

Crowe Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.

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Brunello Cucinelli Denmark ApS

c/o Citco (Denmark) ApS Holbergsgade 14, 2. tv. 1057 Copenhagen K

CVR no. 39 71 42 99

Annual report for 2018

(1st Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 27 February 2019

Riccardo Stefanelli chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Brunello Cucinelli Denmark ApS for the financial year 2 July - 31 December 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 2 July - 31 December 2018.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 7 February 2019

Manager

Dario Pipitone Luca Lisandroni Riccardo Stefanelli

Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

To the shareholder of Brunello Cucinelli Denmark ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Brunello Cucinelli Denmark ApS for the financial year 2 July - 31 December 2018 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made

available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises summary of significant accounting policies, income statement,

balance sheet and notes.

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and FSR - Danish Auditors' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including principles relating to integrity,

objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the

financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 7 February 2019 CVR no. 33 25 68 76

Crowe

Søren Jonassen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne18488

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Company details

The company Brunello Cucinelli Denmark ApS

c/o Citco (Denmark) ApS Holbergsgade 14, 2. tv. 1057 Copenhagen K

CVR no.: 39 71 42 99

Reporting period: 2 July - 31 December 2018

Incorporated: 2. July 2018

Domicile: Copenhagen

Manager Dario Pipitone

Luca Lisandroni Riccardo Stefanelli

Auditors Crowe

Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.

Rygårds Allé 104 2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business activities

The company's purpose is trade, import and export of fashion items, including designer bags, shoes, accessories, jewelry and other luxury- and quality products under the brand "Brunello Cucinelli" in Denmark

Business review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December shows a loss of DKK 547.901, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2018 shows equity of DKK 202.099.

The company's first accounting year is influenced by the starting op process and that the store has only been up an running for part of the year.

The company has lost more than half of its share capital, and must take into consideration, the relevant paragraphs in the Danish Companies Act.

Management are aware of this and have ensured the company sufficient funds to support the activities until it is self-contained.

This is handled by receiving a letter of support from the parent company.

It is management's belief, that the company will be able to regain the share capital within a year or two through the ordinary activity.

The financial statement is presented under the assumption of going concern.

Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Brunello Cucinelli Denmark ApS for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The annual report for 2018 is presented in DKK

As 2018 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods less costs of consumables and other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and foreign currency transactions, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Goodwill is amortised over the expected economic life of the asset, measured by reference to management's experience in the individual business segments. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over the amortisation period, which is 7 years. The amortisation period is based on the assessment that the entities in question are strategically acquired entities with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile.

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is costs less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Useful life

Andre anlæg, driftsmateriel og inventar

3-5 years

Assets costing less than DKK 13.500 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at cost using the weighted average method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The net realisable value of stocks is calculated as the selling price less costs of completion and expenses incurred to effect the sale. The net realisable value is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and expected selling price movements.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Accounting policies

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency transactions are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are taken directly to equity.

Income statement 2 July 2018 - 31 December 2018

	Note	2018
		DKK
Gross profit		11.780
Staff costs	1	-352.126
Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses		-340.346
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant		1.50 (0.5
and equipment		-159.486
Profit/loss before net financials		-499.832
Financial income		3.833
Financial costs		-51.902
Profit/loss before tax		-547.901
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0
Profit/loss for the year		-547.901
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
Retained earnings		-547.901
		-547.901

Balance sheet at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018
		DKK
Assets		
Goodwill		2.066.867
Intangible assets	2	2.066.867
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		259.042
Tangible assets	3	259.042
Total non-current assets		2.325.909
Finished goods and goods for resale		2.453.549
Stocks		2.453.549
Trade receivables Other receivables Prepayments		147.749 679.958 5.304
Receivables		833.011
Cash at bank and in hand		716.662
Total current assets		4.003.222
Total assets		6.329.131

Balance sheet at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 DKK
Equity and liabilities		
Share capital		750.000
Retained earnings	-	-547.901
Equity	4	202.099
Trade payables Payables to subsidiaries Other payables	_	21.100 5.853.151 252.781
Total current liabilities		6.127.032
Total liabilities	-	6.127.032
Total equity and liabilities	=	6.329.131
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	5	

Notes

		2018
		DKK
1	Staff costs	
	Wages and salaries	350.134
	Other social security costs	1.992
		352.126
	Average number of employees	2
2	Intoneihlo ossats	
2	Intangible assets	~
		Goodwill
	Cost at 2 July 2018	0
	Additions for the year	2.199.359
	Cost at 31 December 2018	2.199.359
	Revaluations at 31 December 2018	0
	Impairment losses and amortisation at 2 July 2018	122.402
	Depreciation for the year	132.492
	Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2018	132.492
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	2.066.867
	• 0	

Notes

3 Tangible assets

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Cost at 2 July 2018	0
Additions for the year	286.036
Cost at 31 December 2018	286.036
Revaluations at 2 July 2018	0
Revaluations at 31 December 2018	0
Impairment losses and depreciation at 2 July 2018	0
Depreciation for the year	26.994
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2018	26.994
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	259.042

Notes

4 Equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 2 July 2018	750.000	0	750.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-547.901	-547.901
Equity at 31 December 2018	750.000	-547.901	202.099

5 Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)

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