

Churney ApS

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Annual Report 2023

The Annual Report was presented and
adopted at the Annual General Meeting of
the Company on 27 June 2024

Brian Christian Peter Brost
Chairman

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Company details

Company	Churney ApS Nørrebrogade 110, 1. th. 2200 København N
CVR No.	40319042
Date of formation	3 February 2019
Financial year	1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023
Supervisory Board	Shaha Tzafrir Brian Christian Peter Brost, Manager Noy Galil Rotbart, Man. Director
Executive Board	Noy Galil Rotbart, Man. Director Brian Christian Peter Brost, Manager
Auditors	KRESTON CM Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab Adelgade 15 1304 København K CVR-no.: 39463113

Churney ApS

Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Churney ApS for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 27 June 2024

Executive Board

Noy Galil Rotbart
Man. Director

Brian Christian Peter Brost
Manager

Supervisory Board

Shaha Tzafrir
Chairman

Brian Christian Peter Brost
Member

Noy Galil Rotbart
Member

The independent practitioner's report

To the shareholders of Churney ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Churney ApS for the financial year 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR - Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act , and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing The Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

The independent practitioner's report

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any materially misstatement in the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 27 June 2024

KRESTON CM

Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab

CVR-no. 39463113

Christian Dohn

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35842

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in delivering digital database services and services.

Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 shows a result of DKK -10.362.247 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2023 a balance sheet total of DKK 21.540.356 and an equity of DKK 9.213.371.

Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The annual report of Churney ApS for 2023 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with the adoption of individual rules from class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

General information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit is a combination of the items of revenue, change in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and goods for resale, other operating income, costs for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Accounting Policies

Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the buyer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised excluding VAT and all discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

Direct cost

Direct costs comprise the cost of goods purchased less discounts, costs subcontractors and change in inventories for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leasing expenses etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pension to the Companies employees, as well as other social security contributions etc.

Other staff expenses are recognised in other external expenses.

Amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets

Amortization and impairment of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment has been performed based on a continuing assessment of the useful life of the assets in the Company. Non-current assets are amortized on a straight line basis, based on cost, on the basis of the following assessment of useful life and residual values:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years	0%
Leasehold improvements	5 years	0%

Profit or loss resulting from the sale of intangible assets or property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale, and is recognised in the income statement under other operating income or expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based at the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment of tax scheme.

Dividends from other investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Accounting Policies

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is calculated taking into consideration the residual value of the asset at the end of its useful life, reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the date of acquisition. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, depreciation is discontinued.

In case of changes in depreciation period or residual value, the effect of a change in depreciation period is recognised prospectively in accounting estimates.

Cost includes the purchase price and expenses directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes costs for materials, components, subcontractors, direct payroll costs and indirect production costs.

The cost of composite asset is disaggregated into components, which are separately depreciated if the useful lives of the individual component differ.

Deposits

Deposits are measured at cost.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax and the associated adjustments for the year are determined according to the liability method as the tax base of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be used, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in enterprises within the same legal entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax.

Current tax liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Accounting Policies

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortized cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2023 kr.	2022 kr.
Gross profit		-1.834.852	-767.301
Employee benefits expense	1	-8.999.109	-4.891.433
Depreciation, amortisation expense and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets recognised in profit or loss		-183.577	-86.955
Profit from ordinary operating activities		-11.017.538	-5.745.689
Finance income		103.213	162.323
Finance expenses		-103.077	-443.792
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		-11.017.402	-6.027.158
Tax expense on ordinary activities	2	655.155	618.244
Profit		-10.362.247	-5.408.914
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		-10.362.247	-5.408.914
Distribution of profit		-10.362.247	-5.408.914

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 kr.	2022 kr.
Assets			
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	3	316.033	463.703
Leasehold improvements	4	134.649	170.556
Property, plant and equipment		450.682	634.259
Deposits, investments	5	78.000	78.000
Investments		78.000	78.000
Fixed assets		528.682	712.259
Short-term trade receivables		421.108	81.125
Other receivables		30.888	78.786
Short-term tax receivables		655.155	618.244
Deferred income assets		14.000	0
Receivables		1.121.151	778.155
Cash and cash equivalents		19.890.523	20.376.433
Current assets		21.011.674	21.154.588
Assets		21.540.356	21.866.847

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 kr.	2022 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital		55.752	55.752
Retained earnings		9.157.619	19.519.866
Equity		9.213.371	19.575.618
Debet to credit institutions		814.730	1.309.325
Other payables		9.999.348	0
Long-term liabilities other than provisions	6	10.814.078	1.309.325
Short-term part of long-term liabilities other than provisions		574.200	0
Trade payables		68.690	26.499
Other payables		870.017	955.405
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		1.512.907	981.904
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		12.326.985	2.291.229
Liabilities and equity		21.540.356	21.866.847
Contingent liabilities	7		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	8		

Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2023	55.752	19.519.866	19.575.618
Profit (loss)	0	-10.362.247	-10.362.247
Equity 31 December 2023	55.752	9.157.619	9.213.371

Notes

	2023	2022
1. Employee benefits expense		
Wages and salaries	8.148.023	4.628.476
Post-employment benefit expense	753.372	223.480
Social security contributions	97.714	39.477
	8.999.109	4.891.433
Average number of employees	13	7
2. Tax expense on ordinary activities		
Tax expense on ordinary activities	-655.155	-618.244
	-655.155	-618.244
3. Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		
Cost at the beginning of the year	541.681	43.518
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	0	498.163
Cost at the end of the year	541.681	541.681
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-77.978	0
Amortisation for the year	-147.670	-77.978
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-225.648	-77.978
Carrying amount at the end of the year	316.033	463.703
4. Leasehold improvements		
Cost at the beginning of the year	179.533	0
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	0	179.533
Cost at the end of the year	179.533	179.533
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-8.977	0
Amortisation for the year	-35.907	-8.977
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-44.884	-8.977
Carrying amount at the end of the year	134.649	170.556
5. Deposits		
Cost at the beginning of the year	78.000	20.000
Addition during the year	0	78.000
Disposal during the year	0	-20.000
Cost at the end of the year	78.000	78.000
Carrying amount at the end of the year	78.000	78.000

Notes

	2023	2022	
	Due after 1 year	Due within 1 year	Due after 5 years
Debt to credit institutions	814.730	574.200	0
Other payables	9.999.348	0	0
	10.814.078	574.200	0

6. Long-term liabilities

	Due after 1 year	Due within 1 year	Due after 5 years
Debt to credit institutions	814.730	574.200	0
Other payables	9.999.348	0	0
	10.814.078	574.200	0

7. Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into a lease agreement regarding premises. There is a notice period of 6 months for the contracts, amounting to t.kr. 168, of which t.kr. 168 is due within a year.

8. Collaterals and securities

As collateral for debt to financial institutions, the company has provided company pledge, total t.kr. 1.250, in fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment, inventories, short-term trade receivables and goodwill which financial value per December 31th 2023 is:

- Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment, t.kr. 316
- Short-term trade receivables, t.kr. 421

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Brian Christian Peter Brost

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Brian Christian Peter Brost

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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Noy Galil Rotbart

Adm. direktør

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Noy Galil Rotbart

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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Shaha Tzafrir

Bestyrelsesformand

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2024-06-30 14:47:03 UTC

Christian Berg Dohn

Kreston CM Statsautoriseret Revisions interessentskab CVR: 39463113

Statsautoriseret revisor

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Brian Christian Peter Brost

Dirigent

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