

# JFP Company ApS

Kybehuse 133, 7870 Roslev CVR no. 40 36 00 34

## **Annual report for 2022**

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 17.01.23

Jannich Friis Petersen Dirigent



## **Table of contents**

Company information etc.	
Statement by the Executive Board on the annual report	4
Practitioner's compilation report	5
Management's review	6
Income statement	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	9
Notes	10 - 13



## Company information etc.

## The company

JFP Company ApS Kybehuse 133 7870 Roslev

Registered office: Skive CVR no.: 40 36 00 34

Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

## **Executive Board**

Jannich Friis Petersen

## **Auditors**

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab



JFP Company ApS

## Statement by the Executive Board on the annual report

I have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 01.01.22 - 31.12.22 for JFP Company ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven).

The financial statements have not been audited, and I declare that the relevant conditions have been met.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.22 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 01.01.22 - 31.12.22.

I believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Roslev, January 16, 2023

#### **Executive Board**

Jannich Friis Petersen



To the management of JFP Company ApS

Based on the company's book-keeping and other information provided by the management, we have compiled the financial statements of JFP Company ApS for the financial year

01.01.22 - 31.12.22.

The financial statements comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of

changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant

accounting policies.

We have performed our compilation engagement in accordance with the ISRS 4410 standard

on Engagements to Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the management with the preparation

and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial State-

ments Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms (Revisorloven) and the code of ethics of International Ethics

Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants

(IESBA Code), including principles of integrity, professional competence and due care.

Management retains responsibility for the financial statements and for the accuracy and

completeness of the financial information on the basis of which the financial statements are

prepared and presented.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to

verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management for the compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we will not express an audit opinion or

a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with

the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Vejle, January 16, 2023

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Boye Graversen

State Authorized Public Accountant

MNE-no. mne44109



5

## **Primary activities**

The company's activities comprise investment.

## Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 01.01.22 - 31.12.22 shows a profit/loss of DKK 36,797 against DKK 1,493,261 for the period 01.01.21 - 31.12.21. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 1,315,137.

## Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.



## **Income statement**

		-
Retained earnings	-195,403	1,373,261
Proposed dividend for the financial year	117,800	C
Extraordinary dividend for the financial year	114,400	120,000
Proposed appropriation account		
Profit for the year	36,797	1,493,261
Financial expenses	-48,354 	-40,403
Financial income	101,025	110
Income from equity investments in associates	0	1,594,460
Gross loss	-15,874	-60,906
	DIXIX	
	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
	2022	202



Α	S	S	E	Т	S

31.12.22 DKK	31.12.21 DKK
1,848	С
1,848	0
951,195	737,370
951,195	737,370
366,996	734,844
1,320,039	1,472,214
1,320,039	1,472,214
	DKK  1,848  1,848  951,195  951,195  366,996  1,320,039

## **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**

Share capital	50,000	50,000	
Retained earnings	1,147,337	1,342,740	
Proposed dividend for the financial year	117,800	0	
Total equity	1,315,137	1,392,740	
Trade payables	4,750	4,750	
Other payables	152	74,724	
Total short-term payables	4,902	79,474	
Total payables	4,902	79,474	
Total equity and liabilities	1,320,039	1,472,214	

- 1 Fair value information
- <sup>2</sup> Contingent liabilities
- 3 Charges and security



## Statement of changes in equity

Figures in DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the financial year	Total equity
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.21 - 31.12.21				
Balance as at 01.01.21	50,000	-30,521	0	19,479
Extraordinary dividend paid	, 0	-120,000	0	-120,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	1,493,261	0	1,493,261
Balance as at 31.12.21	50,000	1,342,740	0	1,392,740
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.22 - 31.12.22				
Balance as at 01.01.22	50,000	1,342,740	0	1,392,740
Extraordinary dividend paid	, 0	-114,400	0	-114,400
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-81,003	117,800	36,797
Balance as at 31.12.22	50,000	1,147,337	117,800	1,315,137



## 1. Fair value information

	Listed securities and
Figures in DKK	equity investments
Fair value as at 31.12.22	951,195
Unrealised changes of fair value recognised in the income statement for the year	47,571

## 2. Contingent liabilities

The company has no contingent liabilities as at 31.12.22.

## 3. Charges and security

The company has not provided any security over assets.



### 4. Accounting policies

#### **GENERAL**

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven) for enterprises in reporting class B with application of provisions for a higher reporting class.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently with previous years.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.

#### **CURRENCY**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences between the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date and the exchange rate at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as a financial item. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate applicable at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest annual report is recognised under financial income or expenses in the income statement.



## 4. Accounting policies - continued -

#### **INCOME STATEMENT**

#### **Gross loss**

Gross loss comprises other external expenses.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to distribution, sales and advertising and administration, premises and bad debts to the extent that these do not exceed normal writedowns.

#### Income from equity investments in associates

Income from equity investments in equity investments in associates comprises gains and losses on the sale of equity investments.

#### Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses, foreign exchange gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies, gains and losses on other securities and equity investments etc. are recognised in other net financials.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.



#### 4. Accounting policies - continued -

#### BALANCE SHEET

#### Other investments

Other securities are measured at fair value, equivalent to the market value at the balance sheet date.

#### Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank account.

#### **Equity**

The proposed dividend for the financial year is recognised as a separate item in equity.

#### Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

#### **Payables**

Short-term payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables.

