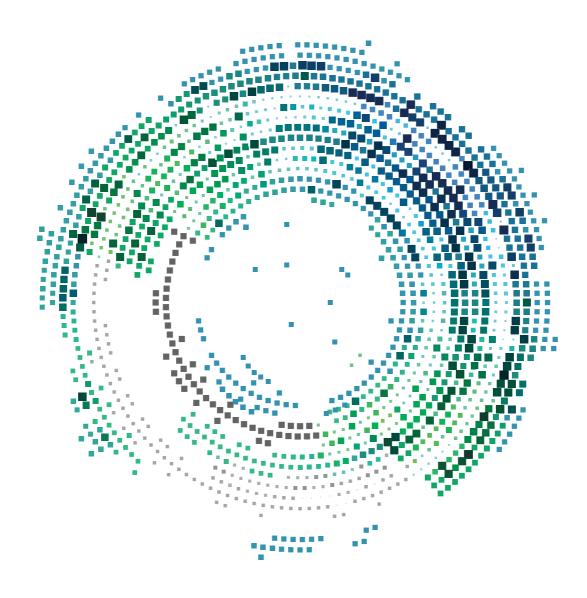
# Deloitte.



### BoStad Vimmerbyvej 1 Holding ApS

Bryghuspladsen 8, 3. 1473 Copenhagen K CVR No. 40083502

# Annual report 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 30.11.2021

### **Michael Brichmann**

Chairman of the General Meeting

# **Contents**

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2020/21	8
Balance sheet at 30.06.2021	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2020/21	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

# **Entity details**

### **Entity**

BoStad Vimmerbyvej 1 Holding ApS Bryghuspladsen 8, 3. 1473 Copenhagen K

Business Registration No.: 40083502 Registered office: Copenhagen K

Financial year: 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021

### **Executive Board**

William Kanta, CEO

### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of BoStad Vimmerbyvej 1 Holding ApS for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 16.09.2021

**Executive Board** 

William Kanta

CEO

# Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholders of BoStad Vimmerbyvej 1 Holding ApS

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of BoStad Vimmerbyvej 1 Holding ApS for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2020 - 30.06.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 16.09.2021

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

### **Chris Middelhede**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne45823

# **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The purpose of the company is to own investments in group entreprises.

### **Development in activities and finances**

The result of the year is TDKK -20, which by the management is considered as expected.

### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2020/21**

		2020/21	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(27,400)	(16,030)
Other financial income from group enterprises		191,562	0
Other financial expenses	1	(189,756)	(96)
Profit/loss before tax		(25,594)	(16,126)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	5,137	4,000
Profit/loss for the year		(20,457)	(12,126)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(20,457)	(12,126)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(20,457)	(12,126)

# Balance sheet at 30.06.2021

### **Assets**

		2020/21	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		50,000	50,000
Financial assets	3	50,000	50,000
Fixed assets		50,000	50,000
Receivables from group enterprises		10,147,235	10,303,580
Deferred tax		4,542	5,863
Other receivables		48	0
Joint taxation contribution receivable		6,458	0
Receivables		10,158,283	10,309,443
Cash		19,726	35,573
Current assets		10,178,009	10,345,016
Assets		10,228,009	10,395,016

### **Equity and liabilities**

		2020/21	2019/20 DKK
	Notes	DKK	
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		(16,932)	(21,475)
Equity		33,068	28,525
Trade payables		21,394	13,751
Payables to group enterprises		10,173,547	10,352,740
Current liabilities other than provisions		10,194,941	10,366,491
Liabilities other than provisions		10,194,941	10,366,491
Equity and liabilities		10,228,009	10,395,016
Contingent liabilities	4		
Assets charged and collateral	5		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020/21

	Reserve for net revaluation according to			
	Contributed capital DKK	the equity method DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	8,748,603	(21,475)	8,777,128
Changes in accounting policies	0	(8,748,603)	0	(8,748,603)
Adjusted equity, beginning of year	50,000	0	(21,475)	28,525
Group contributions etc	0	0	25,000	25,000
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(20,457)	(20,457)
Equity end of year	50,000	0	(16,932)	33,068

(5,137)

(4,000)

### **Notes**

### 1 Other financial expenses

	2020/21	2019/20 DKK
	DKK	
Financial expenses from group enterprises	189,633	0
Other interest expenses	123	96
	189,756	96
2 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2020/21	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	1,321	(4,000)
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(6,458)	0

#### 3 Financial assets

	Investments in
	group
	enterprises
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	50,000
Cost end of year	50,000
Carrying amount end of year	50,000

			Equity		
Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	Corporate form	interest %	Equity DKK	Profit/loss DKK
BoStad Vimmerbyvej 1 ApS	Aarhus	ApS	100	34,403,231	25,604,528

### **4 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where CL Denmark ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

The Entity participates in a Danish joint registration on VAT with the group's other companies, and the entity is liable unlimited and jointly for VAT with the other companies included in the joint registration.

### **5** Assets charged and collateral

The company has provided a guarantee for bank debt and mortgage debt in group enterprises. The debt at year end is TDKK 238,060.

As security for debt in group enterprises, BoStad Vimmerbyvej 1 Holding ApS have deposited deeds on its investments in group enterprises.

# **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

### **Changes in accounting policies**

The Entity has changed its accounting policies with regard to recognition and measurement of group enterprises at cost price.

The change in accounting policies has led to a decrease in investment in group enterprises and Equity of TDKK 8,748. Consequently, the profit/loss before tax in 2019/20 has been affected by a decrease of TDKK 2,543. The change in accounting policies has no tax effect.

The comparative figures have been restated following the change in accounting policies.

Apart from the areas mentioned above, the annual report has been presented applying the accounting policies consistent with last year.

### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 112(2) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

### Non-comparability

There is non-comparability between this year's figures and the comparative figures, as items from last year are based on a period of 9 months.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administration expenses, etc.

### Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc on receivables from group enterprises.

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income.

### **Balance sheet**

### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

### Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax.

### Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.