

# **Von Gyesen ApS**

**Nymøllevej 11, 2820 Lyngby**

**Company reg. no. 40 19 07 40**

## **Annual report**

**1 January - 31 December 2022**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 3 February 2023.

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**Kristoffer Groth Jakobsen**  
Chairman of the meeting

## Contents

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	<u>Page</u>
<b>Reports</b>	
Management's statement	1
Independent auditor's report on extended review	2
<b>Management's review</b>	
Company information	4
Management's review	5
<b>Financial statements 1 January - 31 December 2022</b>	
Accounting policies	6
Income statement	10
Balance sheet	11
Notes	13

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

## **Management's statement**

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Today, the managing director has presented the annual report of Von Gyesen ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in my opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

I am of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Lyngby, 3 February 2023

**Managing Director**

Kristoffer Groth Jakobsen

## **Independent auditor's report on extended review**

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### **To the Shareholder of Von Gyesen ApS**

#### **Opinion**

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Von Gyesen ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements**

Our responsibility is to express a opinion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our opinion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our opinion.

## **Independent auditor's report on extended review**

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An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

### **Statement on the Management's Review**

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance opinion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 3 February 2023

### **Grant Thornton**

State Authorised Public Accountants  
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

### **Carsten Ingemann Johansen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne32071

## **Company information**

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**The company**

Von Gyesen ApS  
Nymøllevej 11  
2820 Lyngby

Company reg. no. 40 19 07 40  
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

**Managing Director**

Kristoffer Groth Jakobsen

**Auditors**

Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Stockholmsgade 45  
2100 København Ø

**Participating interest**

NAVIGATE Public Affairs ApS, København

## **Management's review**

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### **The principal activities of the company**

The company's main activity is to own shares in NAVIGATE Public Affairs ApS.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

Income from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 1.622.498 against DKK 1.614.210 last year. The profit for the year was realized as expected.

## Accounting policies

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The annual report for Von Gyesen ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

### Income statement

#### Gross loss

Gross loss comprises external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.



## Accounting policies

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### Results from participating interest

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss less amortised of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the equity interest is recognised in the income statement as a proportional share of the equity interests' post-tax profit or loss.

### Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

## The balance sheet

### Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of both intangible and tangible fixed assets as well as equity investment in participating interest are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist. Impairment relating to goodwill is not reversed.

## Investments

### Participating interest

Participating interest is recognised and measured by applying the equity method. The equity method is used as a method of consolidation.

Participating interest is recognised in the statement of financial position at the proportionate share of the enterprise's equity value. This value is calculated in accordance with the accounting policies of the owner company with deductions or additions of unrealised intercompany gains and losses as well as with additions or deductions of the remaining value of positive or negative goodwill calculated in accordance with the acquisition method. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement at the time of acquisition of the equity investment. If the negative goodwill relates to contingent liabilities acquired, negative goodwill is not recognised until the contingent liabilities have been settled or lapsed.

## **Accounting policies**

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To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of participating interest transferred to the reserve under equity for net revaluation according to the equity method. The reserve is adjusted by other equity movements in participating interest.

### **Other financial instruments and equity investments**

Financial instruments and equity investments recognised under non-current assets comprise listed bonds and shares measured at fair value on the reporting date. Listed financial instruments are measured at market price.

Other unlisted financial instruments are measured at cost. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value. In order to meet expected losses, they are written down for impairment to the net realisable value.

### **Financial instruments and equity investments**

Financial instruments and equity investments recognised under current assets consist of listed shares and bonds which are measured at fair value on the reporting date. Unlisted equity investments are measured at cost. Writedown takes place to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

### **Available funds**

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

### **Equity**

#### **Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method**

The reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method comprises net revaluation of equity investments in subsidiaries, associates and equity interests proportional to cost.

The reserve may be eliminated in the event of losses, realisation of equity investments, or changes in the accounting estimates.

The reserve cannot be recognised by a negative amount.

### **Dividend**

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity.

### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

## **Accounting policies**

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### **Liabilities other than provisions**

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

## **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>Gross loss</b>	<b>-15.000</b>	<b>-16.174</b>
Income from equity investments in associates	1.676.885	1.629.987
Other financial income	1.613	397
1 Other financial costs	-41.000	0
<b>Pre-tax net profit or loss</b>	<b>1.622.498</b>	<b>1.614.210</b>
Tax on ordinary results	0	0
<b>Net profit or loss for the year</b>	<b>1.622.498</b>	<b>1.614.210</b>
 <b>Proposed appropriation of net profit:</b>		
Extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	0	400.000
Reserves for net revaluation according to the equity method	175.000	0
Dividend for the financial year	1.200.000	575.000
Transferred to retained earnings	247.498	639.210
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>	<b>1.622.498</b>	<b>1.614.210</b>

**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

<b>Assets</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
2 Investment in participating interest	1.701.885	1.654.987
3 Other financial instruments and equity investments	10.000	10.000
Total investments	<u>1.711.885</u>	<u>1.664.987</u>
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b><u>1.711.885</u></b>	<b><u>1.664.987</u></b>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Receivables from equity interest	41.929	10.329
Other receivables	10.020	10.020
Total receivables	<u>51.949</u>	<u>20.349</u>
Other financial investments	408.132	0
Total investments	<u>408.132</u>	<u>0</u>
Cash on hand and demand deposits	662.912	100.794
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b><u>1.122.993</u></b>	<b><u>121.143</u></b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b><u>2.834.878</u></b>	<b><u>1.786.130</u></b>

**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>Equity</b>		
Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method	175.000	0
Retained earnings	1.393.378	1.145.880
Proposed dividend for the financial year	1.200.000	575.000
<b>Total equity</b>	<b><u>2.818.378</u></b>	<b><u>1.770.880</u></b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		
Trade payables	15.000	13.750
Other payables	1.500	1.500
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>16.500</u>	<u>15.250</u>
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b><u>16.500</u></b>	<b><u>15.250</u></b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b><u>2.834.878</u></b>	<b><u>1.786.130</u></b>

**4 Disclosures on fair value**

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>1. Other financial costs</b>		
Other financial costs	41.000	0
	<u><b>41.000</b></u>	<u><b>0</b></u>
<b>2. Investment in participating interest</b>		
Cost 1 January 2022	25.000	25.000
<b>Cost 31 December 2022</b>	<u><b>25.000</b></u>	<u><b>25.000</b></u>
Revaluations, opening balance 1 January 2022	1.629.987	525.268
Net profit or loss for the year before amortisation of goodwill	1.676.885	1.629.987
Dividend	-1.629.987	-525.268
<b>Revaluation 31 December 2022</b>	<u><b>1.676.885</b></u>	<u><b>1.629.987</b></u>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2022</b>	<u><b>1.701.885</b></u>	<u><b>1.654.987</b></u>
<b>Participating interest:</b>		
	<b>Domicile</b>	<b>Equity interest</b>
NAVIGATE Public Affairs ApS	København	50 %
<b>3. Other financial instruments and equity investments</b>		
Cost 1 January 2022	10.000	0
Additions during the year	0	10.000
<b>Cost 31 December 2022</b>	<u><b>10.000</b></u>	<u><b>10.000</b></u>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2022</b>	<u><b>10.000</b></u>	<u><b>10.000</b></u>
<b>4. Disclosures on fair value</b>		<u><b>Listed shares</b></u>
Fair value at 31 December 2022		408.132
Change in fair value of the year recognised in the statement of financial activity		<u>-38.429</u>