# Deloitte.



### **Dee4 Capital Partners ApS**

Amaliegade 33 B, 1. 1256 Copenhagen CVR No. 40420207

### Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 09.04.2021

lull

**Carsten Mortensen** 

Chairman of the General Meeting

# **Contents**

| Entity details                          | 2  |
|---|----|
| Statement by Management                 | 3  |
| Independent auditor's report            | 4  |
| Management commentary                   | 7  |
| Income statement for 2020               | 8  |
| Balance sheet at 31.12.2020             | 9  |
| Statement of changes in equity for 2020 | 11 |
| Notes                                   | 12 |
| Accounting policies                     | 13 |

# **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Dee4 Capital Partners ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 09.04.2021

**Executive Board** 

Carsten Mortensen

Frederick Edward Maconchy Lee

**Board of Directors** 

Carsten Mortensen

Frederick-Edward Maconchy Lee

Jens Christensen

Kosuke Takechi

Jan Michael Holm

# **Entity details**

### **Entity**

Dee4 Capital Partners ApS Amaliegade 33 B, 1. 1256 Copenhagen

CVR No.: 40420207

Date of foundation: 05.04.2019 Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

### **Board of Directors**

Carsten Mortensen Kosuke Takechi Frederick Edward Maconchy Lee Jan Michael Holm Jens Christensen

### **Executive Board**

Carsten Mortensen Frederick Edward Maconchy Lee

### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholders of Dee4 Capital Partners ApS

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Dee4 Capital Partners ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 09.04.2021

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

**Michael Thorø Larsen** 

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

# **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The Entity's primary activity is provide investment advisory services and management services to investment companies, private equity funds and similar entities as well as other ancillary business connected hereto.

### **Development in activities and finances**

The development in activities and finances were as expected.

### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2020**

|  |       | 2020        | 2019          |
|--|-------|-------------|---------------|
|  | Notes | DKK         | DKK           |
| Gross profit/loss                        |       | 11,833,778  | 1,418,619     |
| Chaff and he                             | 1     | (6 501 700) | (1, 425, 026) |
| Staff costs                              | 1     | (6,581,780) | (1,425,936)   |
| Operating profit/loss                    |       | 5,251,998   | (7,317)       |
|  |       |             |               |
| Other financial income                   |       | 295,051     | 8,065         |
| Other financial expenses                 |       | (1,428,956) | (30,170)      |
| Profit/loss before tax                   |       | 4,118,093   | (29,422)      |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year          |       | (921,424)   | (4,581)       |
| Profit/loss for the year                 |       | 3,196,669   | (34,003)      |
|  |       |             |               |
| Proposed distribution of profit and loss |       |             |               |
| Retained earnings                        |       | 3,196,669   | (34,003)      |
| Proposed distribution of profit and loss |       | 3,196,669   | (34,003)      |

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

### **Assets**

|                                  | 2020       | 2019      |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|
|                                  | Notes DKK  | DKK       |
| Investments in group enterprises | 3,894,496  | 0         |
| Financial assets                 | 3,894,496  | 0         |
| Fixed assets                     | 3,894,496  | 0         |
| Trade receivables                | 4,119,168  | 0         |
| Deferred tax                     | 6,096      | 9,753     |
| Other receivables                | 67,007     | 67,443    |
| Prepayments                      | 4,976,645  | 107,060   |
| Receivables                      | 9,168,916  | 184,256   |
| Cash                             | 10,187,666 | 2,575,574 |
| Current assets                   | 19,356,582 | 2,759,830 |
| Assets                           | 23,251,078 | 2,759,830 |

### **Equity and liabilities**

|       | 2020       | 2019   |
|-------|------------|--|
| Notes | DKK        | DKK  |
|       | 66,667     | 50,000   |
|       | 13,343,426 | 0  |
|       | 3,162,666  | (34,003)   |
|       | 16,572,759 | 15,997   |
|       |            |  |
|       | 917,767    | 14,334   |
|       | 1,881,793  | 345,146  |
|       | 3,878,759  | 2,384,353  |
|       | 6,678,319  | 2,743,833  |
|       |            |  |
|       | 6,678,319  | 2,743,833  |
|       | 23,251,078 | 2,759,830  |
|       | Notes      | Notes DKK  66,667  13,343,426  3,162,666  16,572,759  917,767  1,881,793  3,878,759  6,678,319 |

Contingent liabilities

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

|                          | Contributed | Share      | Retained  |            |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|------------|
|                          | capital     | premium    | earnings  | Total      |
|                          | DKK         | DKK        | DKK       | DKK        |
| Equity beginning of year | 50,000      | 0          | (34,003)  | 15,997     |
| Increase of capital      | 16,667      | 13,343,426 | 0         | 13,360,093 |
| Profit/loss for the year | 0           | 0          | 3,196,669 | 3,196,669  |
| Equity end of year       | 66,667      | 13,343,426 | 3,162,666 | 16,572,759 |

### **Notes**

### 1 Staff costs

|   | 2020      | 2019      |
|---|-----------|-----------|
|   | DKK       | DKK       |
| Wages and salaries                        | 6,569,978 | 1,421,960 |
| Other social security costs               | 11,802    | 3,976     |
|   | 6,581,780 | 1,425,936 |
| Number of employees at balance sheet date |           | 5         |
| Average number of full-time employees     |           | 5         |

### **2 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where CAMO Capital ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities.

Furthermore, there is an outstanding investment commitment of USD 564 t.

# **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The reporting currency is U.S Dollar (USD).

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

### **Income statement**

### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue comprise management fee from the Dee4 Capital Fund I K/S' group as well as arrangement fee.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies etc.

### **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

### Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

### **Deferred income**

Deferred income comprises income received for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.