NCP NextGen A/S

Dandyvej 19, 7100 Vejle CVR no. 40 50 61 36

Annual report 2021

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 25 May 2022

Chair of the meeting:

Michael Thomson

Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management's review	5
Financial statements 1 January - 31 December	6
Income statement Balance sheet	6 7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the financial statements	9

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of NCP NextGen A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Vejle, 25 May 2022 Executive Board:

Peter Halling

Board of Directors:

Michael Henrik Thomsen

Chair

Peter Halling 4

Lene Lind

There hend

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of NCP NextGen A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NCP NextGen A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 25 May 2022

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR 70. 30 70 02 28

For B. Lassen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne24820

Tobias Oppermann

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne46362

Management's review

Company details

Name NCP NextGen A/S

Address, Postal code, City Dandyvej 19, 7100 Vejle

CVR no. 40 50 61 36 Established 2 May 2019 Registered office Vejle

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors Michael Henrik Thomsen, Chair

Peter Halling Lene Lind

Executive Board Peter Halling

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Værkmestergade 25, P.O. Box 330, 8100 Aarhus C,

Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

The Company's purpose is to develop, produce and sell nicotine containing products as well as directly and indirectly related business activities based on the Board of Director's assessment.

Financial review

The income statement for 2021 shows a profit of DKK 9,585 thousand against a profit of DKK 4,635 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 16,255 thousand.

Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
	Gross profit Administrative expenses	12,612 -300	6,196 -281
2	Operating profit Financial income Financial expenses	12,312 37 -60	5,915 46 -18
3	Profit before tax Tax for the year	12,289 -2,704	5,943 -1,308
	Profit for the year	9,585	4,635
	Recommended appropriation of profit Retained earnings	9,585	4,635
	and the state of t	9,585	4,635

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
	ASSETS	50 X 2	
	Fixed assets		
4	Intangible assets Patents	4 207	1 470
	Patents	4,207	1,476
		4,207	1,476
5	Property, plant and equipment		
	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	7,548	0
		7,548	0
	Total fixed assets	11,755	1,476
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	11,204	2,228
	Other receivables	1,327	728
		12,531	2,956
	Cash	3,134	4,169
	Total non-fixed assets	15,665	7,125
	TOTAL ASSETS	27,420	8,601
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	400	400
	Retained earnings	15,855	6,270
	Total equity	16,255	6,670
	Provisions Deferred tax	926	325
	Total provisions	926	325
	Liabilities other than provisions	. 320	323
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	2,751	459
	Payables to group enterprises	5,385	164
	Corporation tax payable	2,103	983
		10,239	1,606
	Total liabilities other than provisions	10,239	1,606
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	27,420	8,601

¹ Accounting policies7 Collateral

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	400	6,270	6,670
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	9,585	9,585
Equity at 31 December 2021	400	15,855	16,255

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of NCP NextGen A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Effective from the financial year 2021, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Income statement

Gross profit

The items revenue, production costs and other operating income have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Raw materials and consumables, etc.

Raw materials and consumables include expenses relating to raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include expenses incurred in the year for company management and administration.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Patents are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Patents are amortised on a straight line basis over the remaining term of the patent.

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

	DKK'000	2021	2020
2	Financial income		
	Interest receivable, group entities	37	46
		37	46
3	Tax for the year		
	Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year	2,103 601	983 325
	berefred tax adjustments in the year		
		2,704	1,308
4	Intangible assets		
	DKK'000	_	Patents
	Cost at 1 January 2021 Additions		1,476 2,731
	Cost at 31 December 2021	7	4,207
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2021		4,207
5	Property, plant and equipment		
			Fixtures and fittings, other plant and
	DKK'000		equipment
	Additions	_	7,548
	Cost at 31 December 2021		7,548
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2021		7,548

6 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

7 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2021.