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Chest Topco ApS

Skodsborgvej 315 2850 Nærum CVR No. 39720302

Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 20.05.2021

René Dethlefsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Chest Topco ApS Skodsborgvej 315 2850 Nærum

CVR No.: 39720302

Registered office: Rudersdal

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

Board of Directors

Morten Pitzner, chairman Jacob Andersen, vice chairman Allan Carsten Bülow Anders Bjørn Thielfoldt

Executive Board

Jacob Andersen, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Chest Topco ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Nærum, 14.04.2021

Executive Board

Jacob Andersen

CEO

Board of Directors

Morten Pitzner

chairman

Jacob Andersen

vice chairman

Allan Carsten Bülow

Anders Bjørn Thielfoldt

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Chest Topco ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Chest Topco ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

København, 14.04.2021

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Henrik Jacob Vilmann Wellejus

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne24807

Hans Tauby

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne44339

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's main activity is to own shares in related companies.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

In the financial year 2020, the company realized a profit DKK 7,809k compared to DKK 11,733k prior year.

The profit is considered satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

The outbreak of coronavirus/COVID-19 is still a current event in the months after 31.12.2020. The outbreak has resulted in a series of precautions, that affects the daily operations, both for the Company, suppliers, customers and other business partners. The economical effect cannot be measured at this time.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		(15)	(14)
Income from investments in group enterprises		7,821	11,744
Profit/loss before tax		7,806	11,730
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	3	3
Profit/loss for the year		7,809	11,733
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		7,809	11,733
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		7,809	11,733

Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

Assets

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Investments in group enterprises		134,515	129,633
Other financial assets	3	134,515	129,633
Fixed assets		134,515	129,633
Other receivables		7	0
Joint taxation contribution receivable		3	3
Receivables		10	3
Cash		2	0
Current assets		12	3
Assets		134,527	129,636

Equity and liabilities

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital		100	100
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		19,515	14,633
Retained earnings		114,867	114,879
Equity		134,482	129,612
Payables to group enterprises		31	15
Other payables		14	9
Current liabilities other than provisions		45	
Liabilities other than provisions		45	24
Equity and liabilities		134,527	129,636
Events after the balance sheet date	1		
Contingent liabilities	4		
Assets charged and collateral	5		
Group relations	6		

Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Reserve for net revaluation according to			
	Contributed capital	the equity method	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	100	14,633	114,879	129,612
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(2,939)	0	(2,939)
Profit/loss for the year	0	7,821	(12)	7,809
Equity end of year	100	19,515	114,867	134,482

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Notes

1 Events after the balance sheet date

The outbreak of coronavirus/COVID-19 is still a current event in the months after 31.12.2020. The outbreak has resulted in a series of precautions, that affects the daily operations, both for the Company, suppliers, customers and other business partners. The economical effect cannot be measured at this time.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020	2019
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(3)	(3)
	(3)	(3)

3 Financial assets

	Investments in
	group
	enterprises
	DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	115,000
Cost end of year	115,000
Revaluations beginning of year	14,633
Exchange rate adjustments	(2,939)
Share of profit/loss for the year	7,821
Revaluations end of year	19,515
Carrying amount end of year	134,515

Investments in subsidiaries			Equity
		Corporate	interest %
	Registered in	form	
Chest Bidco ApS	Rudersdal	ApS	100,0

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4 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Pitzner Gruppen Holding A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

5 Assets charged and collateral

In connection with the conclusion of a Group Multi-Option Facility Agreement, the Company is jointly liable for all debts under the agreement together with all other companies in the Group.

Shares in subsidiaries of DKK 134,515k (2019: DKK 129,633k) pledged as security for bank debt.

6 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: Axel Pitzner Fonden, Copenhagen

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Axel Pitzner Fonden, Copenhagen

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises, other operating income and external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Goodwill is the positive difference between cost and fair value of assets and liabilities arising from acquisitions. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life, which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. For one amount of goodwill, it has not been possible to estimate useful life reliably, for which reason such useful life has been set at 20 years.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.