

# **JOBTECH INTERNATIONAL ApS**

**c/o Lundgrens Advokatpartnerselskab, Tuborg Boulevard 12, 4., 2900 Hellerup**

**Company reg. no. 39 72 32 63**

## **Annual report**

**1 January - 31 December 2022**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 31 May 2023.

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**Paolo Andreozzi**  
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance EUR 146.940 means the amount of EUR 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

## **Management's statement**

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Today, the Managing Director has approved the annual report of JOBTECH INTERNATIONAL ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 26 May 2023

**Managing Director**

Paolo Andreozzi

## **Independent auditor's report on extended review**

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### **To the Shareholders of JOBTECH INTERNATIONAL ApS**

#### **Opinion**

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of JOBTECH INTERNATIONAL ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our opinion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our opinion.

## **Independent auditor's report on extended review**

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An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

### **Statement on the Management's Review**

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance opinion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 26 May 2023

### **Grant Thornton**

State Authorised Public Accountants  
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

**Steen K. Bager**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne28679

## **Company information**

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### **The company**

JOBTECH INTERNATIONAL ApS  
c/o Lundgrens Advokatpartnerselskab  
Tuborg Boulevard 12, 4.  
2900 Hellerup

Company reg. no. 39 72 32 63  
Established: 12 July 2018  
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

### **Managing Director**

Paolo Andreozzi

### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Stockholmsgade 45  
2100 København Ø

## **Management's review**

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### **The principal activities of the company**

Like previous years, the activities are to do business with supply and procurement of temporary labour and labour not limited in time.

The activities are to be performed in Italy and in Denmark.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The gross profit for the year totals EUR 7.840.000 against EUR 3.097.000 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals EUR 9.000 against EUR -19.000 last year. Management considers the net profit for the year satisfactory.

## Income statement 1 January - 31 December

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All amounts in EUR.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>7.839.660</b>	<b>3.097.319</b>
1 Staff costs	-7.821.912	-3.109.392
Depreciation and writedown relating to fixed assets	-5.623	-5.623
Other operating expenses	-4.272	-1.524
Other financial income	0	613
Other financial expenses	879	-797
<b>Pre-tax net profit or loss</b>	<b>8.732</b>	<b>-19.404</b>
Tax on ordinary results	0	0
<b>Net profit or loss for the year</b>	<b>8.732</b>	<b>-19.404</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of net profit:</b>		
Transferred to retained earnings	8.732	0
Allocated from retained earnings	0	-19.404
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>	<b>8.732</b>	<b>-19.404</b>



**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in EUR.

<b>Assets</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Acquired concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks, and similar rights	5.623	11.246
Total intangible assets	5.623	11.246
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>5.623</b>	<b>11.246</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Prepayments for goods	79.037	3.727
Total inventories	79.037	3.727
Trade debtors	2.924.614	1.132.681
Other debtors	49.033	44.021
Total receivables	2.973.647	1.176.702
Cash and cash equivalents	144.779	122.880
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>3.197.463</b>	<b>1.303.309</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>3.203.086</b>	<b>1.314.555</b>

**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in EUR.

<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>Equity</b>		
Contributed capital	150.000	150.000
Results brought forward	251.201	-57.531
<b>Total equity</b>	<b><u>401.201</u></b>	<b><u>92.469</u></b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		
Bank debts	25.978	0
Prepayments received from customers	140.074	0
Trade payables	124.754	109.969
Payables to subsidiaries	802.923	355.059
Other payables	1.708.156	757.058
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>2.801.885</u>	<u>1.222.086</u>
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b><u>2.801.885</u></b>	<b><u>1.222.086</u></b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b><u>3.203.086</u></b>	<b><u>1.314.555</u></b>

## Statement of changes in equity

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All amounts in EUR.

	<b>Contributed capital</b>	<b>Share premium</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Equity 1 January 2022	150.000	0	-57.531	92.469
Cash capital increase	0	300.000	0	300.000
Transferred to retained earnings	0	-300.000	300.000	0
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	0	8.732	8.732
	<u><b>150.000</b></u>	<u><b>0</b></u>	<u><b>251.201</b></u>	<u><b>401.201</b></u>

## Notes

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All amounts in EUR.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b>1. Staff costs</b>		
Salaries and wages	5.717.685	2.251.924
Other costs for social security	1.710.231	721.882
Other staff costs	<u>393.996</u>	<u>135.586</u>
	<b><u>7.821.912</u></b>	<b><u>3.109.392</u></b>
Average number of employees	<u>76</u>	<u>30</u>

## **Accounting policies**

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The annual report for JOBTECH INTERNATIONAL ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

### **Changes in the accounting policies**

#### **Foreign currency translation**

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Exchange rate differences arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as an item under net financials.

Fixed assets acquired and paid for in foreign currency are measured at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.

If the foreign group enterprises and associates meet the criteria for independent entities, their income statements are translated using an average exchange rate for the period in question and the balance sheet items are translated using the closing rate. Differences arising from translating the equity of foreign group enterprises at the beginning of the year using the closing rate are recognised directly in equity. This also applies to differences arising from translation of income statements from average exchange rate to closing rate.

### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

Gross loss comprises the revenue and external costs.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members. Staff costs are less government reimbursements.

#### **Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment**

Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment comprise depreciation on, amortisation of, and writedown for impairment of intangible and tangible assets, respectively.

## Accounting policies

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### Other operating costs

Other operating costs comprise items of secondary nature as regards the principal activities of the enterprise, including losses on the disposal of intangible and tangible assets.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year.

### Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

## Statement of financial position

### Intangible assets

#### Development projects, patents, and licences

Development costs and internally generated rights are recognised in the income statement as costs in the acquisition year.

Patents and licenses are measured at cost less accrued amortisation. Patents are amortised on a straightline basis over the remaining patent period and licenses are amortised over the contract period, however, for a maximum of 10 years.

### Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Given that it is impossible to make a reliable estimate of the useful life, the amortisation period is set at 10 years.

### Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of both intangible and tangible fixed assets are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

## **Accounting policies**

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The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist. Impairment relating to goodwill is not reversed.

### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In cases when the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the latter is written down for impairment to this lower value.

Costs of goods for resale, raw materials, and consumables comprise acquisition costs plus delivery costs.

Costs of manufactured goods and work in progress comprise the cost of raw materials, consumables, direct wages, and indirect production costs. Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and wages, maintenance and depreciation of machinery, factory buildings, and equipment used in the production process, and costs for factory administration and factory management. Borrowing expenses are not recognised in cost.

The net realisable value for inventories is recognised as the estimated selling price less costs of completion and selling costs. The net realisable value is determined with due consideration of negotiability, obsolescence, and the development of expected market prices.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, they are written down for impairment to the net realisable value.

### **Cash on hand and demand deposits**

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank and on hand.

### **Liabilities other than provisions**

Liabilities other than provisions are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.