EE Svindbæk Køberetsselskab ApS

Gyngemose Parkvej 50 2860 Søborg

CVR no. 39 70 85 15

Annual report for 2022

(4th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 31 March 2023

Emil Overby Stephensen chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The Executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of EE Svindbæk Køberetsselskab ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Søborg, 31 March 2023

Directors

Andrew Ilias Macquarrie Wojtek

director

Guillaume Lasserre

Wojtek Director airec

Company details

The company EE Svindbæk Køberetsselskab ApS

Gyngemose Parkvej 50

2860 Søborg

CVR no.: 39 70 85 15

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2022

Incorporated: 3 July 2018

Domicile: Gladsaxe

Directors Andrew Ilias Macquarrie Wojtek, director

Guillaume Lasserre, director

Management's review

Business review

The company's objective is to, directly or through ownership in other companies within the wind industry, develop, finance, operate and sell renewable energy.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 shows a profit of DKK 2.240.121, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 2.508.963.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

The annual report of EE Svindbæk Køberetsselskab ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The annual report for 2022 is presented in DKK

Pursuant to sections §110 subsection 1, of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses incurred in the period for company management and administration, including expenses relating to auditing fee, legal assistance, administrative service fee etc.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The proportionate share of the profit/loss for the year of subsidiaries is recognised in the company's income statement after full elimination of intra-group profits/losses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at the proportionate share of the net asset value of the entities, calculated on the basis of the group's accounting policies, plus or less unrealised intragroup gains or losses and plus or less any remaining value of positive or negative goodwill stated according to the purchase method. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement on acquisition. Where the negative goodwill relates to contingent liabilities having been taken over, the negative goodwill is not recognised until the contingent liabilities have been settled or no longer exist.

Investments in subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are measured at DKK 0, and the carrying amount of any receivables from these entities is reduced to the extent that they are considered irrecoverable. If the parent company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover a deficit that exceeds the receivable, the balance is recognised under provisions.

Net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries are taken to the net revaluation reserve according to the equity method in so far as that the carrying amount exceeds the cost. Dividends from subsidiaries which are expected to be declared before the annual report of EE Svindbæk Køberetsselskab ApS is adopted are not taken to the net revaluation reserve.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, items of property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests is tested annually for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal amortisation and depreciation.

Where there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is performed for each individual asset or group of assets. Write-down is made to the lower of the recoverable amount and the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net present value and the value in use less expected costs to sell. The net present value is determined as the present value of the anticipated net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the anticipated net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or group of assets after the end of their useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Equity

Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in the company's financial statements comprises net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries, participating interests and associates relative to the cost.

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

According to the joint taxation rules the groups supreme parent company, as the administrative company, takes over the liability for the Company's corporate taxes to the tax authorities, in line with the payment of joint taxation contribution.

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Revenue		0	0
Other external expenses	1	-12.066	-28.765
Gross profit		-12.066	-28.765
Income from investments in subsidiaries		4.544.443	1.474.072
Financial income		4.075	0
Financial costs	2	-1.664.503	-1.761.809
Profit/loss before tax		2.871.949	-316.502
Tax on profit/loss for the year		-631.828	69.630
Profit/loss for the year		2.240.121	-246.872
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		2.240.121	-246.872
		2.240.121	-246.872

Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note	31/12/2022 DKK	31/12/2021 DKK
Assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	3	18.932.699	18.868.080
Fixed asset investments		18.932.699	18.868.080
Total non-current assets		18.932.699	18.868.080
Deferred tax asset		789.517	623.656
Receivables		789.517	623.656
Cash at bank and in hand		2.707.486	175.352
Total current assets		3.497.003	799.008
Total assets		22.429.702	19.667.088

Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note	31/12/2022 DKK	31/12/2021 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		2.458.963	218.842
Equity	4	2.508.963	268.842
Payables to affiliated companies		19.123.050	19.394.610
Total non-current liabilities	5	19.123.050	19.394.610
Corporation tax		797.689	3.636
Total current liabilities		797.689	3.636
Total liabilities		19.920.739	19.398.246
Total equity and liabilities		22.429.702	19.667.088
Contingent liabilities Related parties and ownership structure	6 7		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	50.000	218.842	268.842
Net profit/loss for the year	0	2.240.121	2.240.121
Equity at 31 December 2022	50.000	2.458.963	2.508.963

Notes

		2022	2021
1	Staff costs	DKK	DKK
	Average number of employees	0	0

The Company has outsourced all its administrative and technical services. The Company's management does not receive salary or other remuneration.

2 Financial costs

	1.664.503	1.761.809
Exchange adjustments costs	6.891	91.221
Other financial costs	2.798	16.034
Financial expenses, group entities	1.654.814	1.654.554

Notes

		31/12/2022	31/12/2021
3	Investments in subsidiaries	DKK	DKK
	Cost at 1 January 2022	21.583.695	21.583.695
	Cost at 31 December 2022	21.583.695	21.583.695
	Revaluations at 1 January 2022	-2.715.615	-1.519.549
	Net profit/loss for the year	4.544.443	1.474.072
	Received dividend	-4.479.824	-2.670.138
	Revaluations at 31 December 2022	-2.650.996	-2.715.615
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	18.932.699	18.868.080

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Registered	Ownership		Profit/loss
Name	office	interest	Equity	for the year
Svindbæk Køberetsselskab I/S	Søborg	99%	19.049.140	4.572.392

4 Equity

The share capital consists of 50.000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

Notes

5 Long term debt

	Debt		
Debt	at 31		Debt
at 1 January	December	Instalment	outstanding
2022	2022	next year	after 5 years
19.394.610	19.123.050	0	19.123.050
19.394.610	19.123.050	0	19.123.050
	at 1 January 2022 19.394.610	Debt at 31 at 1 January December 2022 2022 19.394.610 19.123.050	Debt at 31 at 1 January December December 2022 Instalment next year 19.394.610 19.123.050 0

6 Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with Holmen II Wind Park ApS, (management company), and are jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed entities

7 Related parties and ownership structure

Controlling interest

Svindbaek Vindkraft HoldCo ApS, Gyngemose Parkvej 50, 2860 Søborg

Consolidated financial statements

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company Tesseract Holdings Limited, Mermaid House, 2 Puddle Dock, London EC4V 3DB