



## 101 Copenhagen ApS

Oestergade 17  
1100 Copenhagen  
CVR No. 40058966

## Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the  
annual report on 11.06.2021

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**Tommy Hyl Dahl**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

101 Copenhagen ApS

Oestergade 17

1100 Copenhagen

CVR No.: 40058966

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

## Executive Board

Tommy Hyldahl, CEO

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

City Tower, Værkmestergade 2

8000 Aarhus C

# Statement by Management

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of 101 Copenhagen ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 11.06.2021

**Executive Board**

**Tommy Hyldahl**  
CEO

# Independent auditor's extended review report

## To the shareholders of 101 Copenhagen ApS

### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of 101 Copenhagen ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 11.06.2021

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

#### **Morten Gade Steinmetz**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne34145

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The Company's activity consists of production and distribution of accessories for furniture as well as related thereto.

## Development in activities and finances

The profit for the year amounts to t.DKK 414, which is considered satisfactory.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report. The outbreak of COVID-19 does not effect the company's operational or financial status.

# Income statement for 2020

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>4,202,424</b>	<b>2,899,102</b>
Staff costs	1	(2,057,162)	(2,746,567)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		(775,238)	(775,238)
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>1,370,024</b>	<b>(622,703)</b>
Other financial income		145,351	45,827
Other financial expenses	2	(937,065)	(1,082,086)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>578,310</b>	<b>(1,658,962)</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(164,000)	365,000
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>414,310</b>	<b>(1,293,962)</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Retained earnings		414,310	(1,293,962)
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>414,310</b>	<b>(1,293,962)</b>



# Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

## Assets

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Acquired rights		1,227,403	1,380,828
Goodwill		4,974,508	5,596,321
<b>Intangible assets</b>	4	<b>6,201,911</b>	<b>6,977,149</b>
Deposits		205,558	180,558
<b>Financial assets</b>	5	<b>205,558</b>	<b>180,558</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>6,407,469</b>	<b>7,157,707</b>
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		2,775,728	3,519,958
Prepayments for goods		947,948	0
<b>Inventories</b>		<b>3,723,676</b>	<b>3,519,958</b>
Trade receivables		372,242	189,773
Deferred tax		201,000	365,000
Other receivables		984,195	183,704
Prepayments		122,419	220,244
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>1,679,856</b>	<b>958,721</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>5,747,194</b>	<b>1,145,851</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>11,150,726</b>	<b>5,624,530</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>17,558,195</b>	<b>12,782,237</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2020 DKK</b>	<b>2019 DKK</b>
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		(879,652)	(1,293,962)
<b>Equity</b>		<b>(829,652)</b>	<b>(1,243,962)</b>
Other payables	6	172,289	78,965
<b>Non-current liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>172,289</b>	<b>78,965</b>
Bank loans		40,886	0
Prepayments received from customers		2,031,892	303,034
Trade payables		910,363	548,330
Payables to group enterprises		14,870,824	12,866,044
Payables to associates		44,445	0
Payables to shareholders and management		0	46,788
Other payables	8	317,148	183,038
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>18,215,558</b>	<b>13,947,234</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>18,387,847</b>	<b>14,026,199</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>17,558,195</b>	<b>12,782,237</b>
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	9		
Contingent liabilities	10		
Assets charged and collateral	11		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	50,000	(1,293,962)	(1,243,962)
Profit/loss for the year	0	414,310	414,310
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>(879,652)</b>	<b>(829,652)</b>

# Notes

## 1 Staff costs

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Wages and salaries	1,993,729	2,678,379
Other social security costs	31,918	27,139
Other staff costs	31,515	41,049
	<b>2,057,162</b>	<b>2,746,567</b>
Average number of full-time employees	<b>6</b>	<b>4</b>

## 2 Other financial expenses

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	566,490	957,074
Other interest expenses	145,662	2,280
Exchange rate adjustments	224,913	122,732
	<b>937,065</b>	<b>1,082,086</b>

## 3 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Change in deferred tax	164,000	(365,000)
	<b>164,000</b>	<b>(365,000)</b>

## 4 Intangible assets

	Acquired rights DKK	Goodwill DKK
Cost beginning of year	1,534,253	6,218,134
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>1,534,253</b>	<b>6,218,134</b>
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year	(153,425)	(621,813)
Amortisation for the year	(153,425)	(621,813)
<b>Amortisation and impairment losses end of year</b>	<b>(306,850)</b>	<b>(1,243,626)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>1,227,403</b>	<b>4,974,508</b>

## 5 Financial assets

	<b>Deposits DKK</b>
Cost beginning of year	180,558
Additions	25,000
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>205,558</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>205,558</b>

## 6 Other payables

	<b>2020 DKK</b>	<b>2019 DKK</b>
Holiday pay obligation	172,289	78,965
	<b>172,289</b>	<b>78,965</b>

## 7 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	<b>Due after more than 12 months 2020 DKK</b>	<b>Outstanding after 5 years 2020 DKK</b>
Other payables	172,289	172,289
	<b>172,289</b>	<b>172,289</b>

## 8 Other payables

	<b>2020 DKK</b>	<b>2019 DKK</b>
VAT and duties	0	46,444
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	257,464	62,105
Holiday pay obligation	47,347	74,489
Other costs payable	12,337	0
	<b>317,148</b>	<b>183,038</b>

## 9 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	<b>2020 DKK</b>	<b>2019 DKK</b>
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	<b>646,755</b>	<b>1,016,330</b>

## 10 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Th2 Invest ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

**11 Assets charged and collateral**

The Company has a receivables mortgage in the form of a mortgage ban on simple receivables arising from the sale of goods and services.

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

## Non-comparability

Last year was the company's first financial year. Therefore, comparative figures are not comparable in the income statement because previous period went from 29.11.2018 - 31.12.2019 (13 months) and this period from 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 (12 months).

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

**Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

**Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

**Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

**Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses**

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets.

**Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on trade receivables and net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

**Balance sheet****Goodwill**

Goodwill is the positive difference between cost and fair value of assets and liabilities arising from acquisitions. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life, which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. For the Company's goodwill, it has not been possible to estimate useful life reliably, for which reason such useful life has been set at 10 years.

Goodwill is written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

**Intellectual property rights etc**

Intellectual property rights etc comprise acquired intellectual property rights.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Patents are amortised on a straight-line basis over their remaining duration, and licences are amortised over the term of the agreement.



Intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

**Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and labour costs, costs of maintenance of, depreciation of and impairment losses relating to machinery, factory buildings and equipment used in the manufacturing process, and costs of factory administration and management. Finance costs are not included in cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

**Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

**Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

**Cash**

Cash comprises bank deposits.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.