

ANNUAL REPORT

2020

Company: PSN ApS
CVR: 39891522

Svanevej 12, 4
2400 København NV

Accounting period: 1 January 2020 –
31 December 2020

Chairman – David Casado Vazquez
04.06.2021

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Statement by Board of Directors and Management

The Board of Directors and management have today considered and adopted the annual report for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020 for PSN ApS.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statement Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company's operations for 2020.

It is also our opinion that the Management's Review a true and fair account of the development of Company's activities and financial conditions, the profit for the period and the Company's financial position as a whole, and a description of the significant risks and uncertainty factors that the Company faces.

The annual report is submitted to the Ordinary General Meeting for approval.

Copenhagen, 04 June 2021

Board of Directors

Pradeep Patten

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of PSN ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of PSN ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, we considered whether Management's Review includes the disclosures required by the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Hellerup, 28 May 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no 3377 1231

Jesper Wiinholt
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne13914

Morten Jørgensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne32806

Company Information

Company

PSN ApS

Svanevej 12

DK-2400 København NV

CVR no.: 39 89 15 22

Financial Period: 1 January 2020– 31 December 2020

Incorporated: 25 September 2018

Registered office: Copenhagen, Denmark

Board of Directors

Pradeep Patten

Auditor

PriceWaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Management's Review

Key activities

The company's objects are to act as general partner in Danish limited partnership companies (P/Ses) and limited partnerships (K/Ses) and any other related activity.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2020 shows a loss of DKK 9,986 (period 25 September 2018-31 December 2019: - DKK 4,050), and at 31 December 2020 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 35,964 (2019: DKK 45,950).

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

Note	Amounts in DKK	2020	25 September 2018 - 31 December 2019
	Gross profit / (loss)	-12,803	-5,192
	Profit / (loss) before tax	-12,803	-5,192
2	Tax on Profit / loss for the period	2,817	1,142
	Profit / (loss) for the period	-9,986	-4,050
	Distributed as follows		
	Parent's shareholders	-9,986	-4,050
	Profit for the period	-9,986	-4,050

Balance Sheet 31 December

Note	Amounts in DKK	2020	2019
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
2	Deferred Tax asset	3,959	1,142
Total Non-current assets		3,959	1,142
Current assets			
	Intercompany receivables	2,000	1,000
	Cash and short-term deposits	35,005	48,808
Total current assets		37,005	49,808
Total assets		40,964	50,950

Balance Sheet 31 December

Note	Amounts in DKK	2020	2019
LIABILITIES			
Equity			
	Share capital	50,000	50,000
	Accumulated profit	-14,036	-4,050
	Total equity	35,964	45,950
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
	Other liabilities	5,000	5,000
	Total Liabilities	5,000	5,000
	Total equity and liabilities	40,964	50,950

Statement of equity

Amounts in DKK	Share capital	Accumulated profit	Equity Total
Statement of equity for 2020:			
Equity as at 1 January 2020	50,000	-4,050	45,950
Net Profit / loss for the period	0	-9,986	-9,986
Equity as at 31 December 2020	50,000	-14,036	35,964
Statement of equity for 2019:			
Equity as at 25 September 2018	50,000	0	50,000
Net Profit / Loss for the period	0	-4,050	-4,050
Equity as at 31 December 2019	50,000	-4,050	45,950

Summary

- Note 1 Accounting policies, accounting estimates and risks, etc.
- Note 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year
- Note 3 Transactions with related parties
- Note 4 Contingent assets and liabilities
- Note 5 Subsequent events

Notes

Note 1 - Accounting policies, accounting estimates and risks, etc.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual report of PSN ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C. The annual report is presented in Danish crown (DKK), which is considered to be the primary currency of the Company's activities and the functional currency of the company. The annual report is prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment properties and certain financial obligations that are measured at fair value. The accounting policies are otherwise as described below.

The accounting policies remain unchanged from last year.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

Revenue

Rental income is recognised on a straight line-basis over the term of the lease.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses..

Financial income and expenses

Financial items include interest income and interest expenses, foreign exchange rate adjustments, amortization premiums / discounts, realized and unrealized gains and losses on securities as well as surcharges and refunds under the tax.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the development projects of investment or project portfolios, added to the cost of the assets until the time when the project is completed and the property can be used for the intended purpose.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

BALANCE STATEMENT

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost. Impairment losses are made for losses which are deemed to have resulted in an objective indication that an individual receivable is impaired.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognized under assets comprise incurred costs related to coming financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured as described below. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they expiry, are cancelled or are converted into equity. A substantial modification of the terms of a financial liability is treated as a settlement of the original liability and recognition of a new liability. A change in the present value of the contractual cash flows with at least 10%, measured on the basis of the original effective interest rate, is treated as a substantial modification.

Other liabilities, including non-current liabilities, debt to suppliers and other debt, are measured at amortized cost.

When a financial liability without equity conversion features is converted into equity, the liability is considered settled at the fair value of the shares issued. A gain or loss is recognised in financial items.

Note 2 – Tax on profit/loss for the year

Amounts in DKK	2020	25 September 2018 – 31 December 2019
Current tax for the year	2,817	1,142

Note 3 – Transactions with related parties

Amounts in DKK 1000s	2020	2019
Receivables from related parties	2,000	1,000
Receivables at 31 December	2,000	1,000

The company is general partner of the companies Pulse Taastrup P/S and Pulse Glostrup P/S. PSN ApS is a fully owned subsidiary of Park Street Nordicom A/S.

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of Park Street Nordicom A/S.

Note 4 – Contingent assets and liabilities

As a general partner, the company is directly, unlimited and jointly and severally liable for the companies Pulse Taastrup P/S and Pulse Glostrup P/S with total liabilities of DKK 258 million at December 31, 2020.

The Company is jointly taxed with other companies in Park Street Nordicom Group.

As a result, the company is unlimited and jointly and severally liable with the other companies in the joint taxation of Danish withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties within the joint taxation of Park Street Nordicom Group.

Note 5 – Subsequent Events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

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Pradeep Patterm

Direktør

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