



AIP Zion Holding K/S

Annual Report 2023

Approved at the company's general meeting, 5 April 2024

Secretary

Klaus Risager

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Company Information

Company

AIP Zion Holding K/S
Klareboderne 1
DK-1115 Copenhagen K
CVR-nr.: 39 76 91 82
Founded: 08.08.2018
Accounting period: 1 January - 31 December
Registered in: Copenhagen

Executive Board of General Partner

Kasper Hansen
Jannick Prehn Brøndum

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup

Management review

Primary activities

The principal activities of the Company in the period under review were to own shares of US Company AIP Zion Holding (US) LP, which owns the solarparks Tranquility and Garland including a battery energy storage system (BESS). The two solarparks and BESS are located in California and owned through the companies:

- RE Cantua Holdings LLC (100%)
 - RE Floral Holdings LLC (100%)
 - RE Tranquility LLC (49%)
- RE Mojave Holdings LLC (100%)
 - RE Pelican Holdings LLC (100%)
 - RE Silverlake Holdings LLC (49%)
- AIP Zion Battery LLC (100%)
 - SP Solar Storage Development Holdings LLC (49%)
 - SP Solar Storage Class B Holdings LLC (49%)
 - SP Solar Storage OpCo, LLC (100% Share B)

Furthermore, AIP Zion Holding K/S also owns the Company AIP Zion Holding (US) GP Inc., which is complementary to the Company AIP Zion Holding (US) LP.

Development in activities and finances

The Company's Income Statement of the Financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 shows a loss of USD 3 thousand which is in line with the management's expectations.

Management's statement

The Executive Board have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of AIP Zion Holding K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the Management review includes a true and fair account of the matter addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 5 April 2024

Executive Board of General Partner:

Kasper Hansen

Jannick Prehn Brøndum

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Limited Partners of AIP Zion Holding K/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of AIP Zion Holding K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 5 April 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Per Rolf Larssen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne24822

Casper Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne45855

Income statement

All amounts in thousands of USD

	Notes	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Gross loss		- 3	- 27
Income from group company		0	9,395
Profit before financial items		- 3	9,367
Financial income		1	3
Financial expenses		-1	0
Net profit		- 3	9,370
<u>Proposed distribution of profit:</u>			
Dividend		0	9,345
Retained earnings		- 3	25
		- 3	9,370

Balance sheet

at 31 December (in thousands USD)

Assets	Notes	2023	2022
Non-current assets			
Financial assets			
Investment in group company	3	132,863	132,863
Total financial assets		132,863	132,863
Total non-current assets		132,863	132,863
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		15	22
Total current assets		15	22
Total assets		132,878	132,885

Balance sheet

At 31 December (in thousands USD)

Equity and liabilities	Notes	2023	2022
Equity			
Contributed capital		132,863	132,863
Retained earnings		9	12
Total equity		132,872	132,875
Liabilities			
Short-term payables			
Payables to group company		0	4
Other short-term payables		6	6
Total short-term payables		6	10
Total liabilities		6	10
Total equity and liabilities		132,878	132,885

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Statement of Changes in Equity

At 31 December (in thousands USD)

Change in equity 2023	Contributed capital	Suggested dividend	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January	132,863	-	12	132,875
Proposed distribution of profit		-	- 3	- 3
Equity at 31 December	132,863	0	9	132,872

Notes

Note 1

Principal accounting policies

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few elements from reporting class C enterprises. Consolidated financial statements are not prepared in accordance with §112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Changes to principal accounting policies

No changes to the principal accounting policies are applied in 2023.

Presentation currency

The reporting currency is USD. All amounts are in USD. The exchange rate as of 31 December 2023 of 0.1482 (2022: 0.1524) was used where translation from DKK to USD was needed.

Recognition and measurement

Revenue is recognized in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortized costs.

In addition, expenses incurred to achieve the year's earnings are recognized, including depreciation, write-downs, provisions, and reversals because of changed accounting estimates of amounts previously recognized in the income statement.

Assets are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable because of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation because of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each accounting item below.

Recognition and measurements consider the gains, losses and risks that arise before the annual report is presented and which corroborates or invalidates conditions that existed at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences arising between the exchange rate at the transaction date and the rate at the payment date are recognized in the income statement as a financial item.

Receivables, payables, and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled on the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate at the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the transaction date is recognized in the income statement as a financial item.

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss is calculated with reference to §32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act as a summary of other external costs.

Income from group company

Dividend income from group company is presented in the Income statement in the year of which it was declared.

Financial items

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, realized and unrealized gains and losses on debt, fair value of investments & loans and transactions in foreign currencies.

Tax

The company is not taxable independently, which is why the tax liability is incumbent on the company's investors. As a result, no tax and deferred tax has been set aside in the accounts.

Balance sheet

Investments in group company

Investments in group companies are recognized and measured at cost. If there is an indication of a need for impairment, an impairment test is performed. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount it is written down to this lower value.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances net of bank overdrafts.

Equity

Dividend distributions proposed by the management for the financial year are shown as a separate item under equity.

Other short-term payables

Expenses with reference to the fiscal year are accrued for.

**Note 2
Employees**

	2023	2022
Average number of employees	-	-

**Note 3
Investment in group companies**

Cost at 1 January	132,863	132,863
Additions in year	-	-
Cost at 31 December	132,863	132,863
Total investments in group companies	132,863	132,863

The company has investment in companies listed below:

- 100% ownership of AIP Zion Holding (US) LP, Located in USA
- 100% ownership of RE Cantua Holdings LLC, located in USA
- 100% ownership of RE Mojave Holdings LLC, located in USA
- 100% ownership of AIP Zion Battery LLC, located in USA

The detailed ownership structure is presented in the Primary activities section of the Management review.

**Note 4
Contingent liabilities**

The company has no contingent liabilities apart from the liabilities already recognized in the balance sheet.

**Note 5
Consolidated financial statement**

AIP Zion Holding K/S is included in the consolidated financial statement of the parent company AIP Infrastructure I K/S.

The consolidated financial statements for AIP infrastructure I K/S can be obtained at the address:

AIP Infrastructure I K/S
Klareboderne 1
1115 Copenhagen K