

# **Better Energy Ådum P/S**

C/O Better Energy A/S  
Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor  
1850 Frederiksberg C

Business Registration No. 40390367

## **Annual Report 2023**

The annual report was presented and  
adopted at the Annual General Meeting  
on 25 April 2024

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Ho Kei Au  
Chair of the Annual General Meeting

## Better Energy Ådum P/S

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## Better Energy Ådum P/S

### Company information

<b>Company</b>	Better Energy Ådum P/S C/O Better Energy A/S Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor 1850 Frederiksberg C Business Registration No.: 40390367 Date of formation: 29 March 2019
<b>Board of Directors</b>	Mark Augustenborg Ødum Ho Kei Au Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær
<b>Executive Board</b>	Martin Brobæk Madsen, Director
<b>General Partner</b>	Better Energy Impact Komplementar I ApS
<b>Auditors</b>	Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Egtved Alle 4 6000 Kolding Business Registration No.: 33963556

## **Management's statement**

Today, the Executive Board and the Board of Directors have considered and adopted the annual report of Better Energy Ådum P/S for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of Better Energy Ådum P/S at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the management's review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 25 April 2024

### **Executive Board**

Martin Brobæk Madsen  
Director

### **Board of Directors**

Mark Augustenborg Ødum  
Chairman

Ho Kei Au  
Board member

Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær  
Board member

## **Independent auditor's report**

### **To the shareholders of Better Energy Ådum P/S**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Better Energy Ådum P/S for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's responsibilities for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

## Independent auditor's report

- \* Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- \* Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required by the relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's Review.

Kolding, 25 April 2024

### Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Business Registration No. 33963556

Lars Ørum Nielsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne26771

## **Better Energy Ådum P/S**

### **Management's review**

#### **The company's main activities**

The main activities of Better Energy Ådum P/S are to directly or indirectly acquire, own and operate solar parks and related activities.

#### **Development in activities and financial matters**

Better Energy Ådum P/S' income statement of the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 shows a result of DKK -3,454,021 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows a balance sheet total of DKK 230,671,945 and an equity of DKK 69,968,485.

## Better Energy Ådum P/S

### Income statement

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>12,947,061</b>	<b>883,880</b>
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		-7,256,491	-1,209,415
<b>Profit from ordinary operating activities</b>		<b>5,690,570</b>	<b>-325,535</b>
Financial income	1	245,474	817,102
Financial expenses	2	-9,390,065	-1,102,795
<b>Profit from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>-3,454,021</b>	<b>-611,228</b>
<b>Profit</b>		<b>-3,454,021</b>	<b>-611,228</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of results</b>			
Retained earnings		-3,454,021	-611,228
<b>Distribution of profit</b>		<b>-3,454,021</b>	<b>-611,228</b>



Better Energy Ådum P/S

Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>Assets</b>			
Land and buildings	3	14,560,028	14,560,028
Solar parks	4	211,293,648	221,482,697
Property, plant and equipment in progress	5	0	0
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>		<b>225,853,676</b>	<b>236,042,725</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>225,853,676</b>	<b>236,042,725</b>
Trade receivables		696,218	1,757,240
Other receivables		277,864	172,163
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>974,082</b>	<b>1,929,403</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>3,844,187</b>	<b>9,061,477</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>4,818,269</b>	<b>10,990,880</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>230,671,945</b>	<b>247,033,605</b>

Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>			
Contributed capital		400,000	400,000
Retained earnings		69,568,485	73,022,506
<b>Equity</b>		<b>69,968,485</b>	<b>73,422,506</b>
Asset retirement obligations		5,057,169	7,949,977
<b>Provisions</b>		<b>5,057,169</b>	<b>7,949,977</b>
Mortgage debt		102,590,147	0
Debt to other credit institutions		0	120,029,272
Payables to group enterprises		47,862,672	45,054,693
<b>Long-term liabilities other than provisions</b>	6	<b>150,452,819</b>	<b>165,083,965</b>
Short-term part of long-term liabilities other than provisions		3,664,971	0
Trade payables		1,233,654	577,157
Other payables		294,847	0
<b>Short-term liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>5,193,472</b>	<b>577,157</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>155,646,291</b>	<b>165,661,122</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		<b>230,671,945</b>	<b>247,033,605</b>
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## Better Energy Ådum P/S

### Statement of changes in Equity

	<b>Contributed capital</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
Equity 1 January 2023	400,000	73,022,506	73,422,506
Profit (loss)	0	-3,454,021	-3,454,021
<b>Equity 31 December 2023</b>	<b>400,000</b>	<b>69,568,485</b>	<b>69,968,485</b>

The company was established on 29 March 2019 with a contributed capital of DKK 1.

