Lautrupparken 40

2750 Ballerup

CVR No. 39749483

# Annual Report 2018/19

Årsrapporten er fremlagt og godkendt på selskabets generalforsamling.

Dato: 30/8 2019

Dirigent: Jacob Debuse

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## **Management's Statement**

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Goal Station Digital ApS for the financial year 27 July 2018 - 31 March 2019.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 March 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 27 July 2018 - 31 March 2019.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ballerup, 30 August 2019

#### **Executive Board**

Christian Binggeli-Winter Man. Director

### **Supervisory Board**

Helle Huss John Robert Andersen Betina Vestergaard Hagerup Chairman

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the shareholders of Goal Station Digital ApS

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 March 2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 27 July 2018 - 31 March 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of Goal Station Digital ApS for the financial year 27 July 2018 - 31 March 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

#### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

### The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- \* Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- \* Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Helierup, 30 August 2019

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR-no. 33771231

Tue Stensgård Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne32200 Leif Ulbæk Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne23327

# **Company details**

Company Goal Station Digital ApS

Lautrupparken 40

2750 Ballerup

CVR No. 39749483
Date of formation 27 July 2018
Registered office Ballerup

Financial year 27 July 2018 - 31 March 2019

Supervisory Board Helle Huss

John Robert Andersen Betina Vestergaard Hagerup

Executive Board Christian Binggeli-Winter, Man. Director

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandevejen 44 2900 Hellerup CVR-no.: 33771231

# **Management's Review**

## The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activity is to sell it-based solutions and other activities in relation herewith, including investments in other it business related entities.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 27 July 2018 - 31 March 2019 shows a result of DKK 89.403 and the Balance Sheet at 31 March 2019 a balance sheet total of DKK 257.469 and an equity of DKK 139.403.

### **Accounting Policies**

#### **Reporting Class**

The Annual Report of Goal Station Digital ApS for 2018/19 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

#### Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

#### Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

#### **General Information**

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost princip.

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

### **Income Statement**

#### Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the Income Statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit is a combination of the items of revenue, change in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and goods for resale, other operation income, cost of raw and consumables and other external expenses.

### **Accounting Policies**

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the byer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised exclusive og VAT and net of sales discounts.

#### Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises. loss of debitors, operating leasing costs etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, finance charges in respect offinance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme.

### Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

#### Equity

Proposed dividend for the year is recognised as a separate item in equity.

#### **Current tax liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

### Liabilities

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

# **Income Statement**

	Note	2018/19 kr.
Gross profit		114.619
Profit from ordinary activities before tax	_	114.619
Tax expense Profit	_	-25.216 89.403
Proposed distribution of results Retained earnings Distribution of profit	2	89.403 <b>89.403</b>

# **Balance Sheet as of 31 March**

Assets	Note	2019 kr.
Other short-term receivables		435
Receivables		435
Cash and cash equivalents	_	257.034
Current assets	_	257.469
Assets	_	257.469

# **Balance Sheet as of 31 March**

Linkilities and equity	Note	2019 kr.
Liabilities and equity		
Share Capital		50.000
Retained earnings		89,403
Equity	_	139.403
Trade payables		92.850
Tax payables		25.216
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	118.066
Liabilities and equity	_	257.469
Significant events occurring after end of reporting		
period	3	
Contingent liabilities	4	
Ownership	5	

# Statement of changes in Equity

	Share	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
Increase of capital	50.000		50.000
Profit (loss)		89.403	89.403
Equity 31 March 2019	50.000	89.403	139.403

The Company was incorporated on the 27th July 2017, with an capital increase of DKK 50,000.

### **Notes**

	2018/19
1. Staff expenses	
Average number of employees	0
2. Distribution of profit	
Retained earnings	89.403
	89.403

# 3. Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

There has been no events after the balance sheet date with a material impact on the Company's financial position.

# 4. Contingent liabilities

No contingent liabilities exist at the balance sheet date.

## 5. Ownership

The following shareholders is listed in the Company's register of shareholders as holding a minimum of 5% of the votes or a minimum of 5% of the share capital: KMD Venture A/S and Goal Station Group ApS.

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of KMD Holding ApS, Ballerup, Denmark.