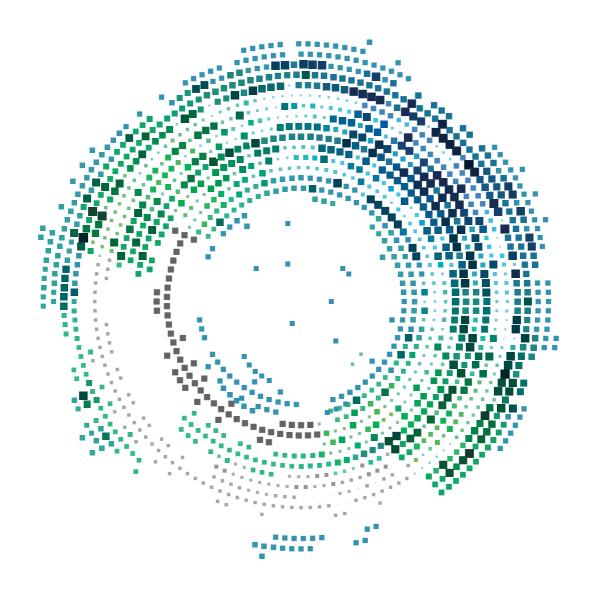
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Crey Holding ApS

Grønningen 23, 1. 1270 København K CVR No. 40112774

Annual report 20.12.2018 - 31.12.2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 17.07.2020

Amer Ramzan

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Crey Holding ApS Grønningen 23, 1. 1270 København K

CVR No.: 40112774

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 20.12.2018 - 31.12.2019

Board of Directors

Amer Ramzan, Chairman Mathias Gredal Nørvig Janos Flösser

Executive Board

Janos Flösser

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P. O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Crey Holding ApS for the financial year 20.12.2018 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 20.12.2018 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 30.06.2020

Executive Board

Janos Flösser

Board of Directors

Amer Ramzan Chairman **Mathias Gredal Nørvig**

Janos Flösser

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Crey Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Crey Holding ApS for the financial year 20.12.2018 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 20.12.2018 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 30.06.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Keld Juel Danielsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne26741

Henrik Wolff Mikkelsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne33747

Management commentary

Primary activities

The company's primary activity comprises of holding ownership in and supporting platform technology development.

Development in activities and finances

Loss for the year amounts to DKK 151,657, which was expected by management.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018/19

		2018/19
	Notes	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(21,714)
Other financial expenses	1	(129,943)
Profit/loss for the year		(151,657)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		
Retained earnings		(151,657)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(151,657)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

Assets

		2018/19 DKK
	Notes	
Investments in group enterprises		4,394,820
Receivables from group enterprises		22,907,500
Other financial assets	2	27,302,320
Fixed assets		27,302,320
Cash		23,927,277
Current assets		23,927,277
Assets		51,229,597

Equity and liabilities

	2018/19
	Notes DKK
Contributed capital	61,243
Retained earnings	51,146,854
Equity	51,208,097
Trade payables	21,500
Current liabilities other than provisions	21,500
Liabilities other than provisions	21,500
Equity and liabilities	51,229,597
Contingent liabilities	3

Statement of changes in equity for 2018/19

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Contributed upon formation	50,000	4,344,820	4,394,820
Increase of capital	11,243	46,953,691	46,964,934
Profit/loss for the year	0	(151,657)	(151,657)
Equity end of year	61,243	51,146,854	51,208,097

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Notes

1 Other financial expenses

	2018/19
	DKK
Other interest expenses	129,943
	129,943

2 Financial assets

	Investments in group enterprises DKK	Receivables from group enterprises DKK
Additions	4,394,820	22,907,500
Cost end of year	4,394,820	22,907,500
Carrying amount end of year	4,394,820	22,907,500

			Equity
Investments in subsidiaries		Corporate	interest
	Registered in	form	%
Crey A/S	Denmark	A/S	100
Crey Games ApS	Denmark	ApS	100
Bit-Globe ApS	Denmark	ApS	100
Bit-Globe Hungary Kft.	Hungary	Kft.	100

3 Contingent liabilities

The Entity serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for these entities.

The company has submitted a declaration of support to group companies.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are the following.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.