c/o Accountor Denmark ApS Herlev Hovedgade 195 A 2730 Herlev

CVR No. 40343040

Annual Report 2022

4. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 8 March 2023

Dr. Ibrahim Farr Chairman

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Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Pivotal Clinical ApS for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Herlev, 8 March 2023

Executive Board

Dr. Ibrahim Farr Manager

Company details

Company Pivotal Clinical ApS

c/o Accountor Denmark ApS Herlev Hovedgade 195 A

2730 Herlev

CVR No. 40343040
Date of formation 6 March 2019

Financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022

Executive Board Dr. Ibrahim Farr

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in Clinical Research services to the healthcare industry.

Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 shows a result of DKK 366 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2022 a balance sheet total of DKK 50.000 and an equity of DKK 50.000.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The annual report of Pivotal Clinical ApS for 2022 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

General information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based at the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment of tax scheme.

Dividends from other investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

Accounting Policies

Balance sheet

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Income Statement

	Note	2022 kr.	2021 kr.
Gross profit		0	0
Other finance income		366	0
Finance expences		0	-366
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		366	-366
Profit		366	-366
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		366	-366
Distribution of profit		366	-366

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

Assets	Note	2022 kr.	2021 kr.
Cash and cash equivalents		50.000	49.634
Current assets		50.000	49.634
Assets		50.000	49.634

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

Note	2022 kr.	2021 kr.
	50.000	50.000
	0	-366
	50.000	49.634
	50.000	49.634
	Note	Note kr. 50.000 0