AX V Phase One Holding II ApS

Roskildevej 39, 2000 Frederiksberg CVR no. 40 15 24 66

Annual report 2023

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 24 May 2024

Chair of the meeting:

Allan Sylvest Aasberg

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of AX V Phase One Holding II ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 24 May 2024 Executive Board:

Jesper Frydensberg Rasmussen

Board of Directors:

Christian Bamberger Bro Chairman Peter Nyegaard

Lars Cordt

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Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of AX V Phase One Holding II ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AX V Phase One Holding II ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 24 May 2024 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Peter Andersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34313 Jacob Thøgersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne49102

Management's review

Company details	
Name Address, Postal code, City	AX V Phase One Holding II ApS Roskildevej 39, 2000 Frederiksberg
CVR no. Established Financial year	40 15 24 66 1 January 2019 1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Christian Bamberger Bro, Chairman Peter Nyegaard Lars Cordt
Executive Board	Jesper Frydensberg Rasmussen
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

The main activity of the Company is to own the shares of AX V Phase One Holding I.

Financial review

The income statement for 2023 shows a loss of DKK 68,931 thousand against a loss of DKK 68,032 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 457,000 thousand. Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

-68,931

-68,032

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
2	Gross profit/loss	-61	-114
	Staff costs	0	0
	Profit/loss before net financials	-61	-114
	Income from investments in group enterprises	-68,856	-67,937
	Financial income	1	0
3	Profit/loss before tax	-68,916	-68,051
	Tax for the year	-15	19
	Profit/loss for the year	-68,931	-68,032
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-68,931	-68,032

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
	ASSETS		
4	Fixed assets		
4	Investments Investments in group enterprises	457,173	532,239
		457,173	532,239
	Total fixed assets	457,173	532,239
	Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Deferred tax assets	3	37
		3	37
	Cash	39	21
	Total non-fixed assets	42	58
	TOTAL ASSETS	457,215	532,297
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
5	Share capital Retained earnings	1,675 455,325	1,675 530,466
	Total equity	457,000	532,141
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Current liabilities other than provisions Payables to group enterprises	156	97
	Other payables	59	59
		215	156
	Total liabilities other than provisions	215	156
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	457,215	532,297

Accounting policies
 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
 Security and collateral
 Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023 Transfer through appropriation of loss Other value adjustments of equity	1,675 0 0	530,466 -68,931 -6,210	532,141 -68,931 -6,210
Equity at 31 December 2023	1,675	455,325	457,000

In July 2019, an incentive scheme was established comprising both the Board of Directors, the Executive Management and other executives and the incentive scheme is made to motivate and retain the participants.

The incentive scheme allow participants to subscribe for a number of warrants, each entitling the holder to buy 1 share of a nominal value of DKK 0.01 in the Company at a price agreed in advance plus an annual hurdle rate of 8%. The warrants subscribed for are granted on a continuous basis from one year after the date of investment. 25% of the warrants are granted after one year, while the remaining 75% are granted on a monthly basis over the following three years conditional to the warrant holder still being employed by the Company.

As of 31st December 2023, participants in the incentive scheme have subscribed for 13,065,955 warrants in total corresponding to 7.8% of the outstanding share capital on a fully-diluted basis, and 10,082,363 warrants have vested.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of AX V Phase One Holding II ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Pursuant to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements. The financial statements of AX V Phase One Holding II ApS are included in the consolidated financial statements of AX V Phase One Holding III ApS, Copenhagen, Denmark, (reg. no. 40152660)

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Foreign group entities

Foreign group entities and associates are considered separate entities. Items in such entities' income statements are translated at an average exchange rate for the month, and balance sheet items are translated at closing rates. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation of the opening equity of foreign group entities to closing rates and on translation of the income statements from average exchange rates to closing rates are taken directly to equity.

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit/loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Profit/loss from investments in group entities

A proportionate share of the underlying entities' profit/loss after tax is recognised in the income statement according to the equity method. Shares of profit/loss after tax in subsidiaries are presented as separate line items in the income statement. Full elimination of intra-group gains/losses is made for equity investments in subsidiaries.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial income

Financial income are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Тах

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Balance sheet

Investments in group entities

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured according to the equity method.

On initial recognition, equity investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Transaction costs are recognised in the income statement at the date of acquisition.

The cost is adjusted by shares of profit/loss after tax calculated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies less or plus unrealised intra-group gains/losses.

Identified increases in value and goodwill, if any, compared to the underlying entity's net asset value are amortised in accordance with the accounting policies for the assets and liabilities to which they can be attributed. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement.

Dividend received is deduced from the carrying amount.

Equity investments in group entities measured at net asset value are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Cash

Cash comprise cash.

Equity

Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The net revaluation reserve according to the equity method includes net revaluations of investments in group entities and associates relative to cost. The reserve can be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of investments or a change in accounting estimates. The reserve cannot be recognised at a negative amount.

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Share based payment

Share based payment programs is disclosed in statement of changes in equity. Granted warrants are classified as equity settled instruments, and are not recognised in the financial statements.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Notes to the financial statements

2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

	DKK'000	2023	2022
3	Tax for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year Tax adjustments, prior years	15 0	-25
	rux uujustments, phor years		
		15	-19

4 Investments

DKK'000	Investments in group enterprises
Cost at 1 January 2023	837,279
Cost at 31 December 2023	837,279
Value adjustments at 1 January 2023 Profit/loss for the year Changes in equity	-305,040 -68,856 -6,210
Value adjustments at 31 December 2023	-380,106
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	457,173

Group entities

Name	Domicile	Interest
AX V Phase One Holding I ApS	Denmark	100.00%
Phase One Group ApS	Denmark	100.00%
Capture One A/S	Denmark	100.00%
Phase One United States Inc.	USA	100.00%
Phase One IL Ltd.	Israel	100.00%
Phase One Japan Co. Ltd.	Japan	100.00%
Phase One Asia Pacific Co. Ltd.	Hong Kong	100.00%
Phase One A/S	Denmark	100.00%
Capture One Hellas Ltd.	Greece	100.00%

5 Share capital

Analysis of changes in the share capital over the past 5 years:

DKK'000	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Opening balance Capital increase	1,675 0	1,675 0	1,675 0	1,675 0	50 1,625
	1,675	1,675	1,675	1,675	1,675

Notes to the financial statements

6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, AX V Phase One Holding III ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

7 Security and collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2023.

8 Related parties

AX V Phase One Holding II ApS' related parties comprise the following:

Related party AX V Phase One Holding III ApS	Domicile Copenhagen	Basis for control Participating interest
5 1	1 0	Failucipating interest
Information about consolidated final	ncial statements	
Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements