit/loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Profit/loss from investments in group entities

The item includes dividend received from group entities in so far as the dividend does not exceed the accumulated earnings in the group entity in the period of ownership.

Financial income

Financial income are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Investments in group entities

Investments in group entities and associates are measured at cost. Dividends received that exceed the accumulated earnings in the group entity or the associate during the period of ownership are treated as a reduction in the cost of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of investments in group entities is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Notes to the financial statements

2 Going concern uncertainties

At 31 December 2023 the Company's equity is negative t.DKK 24,774 and total liabilities amounts to t.DKK 99,002. To ensure the company's ongoing activities, the ultimate parent company have issued a letter of support.

3 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

DKK'000			2023	2022
Financial income Interest receivable, group Exchange adjustments	entities		1,997 4	1,997 0
			2,001	1,997
Financial expenses				
Interest expenses, group	entities		4,181	4,181
			4,181	4,181
Investments				
DKK'000		Investments in group enterprises	Receivables from group enterprises	Total
Cost at 1 January 2023		40,806	44,277	85,083
Cost at 31 December 202	3	40,806	44,277	85,083
Impairment losses		-12,945	0	-12,945
Value adjustments at 31 I	December 2023	-12,945	0	-12,945
Carrying amount at 31 D	ecember 2023	27,861	44,277	72,138
Group entities				
Name	Domicile	Interest	Equity DKK'000	Profit/loss DKK'000
Best Value Stroget ApS	Herlev	100.00%	26,214	-9,153

50% of deferred tax on Investment properties in PropCo has been added to the recoverable amount in the impairment test. This is line with valuation practice and is a result of an expectation of agreed terms in a potential transaction with a third-party buyer.

7 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

DKK'000	Total debt at 31/12 2023	Short-term portion	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Payables to shareholders	92,920	0	92,920	92,920
	92,920	0	92,920	92,920

Notes to the financial statements

8 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

As management company, the Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group entities and is jointly and severally with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

9 Security and collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2023.

10 Related parties

Best Value Denmark ApS' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
BVEII Platform S.à r.l.	Luxembourg	Participating interest

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"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

Miglena Simeonova

Director

On behalf of: Best Value Denmark ApS Serial number: msimeonova@lop.lu IP: 85.10.xxx.xxx 2024-06-19 17:49:29 UTC



Miroslav Lubomirov Stoev

Director

On behalf of: Best Value Denmark ApS Serial number: miro@ferrisamc.com IP: 85.94.xxx.xxx 2024-06-20 09:40:51 UTC



Kaare Kristensen Lendorf

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR: 30700228 **State Authorised Public Accountant**

On behalf of: EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Serial number: 8eede778-219e-4dd7-8652-c0d59bb93611

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