
Capnor Connery MidCo A/S

c/o Conscia A/S Kirkebjerg Parkvej 9, 2, DK-2605 Brøndby

Annual Report for 1 October 2021 - 30 September 2022

CVR No. 40 31 45 98

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 8/12 2022

Jacob Bryde
Christensen
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of Capnor Connery MidCo A/S for the financial year 1 October 2021 - 30 September 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 September 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021/22.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Brøndby, 8 December 2022

Executive Board

Jess Ørgaard Libak Tropp
CEO

Board of Directors

Morten Marc Hübbe
Chairman

Peter Thorninger

Jess Ørgaard Libak Tropp

Emil André Schacher

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholders of Capnor Connery MidCo A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 September 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2021 - 30 September 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Capnor Connery MidCo A/S for the financial year 1 October 2021 - 30 September 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 8 December 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Rasmus Friis Jørgensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne28705

Thomas Baunkjær Andersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35483

Company information

The Company	Capnor Connery MidCo A/S c/o Conscia A/S Kirkebjerg Parkvej 9, 2 DK-2605 Brøndby CVR No: 40 31 45 98 Financial period: 1 October 2021 - 30 September 2022 Incorporated: 5 March 2019 Financial year: 4th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Brøndby
Board of Directors	Morten Marc Hübbe, chairman Peter Thorninger Jess Ørgaard Libak Tropp Emil André Schacher
Executive board	Jess Ørgaard Libak Tropp
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Key activities

The principal activities of Capnor Connery MidCo A/S consist of owning capital shares in affiliated companies, including other related business, cf. the board's assessment.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2021/22 shows a loss of TDKK 15, and at 30 September 2022 the balance sheet of the Company shows positive equity of TDKK 1,723,810.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

There has been no uncertainty regarding recognition and measurement in the Annual Report.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income statement 1 October 2021 - 30 September 2022

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
		TDKK	TDKK
Gross loss		-19	-32
Profit/loss before tax		-19	-32
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	4	8
Net profit/loss for the year		-15	-24

Distribution of profit

	2021/22	2020/21
	TDKK	TDKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Retained earnings	-15	-24
	-15	-24

Balance sheet 30 September 2022

Assets

	Note	2021/22 TDKK	2020/21 TDKK
Investments in subsidiaries	2	1,723,835	1,704,491
Fixed asset investments		1,723,835	1,704,491
Fixed assets		1,723,835	1,704,491
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises		12	8
Receivables		12	8
Cash at bank and in hand		22	48
Current assets		34	56
Assets		1,723,869	1,704,547

Balance sheet 30 September 2022

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
		TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		1,716	1,703
Retained earnings		1,722,094	1,702,778
Equity		1,723,810	1,704,481
Payables to group enterprises		40	39
Other payables		19	27
Short-term debt		59	66
Debt		59	66
Liabilities and equity		1,723,869	1,704,547

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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 October	1,703	0	1,702,778	1,704,481
Capital increase	13	19,331	0	19,344
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-15	-15
Transfer from share premium account	0	-19,331	19,331	0
Equity at 30 September	1,716	0	1,722,094	1,723,810

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2021/22	2020/21
	TDKK	TDKK
1. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	-4	-7
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	-1
	<u>-4</u>	<u>-8</u>

	2021/22	2020/21
	TDKK	TDKK
2. Investments in subsidiaries		
Cost at 1 October	1,704,491	1,704,491
Additions for the year	19,344	0
Cost at 30 September	<u>1,723,835</u>	<u>1,704,491</u>
Carrying amount at 30 September	<u>1,723,835</u>	<u>1,704,491</u>

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Ownership
Capnor Connery BidCo A/S	Brøndby, Denmark	1,717	100%

3. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The Company and its Danish subsidiaries are jointly taxed with the Danish companies of Capnor Connery Holdco A/S. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Capnor Connery HoldCo A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the largest and smallest group:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of registered office</u>
Capnor Connery HoldCo A/S (ultimate parent)	Brøndby, Denmark

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which not have been carried out on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Capnor Connery MidCo A/S for 2021/22 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021/22 are presented in TDKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements for 2021/22 of , the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administration.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises other external expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary. However, dividends relating to earnings in the subsidiary before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the subsidiary.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Capnor Connery HoldCo A/S. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.