

# Zinc Denmark ApS

# Maglebjergvej 4, 2800 Kongens Lyngby

# Annual report

2021

Company reg. no. 40 16 75 01

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 22 June 2022.

Søren Langhoff Chairman of the meeting

#### Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.
  - Jupitervej 4 . DK-6000 Kolding . Tlf.: 76 30 18 00 . CVR-nr.: 32 28 52 01 . martinsen.dk

# Contents

Page		
	Reports	
1	Management's statement	
2	Independent auditor's report	
	Management's review	
5	Company information	
5	Management's review	
	Financial statements 1 January - 31 December 2021	
7	Income statement	
3	Balance sheet	
10	Statement of changes in equity	
11	Notes	
12	Accounting policies	

# Management's statement

Today, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have approved the annual report of Zinc Denmark ApS for the financial year 2021.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Kongens Lyngby, 22 June 2022

**Managing Director** 

Søren Langhoff

Board of directors

Ralf Dickord

Roland Heinz Weigelt

## Independent auditor's report

### To the Shareholder of Zinc Denmark ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Zinc Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## Independent auditor's report

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the internal financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the internal financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the internal financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the internal financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Kolding, 22 June 2022

### Martinsen

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 32/28 52 01/

- Charles

Andy Philipp Gartig State Authorised Public Accountant

mne36186

# Company information

The company

Zinc Denmark ApS

Maglebjergvej 4

2800 Kongens Lyngby

Company reg. no.

40 16 75 01

Financial year:

1 January - 31 December

Board of directors

Ralf Dickopf

Roland Heinz Weigelt

**Managing Director** 

Søren Langhoff

**Auditors** 

Martinsen

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Jupitervej 4 6000 Kolding

Parent company

Zinc Europe Holding B.V.

### Management's review

### The principal activities of the company

The main activity of the company consists of marketing services and related products for major international companies. The main areas for Zinc Denmark are Marketing Supply Chain. In addition, Promotional Marketing, Entertainment Marketing and Relationship Marketing.

### Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 3.270.000 against DKK 2.217.000 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 1.083.000 against DKK 609.000 last year. Management considers the net profit or loss for the year satisfactory.

# Income statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Note		2021	2020
	Gross profit	3.269.813	2.216.914
1	Staff costs	-1.458.693	-1.104.769
	Operating profit	1.811.120	1.112.145
	Other financial income	136.316	168.619
2	Other financial costs	-557.790	-500.321
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	1.389.646	780.443
	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-306.724	-171.886
	Net profit or loss for the year	1.082.922	608.557
	Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
	Transferred to retained earnings	1.082.922	608.557
	Total allocations and transfers	1.082.922	608.557

# Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

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		Assets	
2020	2021	<u>e</u>	Note
		Current assets	
6.999.796	4.045.646	Manufactured goods and goods for resale	
440.108	957.161	Prepayments for goods	
7.439.904	5.002.807	Total inventories	
1.611.579	1.358.432	Trade receivables	
164.159	228.761	Other receivables	
0	34.419	Prepayments	
1.775.738	1.621.612	Total receivables	
905.217	3.276.692	Cash and cash equivalents	
10.120.859	9.901.111	Total current assets	
10.120.859	9.901.111	Total assets	

8

# Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

	Equity and liabilities		
Note	e -	2021	2020
	Equity		
	Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
	Retained earnings	1.721.681	638.759
	Total equity	1.771.681	688.759
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Other payables	59.658	58.995
3	Total long term liabilities other than provisions	59.658	58.995
	Bank loans	12.968	61.252
	Prepayments received from customers	0	526.087
	Trade payables	1.579.927	2.883.788
	Payables to group enterprises	1.521.181	0
	Income tax payable	306.724	171.886
	Other payables	4.648.972	5.730.092
	Total short term liabilities other than provisions	8.069.772	9.373.105
	Total liabilities other than provisions	8.129.430	9.432.100
	Total equity and liabilities	9.901.111	10.120.859

# 4 Charges and security

# Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2020	50.000	30.202	80.202
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	608.557	608.557
Equity 1 January 2021	50.000	638.759	688.759
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	1.082.922	1.082.922
	50.000	1.721.681	1.771.681

# Notes

All aı	mounts in DKK.				
				2021	2020
1.	Staff costs				
	Salaries and wages			1.299.124	1.027.653
	Pension costs			141.659	68.997
	Other costs for social security			17.910	8.119
				1.458.693	1.104.769
	Average number of employees			3	2
2.	Other financial costs				
	Financial costs, group enterpr	ises		370.035	0
	Other financial costs			187.755	500.321
				557.790	500.321
3.	Long term labilities other than provisions				
	than provisions		Current portion	Long term	Outstanding
		Total payables 31 Dec 2021	of long term payables	payables 31 Dec 2021	payables after 5 years
	Other payables	59.658	0	59.658	0
		59.658	0	59.658	0

#### Charges and security 4.

As security for debt to banks, the company has deposited DKK 50 thousand on a hedge account. The amount is recognized under cash and cash equivalents.

### **Accounting policies**

The annual report for Zinc Denmark ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

#### Income statement

### **Gross profit**

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 11 and IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature as regards the principal activities of the enterprise, including profit from the disposal of intangible and tangible assets.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members. Staff costs are less government reimbursements.

## **Accounting policies**

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

### Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

## Statement of financial position

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In cases when the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the latter is written down for impairment to this lower value.

Costs of goods for resale, raw materials, and consumables comprise acquisition costs plus delivery costs.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

### Prepayments and accrued income

Prepayments and accrued income recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

### Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank and on hand.

### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

# **Accounting policies**

# Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.