

# **Fishi Holding ApS**

Falen 21 D, 2. tv., 5000 Odense C CVR no. 39 94 41 03

# **Annual report** for the financial year 15.10.18 - 31.12.19





Vi er et uafhængigt medlem af det globale rådgivnings- og revisionsnetværk

| Company information etc.                              | 3       |
|---|---------|
| Statement by the Executive Board on the annual report | 4       |
| Practitioner's compilation report                     | 5       |
| Management's review                                   | 6       |
| Income statement                                      | 7       |
| Balance sheet   | 8       |
| Statement of changes in equity                        | 9       |
| Notes   | 10 - 15 |

# The company

Fishi Holding ApS c/o Carl Raymond Chatfield Falen 21 D, 2. tv. 5000 Odense C CVR no.: 39 94 41 03 Financial year: 15.10.18 - 31.12.19

#### **Executive Board**

Carl Raymond Chatfield

# Auditors

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

# Bank

Sydbank



I have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 15.10.18 - 31.12.19 for Fishi Holding ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven).

The financial statements have not been audited, and I declare that the relevant conditions have been met.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.19 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 15.10.18 - 31.12.19.

I believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab has assisted with bookkeeping, and I hereby confirm having reviewed and approved the result of this assistance.

Odense C, April 2, 2020

#### **Executive Board**

Carl Raymond Chatfield



#### To the management of Fishi Holding ApS

Based on the company's book-keeping and other information provided by the management, we have compiled the financial statements of Fishi Holding ApS for the financial year 15.10.18 - 31.12.19.

The financial statements comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We have performed our compilation engagement in accordance with the ISRS 4410 standard on Engagements to Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the management with the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms (Revisorloven) and the code of ethics of FSR – Danish Auditors, including principles concerning integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

Management retains responsibility for the financial statements and for the accuracy and completeness of the financial information on the basis of which the financial statements are prepared and presented.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management for the compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we will not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Odense, April 2, 2020

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Henrik Welinder State Authorized Public Accountant MNE-no. mne23366



# **Primary activities**

The company's activities is to own shares in other companies, investments and all activities of Directors deems related.

#### Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 15.10.18 - 31.12.19 shows a profit/loss of DKK -20,267. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 29,733.

#### Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.



| Iote |   | 15.10.18<br>31.12.19<br>DKK |
|------|---|-----------------------------|
|      | Gross loss  | -20,265                     |
| 1    | Staff costs   | 0                           |
|      | Loss before depreciation, amortisation, write-downs and impairment losses | -20,265                     |
|      | Financial expenses  | -2                          |
|      | Loss before tax   | -20,267                     |
|      | Tax on profit or loss for the year  | 0                           |
|      |   |                             |

# **Proposed appropriation account**

| Retained earnings | -20,267 |
|-------------------|---------|
| Total             | -20,267 |



# ASSETS

| Note |   | 31.12.19<br>DKK |
|------|---|-----------------|
| 2    | Equity investments in group enterprises | 50,000          |
|      | Total investments                       | 50,000          |
|      | Total non-current assets                | 50,000          |
|      | Cash                                    | 1,733           |
|      | Total current assets                    | 1,733           |
|      | Total assets                            | 51,733          |

# EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

| Share capital<br>Retained earnings | 50,000<br>-20,267 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Total equity                       | 29,733            |
| Trade payables<br>Other payables   | 5,000<br>17,000   |
| Total short-term payables          | 22,000            |
| Total payables                     | 22,000            |
| Total equity and liabilities       | 51,733            |

<sup>3</sup> Contingent liabilities

4 Charges and security



| Figures in DKK   | Share capital    | Retained<br>earnings | Total equity           |
|--|------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Statement of changes in equity for<br>15.10.18 - 31.12.19                                      |                  |                      |                        |
| Balance as at 15.10.18<br>Capital contributed on establishment<br>Net profit/loss for the year | 0<br>50,000<br>0 | 0<br>0<br>-20,267    | 0<br>50,000<br>-20,267 |
| Balance as at 31.12.19   | 50,000           | -20,267              | 29,733                 |



| 15.10.18<br>31.12.19 |
|----------------------|
| DKK                  |
|                      |