On 2 July 2021 the contributed capital was increased by DKK 39,999 to a total of DKK 40,000.

On 5 July 2021 the contributed capital was increased by DKK 360,000 to a total of DKK 400,000.

Notes

	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>1. Financial income</b>		
Other financial income	245,474	816,836
Exchange rate gains	0	266
	<b>245,474</b>	<b>817,102</b>
	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>2. Financial expenses</b>		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	2,809,268	363,387
Other financial expenses	6,580,797	739,030
Exchange rate losses	0	378
	<b>9,390,065</b>	<b>1,102,795</b>
	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>3. Land and buildings</b>		
Cost at the beginning of the year	14,560,028	14,560,028
<b>Cost at the end of the year</b>	<b>14,560,028</b>	<b>14,560,028</b>
<b>Carrying amount at the end of the year</b>	<b>14,560,028</b>	<b>14,560,028</b>
	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>4. Solar parks</b>		
Cost at the beginning of the year	222,692,112	0
Additions for the year	0	217,489,997
Disposal for the year	-2,932,558	0
Transfers from property, plant and equipment in progress	0	5,202,115
<b>Cost at the end of the year</b>	<b>219,759,554</b>	<b>222,692,112</b>
Depreciation at the beginning of the year	-1,209,415	0
Depreciations for the year	-7,256,491	-1,209,415
<b>Depreciations at the end of the year</b>	<b>-8,465,906</b>	<b>-1,209,415</b>
<b>Carrying amount at the end of the year</b>	<b>211,293,648</b>	<b>221,482,697</b>
Interests included in cost of assets	0	474,935

## Notes

	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>5. Property, plant and equipment in progress</b>		
Cost at the beginning of the year	0	5,202,115
Transfers during the year to other items	0	-5,202,115
<b>Cost at the end of the year</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Carrying amount at the end of the year</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

## 6. Long-term liabilities other than provisions

	Due after 1 year DKK	Due within 1-5 years DKK	Due after 5 years DKK
Mortgage debt	102,590,147	14,942,976	87,647,171
Payables to group enterprises	47,862,672	0	47,862,672
	<b>150,452,819</b>	<b>14,942,976</b>	<b>135,509,843</b>

## 7. Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## 8. Contingent liabilities

The Entity is exposed to pay compensation or buy properties located within 200 meters of a solar park (Danish renewable energy legislation).

The company has entered into 9 long-term physical contracts to deliver power at a fixed price. The contract terms are 5-10 years from 01.01.2023 and covers approx. 66% of the annual volume.

## 9. Assets charged and collateral

On 31 December 2023, the value of assets charged as collateral is DKK 225.9 million. The debt to credit institutions secured by mortgaged assets is DKK 108.2 million.

In the event that the company defaults on its obligations regarding its mortgage loan, the right to collect income under a power purchase agreement (PPA) and from an Energy company is transferred to the lender.

## 10. Group relations

Name and registered office of the parent company preparing consolidated statements for the smallest group: Better Energy Impact K/S, Business Registration No. 41680768, Frederiksberg.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

The annual report of Better Energy Ådum P/S for 2023 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year, except reclassification of payables to group enterprises from short to long term liabilities.

### **Reporting currency**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item. Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## **Income statement**

### **Gross profit/loss**

The company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other external expenses.

### **Revenue**

Revenue from the sale of electricity is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the grid company.

Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses for operation and administration.

### **Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets**

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Financial income**

Financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, amortisation of financial assets, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as fair value adjustments of financial interests.

### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, amortisation of financial liabilities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as fair value adjustments of financial interests.

## **Balance sheet**

### **Property, plant and equipment**

Land and buildings, solar parks, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The present value of expected costs of dismantling a solar park after the end of useful life is included in the cost of the solar park.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings:	50 years
Solar parks:	30 years
Tools and equipment:	3-8 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period. Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

## **Equity**

### **Proposed dividends**

Proposed dividends for the year are recognised as a separate item under equity. Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability when approved by the Annual General Meeting.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Provisions**

#### **Asset retirement obligations**

Asset retirement obligations comprise the present value of the estimated expenses related to the retirement of solar plants at the end of their useful life. The provision is determined by discounting expected future cash flows.

#### **Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the Income Statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortised cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

#### **Off-balance sheet items**

Contingent liabilities comprise obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not fully within the control of the company; or present obligations that arise from past events but are not recognised because the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will probably not be required to settle the obligation or because the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Lease commitments are measured at the nominal value of the remaining lease payments.