



CHRISTENSEN  
KJÆRULFF  
PERSONLIGT ENGAGEMENT

STATSAUTORISERET  
REVISIONSAKTIESELSKAB

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# Meneto Software ApS

Vesterbrogade 1 C, 6., 1620 København V

Company reg. no. 39 96 50 03

## Annual report

21 October 2018 - 31 December 2019

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 16 July 2020.

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Rico Lohse Andersen  
Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.



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## **Management's report**

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The managing director has today presented the annual report of Meneto Software ApS for the financial year 21 October 2018 to 31 December 2019.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 21 October 2018 to 31 December 2019.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

København V, 16 July 2020

**Managing Director**

Rico Lohse Andersen



## Independent auditor's report

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**To the shareholders of Meneto Software ApS**

### Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of Meneto Software ApS for the financial year 21 October 2018 to 31 December 2019, which comprise accounting policies, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 21 October 2018 to 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:



## Independent auditor's report

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.



## **Independent auditor's report**

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Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 16 July 2020

**Christensen Kjærulff**

Company reg. no. 15 91 56 41

**John Mikkelsen**  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne26748



## Company information

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### The company

Meneto Software ApS  
Vesterbrogade 1 C, 6.  
1620 København V

Phone                    (+45) 78 77 33 66  
Web site                www.meneto.com  
E mail                  hello@meneto.dk

Company reg. no.     39 96 50 03  
Established:            21 October 2018  
Domicile:              Vesterbrogade 1C, 6. sal, 1620 København V  
Financial year:        21 October - 31 December  
                          1st financial year

### Managing Director

Rico Lohse Andersen

### Auditors

Christensen Kjærulff  
Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab  
Store Kongensgade 68  
1264 København K

### Parent company

Addora Holding ApS



## **Management commentary**

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### **The principal activities of the company**

The company's purpose is to offer a technology-driven accounting solution providing automated "finance departments" for micro and small enterprises.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

2018/19 is the company's first financial year which is affected by start-up and establishment costs as well as investments in marketing and penetrating the market. The gross loss for the year is DKK -6.602.845. The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK -5.838.550. The management consider the results satisfactory.



## Income statement

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	21/10 2018 - 31/12 2019
Net turnover	4.100.694
Direct costs	-1.291.335
Other external costs	-9.412.204
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>-6.602.845</b>
Other financial income	5.270
Other financial costs	-6.737
<b>Pre-tax net profit or loss</b>	<b>-6.604.312</b>
Tax on ordinary results	765.762
<b>Net profit or loss for the year</b>	<b>-5.838.550</b>

### Proposed appropriation of net profit:

Allocated from retained earnings	-5.838.550
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>	<b>-5.838.550</b>



## Statement of financial position

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All amounts in DKK.

### Assets

Note	<u>31/12 2019</u>
<b>Current assets</b>	
Trade debtors	377.062
Income tax receivables	765.762
Other debtors	1.700.622
Total receivables	<u>2.843.446</u>
Available funds	<u>433.610</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>	
<b><u>3.277.056</u></b>	
<b>Total assets</b>	
<b><u>3.277.056</u></b>	



## Statement of financial position

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All amounts in DKK.

### Equity and liabilities

<u>Note</u>	<u>31/12 2019</u>
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#### Equity

2 Contributed capital	50.000
3 Retained earnings	1.661.450
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>1.711.450</b>

#### Liabilities other than provisions

Trade creditors	72.666
Debt to group enterprises	1.489.207
Other debts	3.733
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	1.565.606
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b>1.565.606</b>

**Total equity and liabilities** **3.277.056**

### 4 Contingencies



## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

### 1. Staff costs

The company has not had any staff costs during the financial year.

31/12 2019

### 2. Contributed capital

Contributed capital 21 October 2018	50.000
	<b><u>50.000</u></b>

### 3. Retained earnings

Retained earnings 21 October 2018	0
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	-5.838.550
Group contributions	<u>7.500.000</u>
	<b><u>1.661.450</u></b>

### 4. Contingencies

#### Joint taxation

Addora Holding ApS, company reg. no 39 94 75 01 being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.



## Accounting policies

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The annual report for Meneto Software ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK). The annual report comprises the first financial year, and consequently, comparative figures are not included.

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concern matters existing on the balance sheet date.

### Income statement

#### Revenue

Revenue comprises the value of services provided during the year, including outlay for customers less VAT and price concessions directly associated with the sale.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement on the completion of sales. This is generally considered to be the case when:

- The service has been provided before the end of the financial year
- A binding sales agreement exists
- The sales price has been determined
- Payment has been received, or is anticipated with a reasonable degree of certainty.



## Accounting policies

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This ensures that recognition does not take place until the total income and costs and stage of completion at the reporting date can be reliably validated and it seems probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the enterprise.

### Cost of sales

Cost of sales include costs for the purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

### Other external costs

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

### Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concern the financial year.

### Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

## The balance sheet

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, they are written down for impairment to the net realisable value.

### Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

### Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.



## Accounting policies

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According to the rules of joint taxation, Meneto Software ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

### Liabilities

Financial liabilities related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds with the deduction of transaction costs incurred. In following periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value by use of the effective interest. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the profit and loss account during the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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## Rico Lohse Andersen

Direktør

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## John Mikkelsen

Statsautoriseret revisor

På vegne af: CHRISTENSEN KJÆRULFF STATSAUTORISERET  
REVISIONSAKTIESELSKAB

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-443295356930

IP: 212.98.xxx.xxx

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