

# FPDK ApS

Tangen 9, 8200 Aarhus N CVR no. 39 69 07 13

# **Annual report for 2023**

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 28.06.24

Mark Masiello Dirigent



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## The company

FPDK ApS c/o Beierholm Tangen 9 8200 Aarhus N Danmark

Registered office: Aarhus CVR no.: 39 69 07 13

Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

## **Executive Board**

Direktør Mark Joseph Masiello

#### **Auditors**

Beierholm

 ${\tt Statsautoriseret\ Revisionspartnerselskab}$ 



FPDK ApS

## Statement by the Executive Board on the annual report

I have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 01.01.23 - 31.12.23 for FPDK ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.23 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 01.01.23 - 31.12.23.

I believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Aarhus N, June 25, 2024

#### **Executive Board**

Mark Joseph Masiello Direktør



#### To the capital owner of FPDK ApS

#### Conclusion

We have conducted an extended review of the financial statements of FPDK ApS for the financial year 01.01.23 - 31.12.23, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31.12.23 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 01.01.23 - 31.12.23 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our basis for conclusion.

#### Statement regarding the management's review

Management is responsible for the management's review.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion there on.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, it is our responsibility to read the management's review and in doing so consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



## Independent auditor's report on extended review

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the management's review.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of inquiries to management and others within the company, as appropriate, analytical procedures, the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.



# Independent auditor's report on extended review

Aarhus, June 25, 2024

## Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Jesper Birn State Authorized Public Accountant MNE-no. mne18574



## **Primary activities**

The company's activities comprise purchasing license and marketing of designers and their afterwards, design products and immaterial rights and other ralated business.

## Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 01.01.23 - 31.12.23 shows a profit/loss of DKK 51,647 against DKK -93,620 for the period 01.01.22 - 31.12.22. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 330,325.

## Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.



	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Gross profit	2,679,581	2,017,037
Staff costs	-2,659,350	-2,079,429
Profit/loss before depreciation, amortisation, write- downs and impairment losses	20,231	-62,392
Financial income Financial expenses	52,229 -1,695	-31,228
Profit/loss before tax	70,765	-93,620
Tax on profit or loss for the year	-19,118	C
Profit/loss for the year	51,647	-93,620
Proposed appropriation account		
Retained earnings	51,647	-93,620
Total	51,647	-93,620



	31.12.23	31.12.22
	DKK	DKI
Trade receivables	0	3,02
Receivables from group enterprises	282,154	216,999
Other receivables	235,657	131,720
Prepayments	6,560	11,683
Total receivables	524,371	363,42
Cash	128,778	179,37
	050.440	542,796
Total current assets	653,149	542,790

## **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**

Share capital Retained earnings	50,000 280,325	50,000 228,678
Total equity	330,325	278,678
Trade payables	26,903	16,723
Income taxes	19,118	0
Other payables	276,803	247,395
Total short-term payables	322,824	264,118
Total payables	322,824	264,118
Total equity and liabilities	653,149	542,796

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Contingent liabilities



# Statement of changes in equity

Figures in DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.22 - 31.12.22		
Balance as at 01.01.22 Net profit/loss for the year	50,000 0	322,298 -93,620
Balance as at 31.12.22	50,000	228,678
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.23 - 31.12.23		
Balance as at 01.01.23  Net profit/loss for the year	50,000 0	228,678 51,647
Balance as at 31.12.23	50,000	280,325



	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	2,571,765	2,026,861
Pensions	20,000	12,500
Other social security costs	14,863	10,224
Other staff costs	52,722	29,844
Total	2,659,350	2,079,429
Average number of employees during the year	5	3

## 2. Contingent liabilities

## Lease commitments

The company has concluded lease agreements with terms to maturity of 3-6 months and average lease payments of DKK 16k, a total lease payments of DKK 100k.



#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **GENERAL**

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven) for enterprises in reporting class B with application of provisions for a higher reporting class.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently with previous years.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.

#### **CURRENCY**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences between the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date and the exchange rate at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as a financial item. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate applicable at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest annual report is recognised under financial income or expenses in the income statement.



#### 3. Accounting policies - continued -

#### **LEASES**

Lease payments relating to operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### **INCOME STATEMENT**

#### **Gross profit**

Gross profit comprises revenue and other external expenses.

#### Revenue

Income from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement as delivery takes place (delivery method). Revenue is measured at the selling value of the agreed consideration exclusive of VAT and other taxes collected on behalf of third parties and less discounts.

Income from the rental of properties is recognised in the income statement for the relevant period. Revenue is measured at fair value and determined exclusive of VAT and discounts.

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to distribution, sales and advertising and administration, premises and bad debts to the extent that these do not exceed normal writedowns.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries as well as other staff-related costs.



#### 3. Accounting policies - continued -

#### Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses, foreign exchange gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies etc. are recognised in other net financials.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

#### BALANCE SHEET

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value, less write-downs for bad debts.

Write-downs for bad debts are determined based on an individual assessment of each receivable if there is no objective evidence of individual impairment of a receivable.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under assets comprise costs incurred in respect of subsequent financial years.

#### Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank account.

#### Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.



## 3. Accounting policies - continued -

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

## **Payables**

Short-term financial payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables. Other short-term payables are measured at net realisable value.

