## **Deloitte.**



#### LexLucy ApS

Adelgade 12, 2. 1304 Copenhagen K CVR No. 40082522

#### Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 28.06.2023

**Pernille Winding Gojkovic** Chairman of the General Meeting

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## **Entity details**

#### Entity

LexLucy ApS Adelgade 12, 2. 1304 Copenhagen K

Business Registration No.: 40082522 Date of foundation: 07.12.2018 Registered office: Copenhagen Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

#### **Board of Directors**

Jens Viktor Nørgaard, Chairman Susanne Høiberg Nicolai Winding Andersen Louise Yung Aagaard Thomas Jiaqian Zheng

**Executive Board** Pernille Winding Gojkovic, Chief Executive Officer

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of LexLucy ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 28.06.2023

**Executive Board** 

**Pernille Winding Gojkovic** Chief Executive Officer

#### **Board of Directors**

**Jens Viktor Nørgaard** Chairman Susanne Høiberg

**Nicolai Winding Andersen** 

Louise Yung Aagaard

**Thomas Jiaqian Zheng** 

## Independent auditor's extended review report

#### To the shareholders of LexLucy ApS

#### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of LexLucy ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 28.06.2023

#### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

**Stine Eva Grothen** State-Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne29431

### Management commentary

#### **Primary activities**

The object of the Company is to develop and sell, directly or through shareholding in other companies, software for processing and automating intellectual property and, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, other related business.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

A loss of DKK 9 thousand was realised in 2022, which is in line with expectations as the activities are still undergoing a phase of development.

Given the loss for the year, the Company has lost its equity, which is negative by DKK 118 thousand at the end of the year. The Company expects to restore the equity through own operations once the software development has been completed and revenue from sales can be generated.

The Company has received a letter of indemnity from its shareholders stating that debt to group enterprises will be subordinated compared to other creditors. Consequently, the annual report is presented on the assumption that the Company is a going concern.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2022**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(23,000)	(56,500)
Other financial expenses	2	(20,261)	(17,834)
Profit/loss before tax		(43,261)	(74,334)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	34,741	17,795
Profit/loss for the year		(8,520)	(56,539)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(8,520)	(56,539)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(8,520)	(56,539)

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2022

#### Assets

	Notes	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Development projects in progress	5	1,087,644	705,469
Intangible assets	4	1,087,644	705,469
Fixed assets		1,087,644	705,469
Other receivables		8,490	4,386
Receivables		8,490	4,386
Cash		49,860	123,787
Current assets		58,350	128,173
Assets		1,145,994	833,642

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Reserve for development expenditure		848,363	550,266
Retained earnings		(1,016,378)	(709,761)
Equity		(118,015)	(109,495)
Deferred tax		65,150	99,891
Provisions		65,150	99,891
Trade payables		26,000	26,000
Payables to group enterprises		1,162,211	813,613
Deferred income		10,648	3,633
Current liabilities other than provisions		1,198,859	843,246
Liabilities other than provisions		1,198,859	843,246
Equity and liabilities		1,145,994	833,642
Going concern	1		
Employees	6		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK	Reserve for development expenditure DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	550,266	(709,761)	(109,495)
Transfer to reserves	0	298,097	(298,097)	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(8,520)	(8,520)
Equity end of year	50,000	848,363	(1,016,378)	(118,015)

### Notes

#### **1 Going concern**

A loss of DKK 9 thousand was realised in 2022, which is in line with expectations as the activities are still undergoing a phase of development.

Given the loss for the year, the Company has lost its equity, which is negative by DKK 118 thousand at the end of the year. The Company expects to restore the equity through own operations once the software development has been completed and revenue from sales can be generated.

The Company has received a letter of indemnity from its shareholders stating that debt to group enterprises will be subordinated compared to other creditors and that further financing will be added if necessary . Consequently, the annual report is presented on the assumption that the Company is a going concern.

#### 2 Other financial expenses

	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	18,597	15,953
Other interest expenses	1,664	1,881
	20,261	17,834
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	(34,741)	(17,795)
	(34,741)	(17,795)
4 Intangible assets		
	Developme projects	
		progress
		DKK
Cost beginning of year		705,469
Additions	382,175	
Cost end of year		1,087,644
Carrying amount end of year		1,087,644

#### **5 Development projects**

LexLucy's development project is aiming to generate a semi-automated patent application drafting programme and user interface. During the financial year, the first steps in the process were completed and the remaining process steps are expected to be completed within a few years.

#### 6 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Intellectual property rights etc.

Intellectual property rights etc comprise development projects in progress with related intellectual property rights, acquired intellectual property rights and prepayments for intangible assets.

Development projects on clearly defined and identifiable products and processes, for which the technical rate of utilisation, adequate resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be established, and where the intention is to manufacture, market or apply the product or process in question, are recognised as intangible assets. Other development costs are recognised as costs in the income statement as incurred. When recognising development projects as intangible assets, an amount equalling the costs incurred less deferred tax is taken to equity under reserve for development costs that is reduced as the development projects are amortised and written down.

Intellectual property rights etc. are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### **Deferred income**

Deferred income comprises income received for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.