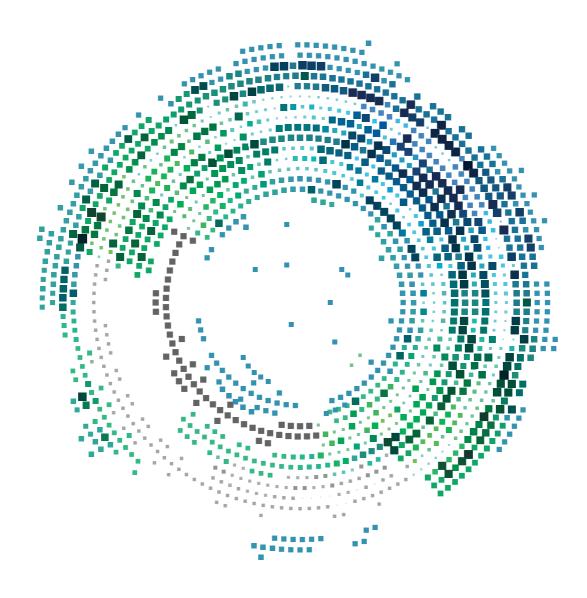
# Deloitte.



# Euro Economics Xi ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 København K CVR No. 40304118

# Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 30.06.2021

# **Claus Molbech Bendtsen**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

Euro Economics Xi ApS Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 København K

CVR No.: 40304118

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

# **Executive Board**

Claus Molbech Bendtsen, direktør

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Euro Economics Xi ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 30.06.2021

**Executive Board** 

**Claus Molbech Bendtsen** direktør

# Independent auditor's extended review report

## To the shareholders of Euro Economics Xi ApS

#### **Conclusion**

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Euro Economics Xi ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at. 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

# Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 30.06.2021

## **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

# **Morten Gade Steinmetz**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34145

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The Company's activities consists of acuiring and operating real estate as well as indirect ownership of properties.

# **Development in activities and finances**

The loss for the year is DKK 43k and is considered expected.

The Company has lost more than 50% of its share capital and the Company expects to be able to reestablish the entire share capital through its own earnings in the coming years. Management believes that the Company through its own earnings, can maintain capital reserves for continued operations. Until the Mother Company will support the Company financially.

## **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2020**

	Notes	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(15,762)	(8,417)
Other financial income		196,100	0
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(158,146)	0
Other financial expenses		(63,640)	0
Profit/loss before tax		(41,448)	(8,417)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	(2,000)	2,000
Profit/loss for the year		(43,448)	(6,417)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(43,448)	(6,417)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(43,448)	(6,417)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

# **Assets**

	2020	2019
	Notes DKK	DKK
Deferred tax	0	2,000
Other receivables	19,230,685	0
Receivables	19,230,685	2,000
Cash	53,733	48,083
Current assets	19,284,418	50,083
Assets	19,284,418	50,083

# **Equity and liabilities**

Notes	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
	50,000	50,000
	(49,865)	(6,417)
	135	43,583
	6,500	6,500
	13,215,783	0
2	6,062,000	0
	19,284,283	6,500
	19,284,283	6,500
	19,284,418	50,083
		Notes DKK 50,000 (49,865) 135 6,500 13,215,783 2 6,062,000 19,284,283

Contingent liabilities

3

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	(6,417)	43,583
Profit/loss for the year	0	(43,448)	(43,448)
Equity end of year	50,000	(49,865)	135

The company has lost more than 50% of its equity. The company expects to re-establish the equity in 2021 by improving profits.

# **Notes**

# 1 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	2,000	(2,000)
	2,000	(2,000)

# 2 Other payables

Other payables relates to loan from Euro Economics XII ApS

# **3 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Euro Economics ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### Non-comparability

Last year's financial period of the company covered the period 15.02.2019 - 31.12.2019. This year's financial period consists of 12 months. Thus, there is no direct comparison with the comparable figures.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

## **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

# Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises etc.

## Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

# Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises etc.

# Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

# **Balance sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts

## **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

## Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

# Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.