# 1. Staff costs

| Average number of employees during the year | 0 |
|---|---|
|---|---|

#### 2. Equity investments in group enterprises

|  |                       |            |  | Equity invest-<br>ments in group |
|--|-----------------------|------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Figures in DKK                                   |                       |            |  | enterprises                      |
| Cost as at 15.10.18<br>Additions during the year |                       |            |  | 0<br>50,000                      |
| Cost as at 31.12.19                              |                       |            |  | 50,000                           |
| Carrying amount as at 31.12.19                   |                       |            |  | 50,000                           |
| Name and registered office:                      | Ownership<br>interest | Equity DKK | Net profit/loss<br>for the year<br>DKK | Recognised<br>value DKK          |
| Subsidiaries:                                    |                       |            |  |                                  |
| Fishi Robotics ApS, Odense C                     | 88%                   | 513,844    | -279,321                               | 50,000                           |



# 3. Contingent liabilities

#### Other contingent liabilities

The company is taxed jointly with the other companies in the group and has joint, several and unlimited liability for income taxes and any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies. The total known tax liability for the jointly taxed companies is DKK 0 at the balance sheet date, of which DKK 0 is recognised in the balance sheet. The liability also includes any subsequent corrections to the calculated tax liability as a consequence of changes made to the jointly taxable income etc.

# 4. Charges and security

The company has not provided any security over assets.



#### 5. Accounting policies

#### GENERAL

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (*Årsregnskabsloven*) for enterprises in reporting class B with application of provisions for a higher reporting class.

No comparative figures have been provided as this is the company's first financial year.

In accordance with section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.

# CURRENCY

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences between the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date and the exchange rate at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as a financial item. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate applicable at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest annual report is recognised under financial income or expenses in the income statement. Fixed assets and other non-monetary assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated using historical exchange rates.



# 5. Accounting policies - continued -

# **INCOME STATEMENT**

#### **Gross loss**

Gross loss comprises other external expenses.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to distribution, sales and advertising and administration, premises and bad debts to the extent that these do not exceed normal write-downs.

# Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses, foreign exchange gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies etc. are recognised in other net financials.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

The company is jointly taxed with Danish consolidated enterprises. The parent is the administration company for the joint taxation and thus settles all income tax payments with the tax authorities.

In connection with the settlement of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes. This means that enterprises with a tax loss receive joint taxation contributions from enterprises which have been able to use this loss to reduce their own taxable profit.



#### 5. Accounting policies - continued -

# **BALANCE SHEET**

#### Equity investments in group entreprises

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured in the balance sheet at cost less any impairment losses.

Gains or losses on the divestment of subsidiaries are determined as the difference between the divestment consideration and the carrying amount of net assets at the time of sale, including non-amortised goodwill, as well as the expected costs of divestment or discontinuation. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement under income from equity investments.

#### Impairment losses on fixed assets

The carrying amount of fixed assets which are not measured at fair value is assessed annually for indications of impairment over and above what is reflected in depreciation and amortisation.

If the company's realised return on an asset or a group of assets is lower than expected, this is considered an indication of impairment.

If there are indications of impairment, an impairment test is conducted of individual assets or groups of assets.

If dividends are distributed on equity investments in subsidiaries exceeding the year earnings from the enterprise in question, this is considered an indication of impairment.

The assets or groups of assets are impaired to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

The higher of net selling price and value in use is used as the recoverable amount. The value in use is determined as the present value of expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets as well as expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or group of assets after the expiry of their useful lives.

Impairment losses are reversed when the reasons for the impairment no longer exist.

#### Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank accounts as well as operating cash.



# 5. Accounting policies - continued -

# Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised as income tax under receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

# Payables

Short-term payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables.

