# Belgravia Midco 2 ApS

Englandsvej 14, DK-5700 Svendborg

## Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2022

CVR No 40 03 54 51

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 1 /5 2023

Allan Malmos Jeppesen Chairman of the General Meeting



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## **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Belgravia Midco 2 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2022.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Svendborg, 1 May 2023

### **Executive Board**

Lars Baun Jensen Allan Malmos Jeppesen

CEO CFO

## **Board of Directors**

Leif Vestergaard Kevin Kristoffer Ehnhuus Liam Stuart Goddard

Chairman Iermiin



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of Belgravia Midco 2 ApS

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Belgravia Midco 2 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
  in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Odense, 1 May 2023 **PricewaterhouseCoopers**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Line Hedam statsautoriseret revisor mne27768 Claus Damhave statsautoriseret revisor mne34166



## **Company Information**

**The Company** Belgravia Midco 2 ApS

Englandsvej 14 DK-5700 Svendborg

CVR No: 40 03 54 51

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Svendborg

**Board of Directors** Leif Vestergaard, Chairman

Kevin Kristoffer Ehnhuus Iermiin

Liam Stuart Goddard

**Executive Board** Lars Baun Jensen

Allan Malmos Jeppesen

**Auditors** PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Munkebjergvænget 1, 3. og 4. sal

DK-5230 Odense M



## **Income Statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Gross profit/loss		-18	-22
Financial income	2	25,849	22,970
Financial expenses	3	-25,849	-22,970
Profit/loss before tax		-18	-22
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	4	5
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-14	-17

## Distribution of profit

## Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings	14	-17
	-14	



## **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Assets

	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Investments in subsidiaries		119,890	119,890
Receivables from group enterprises	<u>-</u>	232,039	206,189
Fixed asset investments	-	351,929	326,079
Fixed assets	-	351,929	326,079
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises	_	4	5
Receivables	-	4	5
Currents assets	-	4	5
Assets	_	351,933	326,084



## **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		2,273	2,273
Retained earnings	-	117,554	117,568
Equity	-	119,827	119,841
Payables to group enterprises	<u>-</u>	232,039	206,189
Long-term debt	5 -	232,039	206,189
Payables to group enterprises	5	51	38
Other payables	-	16	16
Short-term debt	-	67	54
Debt	-	232,106	206,243
Liabilities and equity	-	351,933	326,084
Key activities	1		
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## **Statement of Changes in Equity**

	Retained		
	Share capital	Share capital earnings To	
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January	2,273	117,568	119,841
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-14	-14
Equity at 31 December	2,273	117,554	119,827



## 1 Key activities

The Company's main activity is to own shares in other companies and related business.

		2022	2021
2	Financial income	TDKK	TDKK
	Interest received from group enterprises	25,849	22,970
		25,849	22,970
3	Financial expenses		
	Interest paid to group enterprises	25,849	22,970
		25,849	22,970
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year		5
5	Long-term debt		
J	Debt falling due after 5 years	0	0
		0	0

## 6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

## **Contingent liabilities**

100% of the shares in subsidiary have been pledged for group enterprises' credit facility with first ranking priority for the benefit of Nykredit Bank.

The company is jointly and severally liable for group enterprises credit facility within Nykredit Bank. At 31 December 2022, credit facilities amounted to TDKK 161,655 (2021: TDKK 174,240).



## **6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations** (continued)

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Belgravia Topco ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

7	Related	parties

	Basis
Controlling interest	
Belgravia Midco ApS	Majority owner
Agilitas 2015 Private Equity Fund L.P.	Ultimate owner
Consolidated Financial Statements	
The Group is included in the Group Annual report for	or the parent company, Belgravia Topco ApS.
Name	Place of registered office
Belgravia Topco ApS	Englandsvej 14, 5700 Svendborg



## 8 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Belgravia Midco 2 ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in TDKK.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of Belgravia Topco ApS, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

## **Income Statement**

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

## **Gross profit/loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.



## 8 Accounting Policies (continued)

## Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

## **Balance Sheet**

### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

#### Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of receivables from group enterprises.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the de-



## 8 Accounting Policies (continued)

ferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

### **Financial debts**

Loans, such as loans from credit institutions, are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

