VACHON HOLDING ApS

Amagerbrogade 28, 2. th., DK-2300 København S

Annual Report for 2023

CVR No. 39 80 11 40

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 26/6 2024

Francois Vachon Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of VACHON HOLDING ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 26 June 2024

Executive Board

Francois Vachon Executive Officer



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of VACHON HOLDING ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of VACHON HOLDING ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 on the basis of the Company's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 26 June 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Leif Ulbæk Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne23327 Sune Christensen Bjerre State Authorised Public Accountant mne47832



Company information

The Company

VACHON HOLDING ApS Amagerbrogade 28, 2. th. 2300 København S

CVR No: 39 80 11 40

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen

Executive Board Francois Vachon

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

Note	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
	-55,625	-9,375
	-55,625	-9,375
2	431,448	7,792
3	-36,735	-212,798
-	339,088	-214,381
4	-176	0
-	338,912	-214,381
	2023	2022
_	DKK	DKK
	200,000	100,000
_	138,912	-314,381
_	338,912	-214,381
	2 3	DKK -55,625 -55,625 2



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Other investments		2,496,987	1,721,360
Fixed asset investments		2,496,987	1,721,360
Fixed assets		2,496,987	1,721,360
Cash at bank and in hand		489,237	989,538
Current assets		489,237	989,538
Assets		2,986,224	2,710,898



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		2,239,638	2,100,726
Proposed dividend for the year		200,000	100,000
Equity		2,489,638	2,250,726
Convertible and profit-yielding instruments of debt		486,410	450,797
Long-term debt	5	486,410	450,797
Trade payables		10,000	9,375
Corporation tax		176	0
Short-term debt	-	10,176	9,375
Debt		496,586	460,172
Liabilities and equity		2,986,224	2,710,898
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	50,000	2,100,726	100,000	2,250,726
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-100,000	-100,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	138,912	200,000	338,912
Equity at 31 December	50,000	2,239,638	200,000	2,489,638



1. Key activities

The company's main activity is to invest in other companies and business related hereto.

		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
2 .	Financial income		
	Capital gain from investments	383,555	0
	Other financial income	47,893	7,792
		431,448	7,792
		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
3 .	Financial expenses		
	Other financial expenses	36,735	212,798
		36,735	212,798
		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
4.	Income tax expense		
	Current tax for the year	176	0
		176	0



2023	2022
DKK	DKK

5. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

Convertible and profit-yielding instruments of debt

	486,410	450,797
Within 1 year	0	0
Long-term part	486,410	450,797
After 5 years	486,410	450,797

6. Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



7. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of VACHON HOLDING ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise general administration expenses.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments, which consist of other investments, are measured at cost.

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.



Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Financial liabilities

Loans are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

